

Oasis Dental Care Limited

Oasis Dental Care - Hucknall

Inspection Report

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Overall summary

We carried out this announced inspection on 5 October 2017 under Section 60 of the Health and Social Care Act 2008 as part of our regulatory functions. We planned the inspection to check whether the registered provider was meeting the legal requirements in the Health and Social Care Act 2008 and associated regulations. The inspection was led by a CQC inspector who was supported by a specialist dental adviser.

We told the NHS England area team and Healthwatch that we were inspecting the practice. They did not have any relevant information to share with us regarding this dental practice.

To get to the heart of patients' experiences of care and treatment, we always ask the following five questions:

- Is it safe?
- Is it effective?
- Is it caring?
- Is it responsive to people's needs?
- Is it well-led?

These questions form the framework for the areas we look at during the inspection.

Our findings were:

Are services safe?

We found that this practice was providing safe care in accordance with the relevant regulations.

Are services effective?

We found that this practice was providing effective care in accordance with the relevant regulations.

Are services caring?

We found that this practice was providing caring services in accordance with the relevant regulations.

Are services responsive?

We found that this practice was providing responsive care in accordance with the relevant regulations.

Are services well-led?

We found that this practice was providing well-led care in accordance with the relevant regulations.

Background

Oasis Dental Care – Hucknall is located on the outskirts of Nottingham. The practice provides both NHS (70%) and private (30%) dental treatments to patients of all ages.

Summary of findings

The practice is located on two floors with seven treatment rooms, five of which are located on the ground floor. There is level access into the practice and the ground floor treatment rooms. There are pay and display car parks close to the practice or roadside car parking.

The dental team includes seven dentists; two dental hygiene therapists; eleven qualified dental nurses; two designated receptionists; two trainee dental nurses and a practice manager.

The practice is owned by an organisation and as a condition of registration must have a person registered with the Care Quality Commission as the registered manager. Registered managers have legal responsibility for meeting the requirements in the Health and Social Care Act 2008 and associated regulations about how the practice is run. The registered manager at the practice was in the process of changing, with the practice manager taking over this role.

On the day of inspection we received feedback from 11 patients. This information gave us a positive view of the practice.

During the inspection we spoke with two dentists and four dental nurses. We looked at practice policies and procedures and other records about how the service is managed.

The practice opening hours are: Monday to Thursday: 8 am to 8 pm; Friday: 8 am to 5:15 pm and Saturday: 8 am to 12 pm by appointment only

Our key findings were:

- The practice was clean and well maintained.
- The practice had infection control procedures which followed published guidance.
- The practice asked staff and patients for feedback about the services they provided, and received positive feedback. Some patients told us their appointments had been cancelled.
- Staff knew how to deal with emergencies. Appropriate medicines and life-saving equipment were available.
- The practice had systems to help them manage risks in the practice, particularly with regard to health and safety.
- The practice had suitable safeguarding processes. Staff had been trained and knew their responsibilities for safeguarding adults and children.
- The practice had thorough staff recruitment procedures.
- The clinical staff provided patients' care and treatment in line with current guidelines.
- Staff treated patients with dignity and respect and took measures to protect their privacy and personal information.
- The practice completed regular audits and used the information to make improvements.
- The appointment system met patients' needs.
- The practice had late opening hours on four evenings per week to make appointments available to patients outside the usual working day.
- The practice dealt with complaints positively and efficiently.

Summary of findings

The five questions we ask about services and what we found

We always ask the following five questions of services.

Are services safe?

We found that this practice was providing safe care in accordance with the relevant regulations.

The practice had systems and processes to provide safe care and treatment. They used learning from incidents and complaints to help them improve.

Staff received training in safeguarding and knew how to recognise the signs of abuse and how to report concerns. There was a lead person appointed within the practice for safeguarding matters.

Staff were suitably qualified and the practice completed essential recruitment checks.

