

### **Manor Care Homes Ltd**

# Summerville

#### **Inspection report**

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#### Ratings

Overall rating for this service	Good	
Is the service safe?	Good	
Is the service effective?	Good	
Is the service caring?	Good	
Is the service responsive?	Good	
Is the service well-led?	Requires improvement	

#### Overall summary

This inspection took place on 7 December 2015, was unannounced and was carried out by one inspector.

Summerville is a privately owned care home providing personal care and support to up to four people who may have learning disabilities and complex needs. People may also have behaviours that challenge and communication and emotional needs. There were four people living at the service at the time of the inspection.

The service is a detached property close to the centre of Margate. Each person had their own bedroom which contained their own personal belongings and

possessions that were important to them. The service had access to a vehicle which was shared with the providers other nearby service, to access facilities in the local area and to access a variety of activities.

There was a registered manager working at the service and they were supported by a deputy manager. They were also the registered manager of the other service owned by the provider which was close by. A registered manager is a person who has registered with the Care Quality Commission to manage the service. Like registered providers they are 'registered persons'.

Registered persons have legal responsibility for meeting the requirements in the Health and Social Care Act 2008 and associated regulations about how the service is run. The registered manager, deputy manager and staff supported us throughout the inspection.

The registered manager had worked at the service for many years firstly as a support worker and then as the deputy manager. They became the registered manager of the service in August 2015. They knew people and staff well and had good oversight of everything that happened at the service. The registered manager and deputy led by example and promoted the ethos of the service which was to support people to achieve their full potential and to be as independent as possible. The registered manager and provider made sure there were regular checks of the safety and quality of the service. They listened to peoples' views and opinions and acted on them.

The Care Quality Commission is required by law to monitor the operation of the Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards. The registered manager and staff showed that they understood their responsibilities under the Mental Capacity Act 2005 and Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards (DoLS). The people at the service had been assessed as lacking mental capacity to make complex decisions about their care and welfare. At the time of the inspection the registered manager was in the process of applying for DoLs authorisations for people who were at risk of having their liberty restricted. There were records to show who people's representatives were, in order to act on their behalf if complex decisions were needed about their care and treatment.

Before people decided to move into the service their support needs were assessed by the registered manager or the deputy manager to make sure the service would be able to offer them the care that they needed. People indicated that they were satisfied and happy with the care and support they received. People were involved with the day to day running of the house. The service was planned around people's individual preferences and care needs. The care and support they received was personal to them. Staff understood their specific needs. Staff had built up relationships with people and were familiar with

their life stories, wishes and preferences. This continuity of support had resulted in the building of people's confidence to enable them to make more choices and decisions themselves and become more independent.

People had an allocated key worker. Key workers were members of staff who took a key role in co-ordinating a person's care and support and promoted continuity of support between the staff team. People had key workers that they got on well with.

Potential risks to people were identified. There was guidance in place for staff on how to care for people effectively and safely and keep risks to minimum without restricting their activities or their life styles. People received the interventions and support they needed to keep them as safe as possible. The complaints procedure was on display in a format that was assessable to people. If people, staff or relatives did make a complaint they would be listened to and action would be taken.

Throughout the inspection we observed people and the staff as they engaged in activities and relaxed at the service. Some people could not communicate by using speech and staff understood the needs of the people they supported. Staff were able to understand people through body language, facial expressions and certain sounds and supported people in a discreet, friendly and reassuring manner. There were positive and caring interactions between the staff and people. People were comfortable and at ease with the staff. When people could not communicate verbally, staff anticipated or interpreted what they wanted and responded quickly.

Staff asked people if they were happy to do something before they took any action. They explained to people what they were going to do and waited for them to respond. Throughout the inspection people were treated with dignity, kindness and respect. People privacy was respected and they were able to make choices about their day to day lives.

People were involved in activities which they enjoyed and indicated that they wanted to do them again. Planned activities took place regularly. People had choices about how they wanted to live their lives. Staff respected decisions that people made when they did not want to do something and supported them to do the things they wanted to.

People indicated that they enjoyed their meals. People were offered and received a balanced and healthy diet. They had a choice about what food and drinks they wanted and were involved in buying food and preparing their meals. If people had special dietary requirements they were seen by community specialists to make sure their diet was suitable and safe.