The premises and equipment were clean and properly maintained. The practice followed national guidance for cleaning, sterilising and storing dental instruments. A programme of refurbishment of clinical areas was planned for the months after this inspection.

The practice had suitable arrangements and equipment for dealing with medical and other emergencies.

No action



Are services effective?

We found that this practice was providing effective care in accordance with the relevant regulations.

The dentists assessed patients' needs and provided care and treatment in line with recognised guidance. Patients described the treatment they received as professional, helpful and competent. The dentists discussed treatment with patients so they could give informed consent and recorded this in their records.

The practice had clear arrangements when patients needed to be referred to other dental or health care professionals.

The practice supported staff to complete training relevant to their roles and had systems to help them monitor this.

No action



Are services caring?

We found that this practice was providing caring services in accordance with the relevant regulations.

We received feedback about the practice from 11 people. Patients were positive about all aspects of the service the practice provided. They told us staff were welcoming, friendly and informative. Patients also said their dentist listened to them. Patients commented that they made them feel at ease, especially when they were anxious about visiting the dentist.

We saw that staff protected patients' privacy and were aware of the importance of confidentiality. Patients said staff treated them with dignity and respect.

No action



Summary of findings

Are services responsive to people's needs?

We found that this practice was providing responsive care in accordance with the relevant regulations.

The practice's appointment system was efficient and met patients' needs. Patients could get an appointment quickly if in pain.

Staff considered patients' different needs. This included providing facilities for disabled patients and families with children. The practice had access to telephone interpreter services and had arrangements to help patients with sight or hearing loss.

The practice took patients views seriously. They valued compliments from patients and responded to concerns and complaints quickly and constructively.

No action



Are services well-led?

We found that this practice was providing well-led care in accordance with the relevant regulations.

The practice had arrangements to ensure the smooth running of the service. These included systems for the practice team to discuss the quality and safety of the care and treatment provided. There was a clearly defined management structure and staff felt supported and appreciated.

The practice team kept complete patient dental care records which were, clearly written and stored securely.

The practice monitored clinical and non-clinical areas of their work to help them improve and learn. This included asking for and listening to the views of patients and staff.

No action



Are services safe?

Our findings

Reporting, learning and improvement from incidents

The practice had policies and procedures to report, investigate, respond and learn from accidents, incidents and significant events. Staff knew about these and understood their role in the process.

The practice recorded, responded to and discussed all accidents and significant events to reduce risk and support future learning. The practice investigated every significant event and recorded the outcome. There was clear analysis and action and learning points were recorded.

The practice received national patient safety and medicines alerts from the Medicines and Healthcare Products Regulatory Authority (MHRA). Relevant alerts were discussed with staff, acted on and stored for future reference. Records showed the practice received regular alerts. Staff at the practice were aware of recent alerts affecting dental practice.

Reliable safety systems and processes (including safeguarding)

Staff knew their responsibilities if they had concerns about the safety of children, young people and adults who were vulnerable due to their circumstances. The practice had safeguarding policies and procedures to provide staff with information about identifying, reporting and dealing with suspected abuse. The lead receptionist and practice manager were the identified leads for safeguarding in the practice.

Staff knew about the signs and symptoms of abuse and neglect and how to report concerns. The practice had a whistleblowing policy, which was easily available to staff. Staff told us they felt confident they could raise concerns without fear of recrimination.

The practice protected staff and patients with guidance available for staff on the Control Of Substances Hazardous to Health (COSHH) Regulations 2002. All COSHH information including a risk assessment and copies of manufacturers' product data sheets were stored in a designated COSHH file.

We looked at the practice's arrangements for safe dental care and treatment. These included risk assessments which staff reviewed every year. The practice followed

relevant safety laws when using needles and other sharp dental items. This included single use matrix bands and a recognised system for safe handling of needles. In addition it was practice policy that only dentists handled needles. The dentists used rubber dam in line with guidance from the British Endodontic Society when providing root canal treatment.