People received their medicines safely and when they needed them. They were monitored for any side effects. If people were unwell or their health was deteriorating the staff contacted their doctors or specialist services. People's medicines were reviewed regularly by their doctor to make sure they were still suitable.

The management team made sure the staff were supported and guided to provide care and support to people enabling them to live fulfilled and meaningful lives. Staff said they could go to the registered manager at any time and they would be listened to. Staff had received regular one to one meetings with a senior member of staff. They had an annual appraisal so had the opportunity to discuss their developmental needs for the following year. Staff were positive about the support they received from the registered manager. Staff had support from the registered manager to make sure they could care safely and effectively for people.

A system to recruit new staff was in place. This was to make sure that the staff employed to support people were fit to do so. There were sufficient numbers of staff on duty throughout the day and night to make sure people were safe and received the care and support that they needed. There was enough staff to take people out to do the things they wanted to. New staff had induction training which included shadowing experienced staff, until they were competent to work on their own. Staff had core training and more specialist training, so they had the skills and knowledge to meet people's specific needs. Staff fully understood their roles and responsibilities as well as the values of the service.

Emergency plans were in place so if an emergency happened, like a fire the staff knew what to do. Safety checks were done regularly throughout the building and there were regular fire drills so people knew how to leave the building safely.

Staff were aware of the ethos of the service, in that they were there to work together to provide people with personalised care and support and to be part of the continuous improvement of the service. Staff told us that there was an open culture and they openly talk to the registered manager and the deputy manager about anything. The provider had systems in place to monitor the quality of the service, but there were no records to show that any identified shortfalls had been addressed and improvements made. The provider asked people, staff and relatives their opinion about the service but had not included other stakeholders like doctors or community specialists about what action they thought the provider could take to make improvements. The registered manager was aware of submitting notifications to CQC in an appropriate and timely manner in line with CQC guidelines.

#### The five questions we ask about services and what we found

We always ask the following five questions of services.

#### Is the service safe?

The service was safe.

People were protected from abuse and harm. Risks were managed so people were not restricted in any way.

There were enough staff on duty to support people's activities, hobbies and appointments. Staff were checked before they started work at the service and people had a say about who was employed to support them.

Medicines were managed safely and people were supported to have as much control of their medicines as they wanted to.

#### Is the service effective?

The service was effective.

Staff received the training and support they needed to have the skills and knowledge to support people and to understand their needs.

People were supported to have an active and healthy lifestyle. Mealtimes were social occasions and people were supported to eat a healthy varied diet of home cooked food and drink.

People were given the support they needed to make day to day decisions and important decisions about their lifestyle, health and wellbeing.

#### Is the service caring?

The service was caring.

The registered manager and staff were committed to proving individual personal support. People had positive relationships with staff that were based on respect and shared interests.

People had support from friends and representatives to help them make decisions and have a good quality lifestyle. People were fully involved in planning their futures.

Staff promoted people's independence and encouraged them to do as much for themselves as they were able to People's privacy and dignity was respected.

#### Is the service responsive?

The service was responsive.

People received the care and support they needed to meet their individual needs. They were involved in all aspects of their care and were supported to lead their lives in the way they wished to. The service was flexible and responded quickly to people's changing needs or wishes.



Good



Good





People took part in daily activities, which they had chosen and wanted to participate in. People had opportunities to be part of the local community.

People could raise concerns and complaints and trusted that the staff would listen to them and they would work together to resolve them.

#### Is the service well-led?

The service was well-led.

The registered manager and staff were committed to providing person centred

The registered manager promoted an open and inclusive culture that encouraged continual feedback. Audits and checks were carried out to make sure the service was safe and effective but checks were not always made to make sure shortfalls had been addressed.

People's views and interests were taken into account in the running of the service. All feedback was considered and acted on. However, health care professionals and other stakeholders, such as professional bodies had not been included in the survey to give them the opportunity to voice their opinions of the quality of the service.

The service worked effectively to create links in the local community.

#### **Requires improvement**





# Summerville

**Detailed findings** 

# Background to this inspection

We carried out this inspection under Section 60 of the Health and Social Care Act 2008 as part of our regulatory functions. This inspection was planned to check whether the provider is meeting the legal requirements and regulations associated with the Health and Social Care Act 2008, to look at the overall quality of the service, and to provide a rating for the service under the Care Act 2014.