The practice had a business continuity plan to describe how the practice would deal events which could disrupt the normal running of the practice. This had been updated to reflect changes at the practice.

Medical emergencies

Staff knew what to do in a medical emergency and completed training in emergency resuscitation and basic life support every year, with the last training completed in April 2017.

Emergency equipment and medicines were available as described in recognised guidance. Staff kept records of their checks to make sure these were available, within their expiry date, and in working order. Equipment included an automated external defibrillator (AED), portable suction and medical oxygen.

The practice had a first aid box which was located centrally. Three members of staff had completed first aid at work training.

Staff recruitment

The practice had a staff recruitment policy and procedure to help them employ suitable staff. This reflected the relevant legislation. We looked at eight staff recruitment records. These showed the practice followed their recruitment procedure.

We saw that every member of staff had received a Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) check to ensure they were suitable to work with children and vulnerable adults.

Clinical staff were qualified and registered with the General Dental Council (GDC) and had professional indemnity cover. The practice manager had a system to monitor that relevant staff were up to date with their registration and indemnity insurance cover.

Monitoring health & safety and responding to risks

The practice's health and safety policies and risk assessments were up to date and reviewed annually to

Are services safe?

help manage potential risk. These covered general workplace and specific dental topics. The practice manager was the lead person with overall responsibility for health and safety at the practice. The practice had current employer's liability insurance which was due for renewal on 31 October 2017.

We saw that regular health and safety audits were completed, reviewed and where necessary updated.

The practice had an automatic fire alarm system which was serviced regularly; this included automatic fire detection and emergency lighting. The fire risk assessment had been reviewed in March 2017. Records showed the staff held regular fire drills.

A dental nurse worked with the dentists, dental hygienists and dental therapists when they treated patients.

Infection control

The practice had an infection prevention and control policy and procedures to keep patients safe. They followed guidance in The Health Technical Memorandum 01-05: Decontamination in primary care dental practices (HTM01-05) published by the Department of Health. Clinical staff completed an annual update in infection prevention and control with the most recent training having been completed at various times in the 12 months prior to this inspection.

The practice had suitable arrangements for transporting, cleaning, checking, sterilising and storing instruments in line with HTM01-05. The records showed equipment staff used for cleaning and sterilising instruments was maintained and used in line with the manufacturers' guidance.

The practice policy identified infection prevention and control audits should be completed twice a year. The latest audit was completed in May 2017. The practice had action plans to address issues identified in the audits.

The practice had procedures to reduce the possibility of Legionella or other bacteria developing in the water systems, in line with a risk assessment which had been updated in March 2017

There were records to demonstrate that clinical staff had received inoculations against Hepatitis B and had received boosters when required.

We saw cleaning schedules for the premises. The practice was clean when we inspected.

Equipment and medicines

We saw servicing documentation for the equipment used. Staff carried out checks in line with the manufacturers' recommendations. There were records within the practice to demonstrate that equipment had been serviced regularly. Safety checks on the gas and electricity supplies had been completed in line with current legislation.

The practice had suitable systems for prescribing, dispensing and storing medicines.

Radiography (X-rays)

The practice had suitable arrangements to ensure the safety of the X-ray equipment. They met current radiation regulations and had the required information in their radiation protection file.

The practice had seven intraoral X-ray machines which were all fitted with rectangular collimation to reduce patient dosage. There was also one extra-oral X-ray machine (an orthopantomogram). The practice used digital X-rays which delivered a lower level of radiation to patients.

We saw evidence that the dentists justified, graded and reported on the radiographs they took. The practice carried out radiograph audits every year following current guidance and legislation. The last audit was dated April 2017.

Clinical staff completed continuous professional development in respect of dental radiography as required by the General Dental Council (GDC).

Are services effective?