This inspection took place on 7 December 2015 and was unannounced. The inspection was carried out by one inspector. This was because the service only provided support and care to a small number of people.

Before the inspection we reviewed records held by CQC which included notifications, complaints and any safeguarding concerns. A notification is information about important events which the service is required to send us by law. This enabled us to ensure we were addressing potential areas of concern at the inspection.

Before the inspection the provider completed a Provider Information Return (PIR). This is a form that asks the

provider to give some key information about the service, what the service does well and improvements they plan to make. We reviewed the information included in the PIR along with other information we held about the service. We looked at previous inspection reports and notifications received by CQC. A notification is information about important events which the provider is required to tell us about by law, like a death or a serious injury.

As part of our inspection we spoke with and observed three people at the service, the registered manager, the deputy manager and three staff. We also spoke to a visiting professional who has regular contact with the service. We observed staff carrying out their duties, such as supporting people to go out and helping people to make their lunch and drinks.

We reviewed a variety of documents which included three people's care plans, training information, staff files, medicines records and some policies and procedures in relation to the running of the service.

We last inspected Summerville in July 2013. There were no concerns identified at this inspection.



### Is the service safe?

### **Our findings**

People indicated that they felt safe. They were happy, smiling and relaxed with the staff. People approached staff when they wanted something or they wanted to go somewhere. Staff responded immediately to their requests. People approached staff if they were unhappy or worried and staff reassured them. People had communication plans that explained how they would communicate or behave if they were anxious or worried about something.

Staff knew people well and were able to recognise signs if people were upset or unhappy. They were able to recognise if people needed support to calm them if they appeared anxious or upset. Staff explained how they would recognise and report abuse. They had good understanding of different types of abuse and had received training on keeping people safe. They told us they were confident that any concerns they raised would be taken seriously and fully investigated to ensure people were protected. There were clear procedures were in place to enable this to happen. Referrals had been made to the local safeguarding authority when required and action had been taken by the service to reduce the risks from happening again. Staff were aware of the whistle blowing policy and knew how to take concerns to agencies outside of the service if they felt they were not being dealt with properly. Information was available to people and staff about what to do and who to contact if they were concerned about anything. People could be confident that staff would protect them from abuse because they were aware of their roles and responsibilities.

People were protected from financial abuse. There were procedures in place to help people manage their money as independently as possible. This included maintaining a clear account of all money received and spent. Money was kept safely and what people spent was monitored and accounted for. People could access the money they needed when they wanted to.

Potential risks to people were identified and assessed. Support plans contained detailed risk assessments in all aspects of the person's individual care needs and daily lives. The assessments covered what action and measures were required to keep people safe. Risks had been assessed in relation to the impact that the risks had on each person. There were risk assessments for when people were in the home or in the local community and using

transport. There was guidance in place for staff to follow, about the action they needed to take to make sure that people were protected from harm in these situations. This reduced the potential risk to the person and others. When people were going out, they received individual support from staff that had training in how to best support people. Potential risks were assessed so that people could be supported to stay safe by avoiding unnecessary hazards Staff supported people positively with their specific behaviours, which were clearly recorded in their individual support plans. There was clear information to show staff what may trigger negative behaviour and what strategies were in place to minimise any future occurrence.

Accidents and incidents involving people were recorded. The registered manager reviewed accidents and incidents to look for patterns and trends so that the care people received could be changed or advice sought to help reduce incidents.

The staff carried out regular health and safety checks of the environment and equipment. This made sure that people lived in a safe environment and that equipment was safe to use. These included ensuring that electrical and gas appliances were safe. Water temperatures were checked to make sure they were not too hot or too cold. Regular checks were carried out on the fire alarms and other fire equipment to make sure it was fit for purpose. People had a personal emergency evacuation plan (PEEP) and staff and people were regularly involved in fire drills. A PEEP sets out the specific physical and communication requirements that each person has to ensure that they can be safely evacuated from the service in the event of a fire.

People received their medicines when they needed them. There were policies and procedures in place to make sure that people received their medicines safely and on time. Staff received training on how to give people their medicines safely and their competencies were checked regularly to make sure their practice remained safe. Medicines were stored securely. The medicine cupboard was clean and tidy, and was not overstocked. Room temperatures were checked daily to ensure medicines were stored at the correct temperatures. The records showed that medicines were administered as instructed by the person's doctor. Some people were given medicines on a 'when required basis' this was medicines for pain like paracetamol. There was written guidance for each person who needed 'when required medicines'. But some of the



### Is the service safe?

guidance did not explain fully when the person should receive the medicine. There was a risk that people may receive their 'when required medicines inconsistently. This was an area for improvement and the registered manager had informed us that this shortfall has now been addressed. The effects of the medicines were monitored to see if they were working for the person. If they were not effective then this was reported to the person's doctor and further advice was sought.

There was enough staff on duty to meet people's needs and keep them safe. The service were in the process of employing new staff as there had been a recent increase in the number of people living at Summerville. Staff told us there was enough staff available throughout the day and night to make sure people received the care and support that they needed. The duty rota showed that there were consistent numbers of staff working at the service. The number of staff needed to support people safely had been decided by the authorities paying for each person's service.

People required one to one or two to one support when they went out on activities. The registered manager made sure there was enough staff available so people could do the activities they wanted. If people were going out during the day, staff numbers increased at this time. There were arrangements in place to make sure there was extra staff available in an emergency and to cover for any unexpected shortfalls like staff sickness. Staff said that there was little sickness and if someone was off sick other staff were always happy to cover the shortfall. If there were not enough staff available, staff from the company's other service in the local area covered the shortfall. On the day of the inspection the staffing levels matched the number of staff on the duty rota and there were enough staff available to meet people's individual needs.

Staff were recruited safely to make sure they were suitable to work with people who needed care and support. The provider's recruitment policy was followed. Staff completed an application form, gave a full employment history, showed a proof of identity and had a formal interview as part of their recruitment. Written references from previous employers had been obtained and checks were done with the Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) before employing any new staff to check that they were of good character. The DBS helps employers make safer recruitment decisions and helps prevent unsuitable people from working with people who use care and support services. Staff had job descriptions and contracts so they were aware of their role and responsibilities as well as their terms and conditions of work.



### Is the service effective?

### **Our findings**

The people had very different care and support needs and the staff were very aware, sensitive and knowledgeable about each person and how they liked to have things done. People had a wide range of needs. Some people's conditions were more complex than others. People said and indicated that the staff looked after them well and the staff knew what to do to make sure they got everything they needed. People had a good relationship with the staff and got on with them well.

Some of the staff team were new to the service and others had worked at the service for many years. Staff told us, "There is a lovely warm homely feeling here. I wish I came to work here a year ago" and "All the staff get on well together we work together as a team. We want people to be as independent as possible and that's what we aim for".

The staff team knew people well and knew how they liked to receive their care and support. The staff had knowledge about how each person liked to receive their personal care and what activities they enjoyed. Staff were able to tell us about how they cared and supported each person on a daily basis to ensure they received effective personal care and support. They were able to explain what they would do if people became restless or agitated or if they were upset and needed extra support and comfort. Sometimes they took people to go the garden when they were feeling upset or needed some 'space' away for others. When people could not communicate using speech they had an individual communication plan which explained how they communicated non verbally and what different sounds and actions meant.

The on-going training programme ensured that staff had the right skills and knowledge to look after people properly. When staff first started working at the service they had completed an induction programme, which had been developed to include training focused on supporting people who lived in the service. The induction included completing the standards recommended by Skills for Care, a government agency who provides induction and other training to social care staff. The service was in the process of introducing the new Care Certificate for all staff, as recommended by Skills for Care. The induction included shadowing experienced staff to get to know people and

their routines. Staff were supported during the induction, monitored and assessed by the registered manager to check that they were able to care for, support and meet people's needs.

The registered manager kept a training record which showed when training had been undertaken and when 'refresher training' was due. This included details of courses related to people's health needs like epilepsy and administering special medicines to people if they had a seizure and other specific needs. Staff had completed the training and were knowledgeable about what they had learned. The registered manager checked that staff were competent and had the knowledge and skills to carry out their roles.

Staff told us that they felt supported by the registered manager and the deputy manager. They said that they were listened to and were given the support and help that they needed on a daily basis and their requests were acted on. There were handovers at the end of each shift to make sure staff were informed of any changes or significant events that may have affected people. There was also discussion on what people had planned and the support and care people needed during the next shift.

Staff had regular one to one meetings with the registered manager or the deputy manager. This was to make sure they were receiving support to do their jobs effectively and safely. Staff said this gave them the opportunity to discuss any issues or concerns that they had about caring and supporting people, and gave them the support that they needed to do their jobs more effectively. Staff who had worked at the service for 12 months had, had an annual appraisal to discuss their training and development needs. The performance of the staff was being formally monitored according to the company's policies and procedures. The staff were supported out of hours by the registered manager or the deputy manager. Staff said they could contact the management team day or night and they were confident they would receive any support and help that they needed.

There were regular staff meetings that highlighted people's changing needs and other issues like health and safety, staff conduct and training. There were reminders about household tasks allocations and about the quality of care



#### Is the service effective?

delivered. Staff had the opportunity to raise any concerns or suggest ideas. Staff felt that their concerns and ideas were taken seriously by the registered manager and acted on.

The Mental Capacity Act 2005 (MCA) provides a legal framework for making particular decisions on behalf of people who may lack the mental capacity to do so for themselves. The Act requires that as far as possible people make their own decisions and are helped to do so when needed. When they lack mental capacity to make particular decisions, any made on their behalf must be in their best interests and as least restrictive as possible.

People can only be deprived of their liberty to receive care and treatment when this is in their best interests and legally authorised under the MCA. The application procedures for this in care homes and hospitals are called the Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards (DoLS). At the time of the inspection the registered manager was in the process of applying for DoLs authorisation. Most staff had completed training in the MCA and Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards (DoLS). They had an understanding of how to protect people's rights if they needed further support to remain safe.

We checked whether the service was working within the principles of the MCA, and whether any conditions on authorisations to deprive a person of their liberty were being met. The provider followed the requirements in the DoLS. The MCA DoLS require providers to submit applications to a 'Supervisory Body' to do so. The registered manager and staff were aware of the need to involve relevant people if someone was unable to make a decision for themselves. If a person was unable to make a decision about complex decisions then relatives, health professionals and social services representatives would be involved to make sure decisions were made in the person's best interest. The registered manager had recently applied for DoLs for people who needed it.

People were in control of their care and treatment. Staff asked for people's consent before they gave them any care and support. If people refused something this was recorded and respected. Before people took part in activities or went out staff checked with people whether they had changed their mind and respected their wishes.

People's health was monitored and when it was necessary health care professionals were involved to make sure people were supported to remain as healthy as possible. The staff actively sought support when they needed it and did not work in isolation. People were supported to make and attend medical appointments. When people's physical and/or mental health declined and they required more support the staff responded quickly. Staff contacted local community healthcare professionals and made sure that the appropriate treatment, care and support was provided. A health care professional who had regular contact with the service said, "The staff respond to difficult situations very well. They take on board any advice and put it into practise. They have clear boundaries in place for behaviours and people have responded very well to this". Staff closely monitored people's health and wellbeing in line with recommendations from healthcare professionals. People saw their doctors for a health check up every year and whenever they needed to. People also had regular appointments with opticians and dentists.

People indicated the meals were good and they could choose what they wanted to eat at the times they preferred. People went shopping to buy the food and drinks that they wanted. People were shown meals on picture cards so they choose what they wanted. Staff included and involved people in all their meals People were involved in cooking their own meals if they wanted to. Staff were aware of what people liked and disliked and gave people the food they wanted to eat. Staff respected people's choices about what they did eat. People were supported and encouraged to eat a healthy and nutritious diet. One person was being supported to lose some weight. Staff were educating them about portion sizes and encouraging them to choose healthy options and take regular exercise. The outcome was that they had lost some weight. People could help themselves to drinks and snacks when they wanted to and there was a range of foods to choose from. Staff included and involved people in all their meals. People often went out to eat in the local area and this was an activity they enjoyed. People's weight was monitored regularly to make sure they remained as healthy as possible. Some people had specific needs when they ate and drank. Staff made sure that their food was prepared in according to the specific instructions recommended by the speech and language therapists and that there was a member of staff with them when they ate their meals.



# Is the service caring?

### **Our findings**

People indicated that the staff were caring. People demonstrated that they liked staff. People choose to sit next to staff. They went and held staffs hands to guide them to places when they wanted something. People smiled a lot. People were very relaxed and comfortable in their home and with the staff that supported them. People communicated with the staff through noises, body language and gestures and staff knew what they saying and asking and responded to their requests. A visiting professional said, "It is a nurturing and homely environment"

People had a key worker. A key worker is a member of staff allocated to take a lead in coordinating someone's care. They were member of staff who the person got on well with and were able to build up a good relationship. Whenever possible people were supported and cared for by their key worker. They were involved in peoples care and support on a daily basis and supported people with their assessments and reviews. People said and indicated that they liked the staff team that supported them and that they were able to do as much as possible for themselves. Staff were kind, considerate and respectful when they were speaking with people and supporting them to do activities.

People's ability to express their views and make decisions about their care varied. To make sure that all staff were aware of people's views, likes and dislikes and past history, this information was recorded in people's care plans. When people could not communicate using speech they had an individual communication plan. This explained the best way to communicate with the person like observing for changes in mood, how to approach them. Staff were able to interpret and understand people's wishes and needs and supported them in the way they wanted. When people had to attend health care appointments, they were supported by their key worker or staff that knew them well and would be able to help health care professionals understand their communication needs

Staff encouraged and supported people in a kind and sensitive way to be as independent as possible. The approach of staff differed appropriately to meet people's specific individual needs. Staff asked people what they wanted to do during the day and supported people to make any arrangements. Staff explained how they gave people choices each day, such as what they wanted to

wear or eat, where they wanted to spend their time and what they wanted to do. Some people liked to go out in the local area and others preferred to stay in and spend time their bedrooms. This was respected by the staff. Staff changed their approach to meet people's specific needs. People were aware of what was being said and were involved in conversations between staff. Staff gave people the time to relay what they wanted. Staff responded quickly to people when they asked for something. Throughout the inspection exchanges between people and staff were caring and professional. Staff explained things to people and took time to wait for them to respond.

The registered manager and staff, demonstrated in depth knowledge of people. All staff spoke about how they respected people's rights and supported people to maintain their independence and make choices. The staff had a good knowledge of the people they were caring for. Staff said that they kept themselves up to date about the care and support people needed by reading people's care plans and at staff meetings and handovers.

People, when they were able, were involved in planning their own care and deciding what they wanted to do. If people had family then their views and opinions were sought in planning people's care. The registered manager told us that if needed they would access independent advocates to support people who did not have any one to speak up on their behalf. Advocates support people so that their views are heard and their rights are upheld. The advocates were there to represent peoples interests, which they could do by supporting people to communicate their wishes, or by speaking on their behalf. They are independent and do not represent any other organisation.

People and staff worked together at the service to do daily tasks like laundry, tidying up and preparing drinks. Staff supported people in a way that they preferred and had chosen. There was a relaxed and friendly atmosphere at the service. People looked comfortable with the staff that supported them. People and staff were seen to have fun together and share a laugh and a joke. People chatted and socialised with each other and with staff and looked at ease.

Everyone had their own bedroom. Their bedrooms reflected people's personalities, preferences and choices. People had equipment like music systems; T.V's and games so they could spend their time doing what they wanted. All personal care and support was given to people in the



# Is the service caring?

privacy of their own rooms. Staff described how they supported people with their personal care, whilst respecting their privacy and dignity. This included explaining to people what they were doing before they carried out each personal care task.

Staff were aware of the need for confidentiality and personal information was kept securely. Meetings where people's needs were discussed were carried out in private.



# Is the service responsive?

### **Our findings**

People were supported to be involved in the care and support that they needed when they wanted it. The staff worked around their wishes and preferences on a daily basis. People indicated to staff about the care and support they wanted and how they preferred to have things done. When people first came to live at the service they had an assessment which identified their care and support needs. From this information an individual care plan was developed to give staff the guidance and information they needed to look after the person in the way that suited them best

Each person had a care plan. The care plans were in the process of being reviewed, updated and written in a format that would be more meaningful to people. The care plans were written to give staff the guidance and information they needed to look after the person. The care plans were personalised and contained details about people's background and life events. Staff had knowledge about people's life history so they could talk to them about it and were aware of any significant events. People who were important to people like members of their family and friends were named in the care plan. This included their contact details and people were supported to keep in touch. The registered manager and staff had endeavoured to maintain contact with people's families to build family relationships. This had been successful for some and they now had more involvement with family members.

Staff were responsive to people's individual needs. Staff responded to people's psychological, social, physical and emotional needs promptly. Staff were able to identify when people's mental health or physical health needs were deteriorating and took prompt action. Care plans contained detailed information and clear guidance about all aspects of a person's health, social and personal care needs to enable staff to care for each person. They included guidance about people's daily routines, behaviours, communication, mobility, consent and eating and drinking.

People's preferences of how they received their personal care were individual to them. What people could do for themselves and when they needed support from staff was included in their care plan. People's ability to express their views and make decisions about their care varied. To make sure that all staff were aware of people's views, likes and

dislikes and past history, this information was recorded in people's care plans. There was information about what made people happy, what made them unhappy and what made them angry. When people could not communicate using speech they had an individual communication plan. This explained the best way to communicate with the person. Staff were able to interpret and understand people's wishes and needs and supported them in the way they wanted.

People with complex support needs had a support plan that described the best ways to communicate with them. There was a list of behaviours that had been assessed as communicating a particular emotion, and how to respond to this. Staff said that these were helpful and generally accurate and helped them support the person in the way that suited them best. The support plans focused on how to manage the behaviours positively and to give support in a way that was less likely to cause the behaviour. These plans were person centred and bespoke for each person. For example, making sure that staff were aware of the situations that may lead to a behaviour and anticipate what the person wanted before the behaviour actually occurred. The plans explained what staff had to do to do if a behaviour did occur. The support described was aimed at providing alternative strategies to reduce any negative behaviour. Staff were consistent in how there managed behaviours.

People were supported to develop their independence skills in some way. Staff completed daily records and these included what activities people had participated in. Staff said they had got to know people and encouraged them to do as much for themselves as possible. People had 'goals' (skills or tasks identified that people were learning to become more independent in) People's progress was monitored to support people to develop skills and independence at their own pace. For example one person was now able to wash themselves independently as staff had worked out a simple strategy of giving them shampoo and shower gel in a small pot so they would only use the required amount.

People lived active, varied lifestyles and followed their own interests. They had opportunities to participate meaningfully in the community and to develop their skills. People were encouraged and supported to join in activities both inside and outside the service. People were excited and happy about the activities they did. A variety of



# Is the service responsive?

activities were planned that people could choose from. A visiting professional said "People have a very busy schedule of fulfilling activities, which they really enjoy". People had timetables of activities to give a basis for the choices available. Some activities were organised on a regular basis, like going swimming and attending a drama group. Some people attended college. People had exercise classes to help them get and keep fit and went out on bike rides. There were pottery groups, discos and local community groups. Some people really enjoyed going for a walk in the local area and staff supported them to do this when they wanted People were occupied and enjoyed what they were doing. Staff were attentive to know when people were ready for particular activities and when they had had enough. People were supported to go on holiday every year. People's relatives were encouraged to visit whenever they wanted. People were also supported to

make visits to their families and keep in touch regularly by phone. The deputy manager had recently taken one person to the north of the country to visit their family for a weekend.

The complaints procedure was displayed and showed who would investigate and respond to complaints. People were listened to and their views were taken seriously. If any issues were raised they were dealt with quickly. People's key workers spent time with them finding out if they everything was alright with the person and if they wanted anything. There were regular meetings for people and staff. There was a commitment to listening to people's views and making changes to the service in accordance with people's comments and suggestions. Staff felt confident to pass complaints they received to the registered manager. The service had a complaints process that was written in a way that people could understand. It was available and accessible. The service had not received any formal complaints in the last 12 months prior to the inspection.



# Is the service well-led?

# **Our findings**

The manager had become the registered manager of the service in August 2015. They had worked at the service for many years prior to this appointment. They were also the registered manager for another nearby service within the company. Staff told us the service was well led. They had confidence that the registered manager would take their role seriously and make sure that people were safe and receive everything they wanted and needed. The deputy manager had been working at the service since July 2015. They said that they feel very comfortable in their role and that the new role was going very well. They said they received support from the registered manager and the providers to develop and take the lead role in some areas.

The registered manager and staff were clear about the aims and visions of the service. The service's visions and values were to support people to be as independent as possible while keeping them safe. Their practise was based on 'person centred support' and supporting people to reach their full potential. Staff were aware of and agreed with the set of values' which outlined the expectations of staff in their actions and behaviours towards everyone who used the service and each other. This promoted and put into practice values such as compassion, dignity, equality and respect. Our observations and discussions showed that there was an open and positive culture between people, staff and the manager. People were at the centre of the service and everything revolved around their needs and what they wanted. There were links with the local and wider community and people had developed friendships. People had built relationships with people in the community and were supported to keep in touch with their friends and family and to make new friends. There was a culture of openness and honesty; staff spoke to each other and to people in a respectful and kind way.

Visiting professionals said they were confident that the registered manager would develop the skills and abilities to lead and drive improvements within the service. Visiting professionals and staff said that the registered manager was approachable and supportive and they could speak to them whenever they wanted to. People indicated and staff told us the manager listened to what they had to say and 'sorted things out' if there were any problems. The staff said the registered manager always dealt with issues fairly

and sensitively. On the day of the inspection people and staff approached the manager whenever they wanted to. There was clear and open dialogue between the people, staff and the manager.

Staff handovers highlighted any changes in people's health and care needs. Staff were clear about their roles and responsibilities. They were able to describe these well. The staffing structure ensured that staff knew who they were accountable to. Regular staff meetings were held where staff responsibilities and roles were reinforced by the manager. The registered manager and staff had clear expectations in regard to staff members fulfilling their roles and responsibilities.

The registered manager knew people well, communicated with people in a way that they could understand and gave individual and compassionate care. The staff team followed their lead and interacted with people in the same caring manner. Staff said that there was good communication in the staff team and that everyone helped one another. They told that they felt valued and appreciated by the providers.

There were systems in place to regularly monitor the quality of service that was provided. People's views about the service were sought through meetings, reviews, and survey questionnaires. The last survey was sent to people, their relatives and staff in October 2015. The results of these surveys were in the process of being analysed and collated to produce a report to identify the strengths and weaknesses of the service. The registered manager had not included or sought the opinions of other stakeholders, like doctors and community specialists in their surveys which should be used to drive improvements to the quality of the service. A visiting professional said that if they had been asked they would have suggested areas where improvements could have been made. For example, applying for DoLs sooner. The deputy manager stated that they would do this. A relative had commented, "I am pleased that more members of staff can now drive the company vehicle as this means 'X' will be able to enjoy more outings and new activities". As a result of fed back the company were also in the processing of buying a new car so that each of their two services had their own vehicle and people would have more opportunities to get out and about.

The registered manager and deputy manager audited aspects of care weekly and monthly such as medicines,



# Is the service well-led?

care plans, health and safety, infection control, fire safety and equipment. One of the associated directors visited the service once or twice a week to check on how things were. The staff could contact them at any time if they needed to. The associated director also carried out regular visits to check and identify any shortfalls within the service and any environmental work that had been carried out or needed to be done. They wrote a report of their findings but they were not auditing all the systems within the service. There was no evidence that follow up checks were made and there were no records in place to make sure shortfalls had been addressed and that improvements had been made. The associated director had identified this as a shortfall and action was being taken to undertake a complete service inspection.

The systems in place to quality assure the care being provided were not fully effective. Feedback was not being gathered from all stakeholders to improve the quality of the

service. All systems within the service were not being checked by the provider and records were not completed to demonstrate that when shortfalls had been identified action had been taken to make improvements. This is a breach of regulation 17(2)(a)(b)(c)(e) of the Health and Social Care Act 2008 (Regulated Activities) Regulation 2014

There were regular managers meetings when discussions took place within the management team about the shortfalls and challenges they faced and the action management were going to take to drive improvements.

Services that provide health and social care to people are required to inform the Care Quality Commission, (the CQC), of important events that happen in the service. This is so we could check that appropriate action had been taken. The registered manager was aware that they had to inform CQC of significant events in a timely way and had done so when required.

# Action we have told the provider to take

The table below shows where legal requirements were not being met and we have asked the provider to send us a report that says what action they are going to take. We did not take formal enforcement action at this stage. We will check that this action is taken by the provider.

Regulated activity	Regulation
Accommodation for persons who require nursing or personal care	Regulation 17 HSCA (RA) Regulations 2014 Good governance
	The systems in place to quality assure the care being provided were not fully effective. Feedback was not being gathered from all stakeholders to improve the quality of the service.
	All systems within the service were not being checked by the provider and records were not completed to demonstrate that when shortfalls had been identified action had been taken to make improvements.
	This is a breach of regulation 17(2)(a)(b)(e) of the Health and Social Care Act 2008 (Regulated Activities) Regulation 2014.