(for example, treatment is effective)

Our findings

Monitoring and improving outcomes for patients

The practice kept detailed dental care records containing information about the patients' current dental needs, past treatment and medical histories. Clinical notes were held electronically. Digital radiographs were automatically inserted into patient records. Medical histories were scanned into the record and updated by the patient in the treatment room. The dentists assessed patients' treatment needs in line with recognised guidance. The dental care records identified the discussions and advice given to patients in relation to their dental health by the various dental care professionals at the practice.

We saw that the practice audited patients' dental care records to check that the dentists recorded the necessary information.

Health promotion & prevention

The practice believed in preventative care and supporting patients to ensure better oral health in accordance with the government document: 'Delivering better oral health: an evidence based toolkit for prevention'. We saw evidence this was being used in the practice and staff were committed to preventative oral health care.

The dentists told us they prescribed high concentration fluoride toothpaste if a patient's risk of tooth decay indicated this would help them. They used fluoride varnish for all children based on an assessment of the risk of tooth decay for each child.

The dentists told us they discussed smoking, alcohol consumption and diet with patients during appointments. We saw evidence of this in dental care records. The practice had a selection of dental products for sale and provided health promotion leaflets to help patients with their oral health. Free samples of toothpaste were also available in treatment rooms and at reception.

Staffing

The practice had seven dentists; two dental hygiene therapists; eleven qualified dental nurses; two designated receptionists; two trainee dental nurses and a practice

manager. We checked the registrations of all dental care professionals with the General Dental Council (GDC) register. We found all staff were up to date with their professional registration with the GDC.

Staff new to the practice had a period of induction based on a structured programme. We confirmed clinical staff completed the continuous professional development required for their registration with the General Dental Council. There were systems to monitor the staff training needed to meet GDC requirements.

We saw that appraisals had been completed for staff in the past and were being planned for the current year with a mid-year review.

Working with other services

Dentists confirmed they referred patients to a range of specialists in primary and secondary care if they needed treatment the practice did not provide. These included referring patients with suspected oral cancer under the national two week wait arrangements. This was initiated by the National Institute for Health and Care Excellence (NICE) in 2005 to help make sure patients were seen quickly by a specialist. The practice monitored urgent referrals to make sure they were dealt with promptly.

Consent to care and treatment

The practice team understood the importance of obtaining and recording patients' consent to treatment. There was a consent policy which referenced the Mental Capacity Act (MCA) 2005 and the arrangements relating to Gillick competence. We discussed consent with staff who showed a clear understanding and knowledge of the MCA and Gillick competence. The dentists told us they gave patients information about treatment options and the risks and benefits of these so they could make informed decisions. Patients confirmed their dentist listened to them and gave them clear information about their treatment. We saw some examples where dentists had recorded this information in dental care records.

Patients were given a copy of their treatment plan and the practice recorded consent within the patients' dental care records.

Are services caring?

Our findings

Respect, dignity, compassion and empathy

Staff we spoke with reception staff who were aware of their responsibility to respect people's diversity and human rights.

Patients commented positively that staff were friendly, polite and approachable. We saw that staff treated patients with respect, were polite and professional at the reception desk and over the telephone.

Nervous patients said staff were compassionate and understanding.

Staff were aware of the importance of privacy and confidentiality. Staff told us that if a patient asked for more privacy they would take them into another room. The reception computer screens were not visible to patients and staff did not leave personal information where other patients might see it.

Staff password protected patients' electronic care records and backed these up to secure storage. Each staff member had their own unique password for the computer system.

Information posters, leaflets and a television were available for patients to read and watch in the practice giving information about treatments and positive oral health.

Involvement in decisions about care and treatment

The practice offered both NHS and private dental treatments and the costs for both were displayed in the waiting room. The costs of dental treatment were also available on the practice website.

The practice gave patients clear information to help them make informed choices about their treatment options. Patients confirmed that staff listened to them, did not feel rushed and were able to ask questions.

Patients told us staff were helpful and understanding when they were in pain, distress or discomfort.

The practice's website provided patients with information about the range of treatments available at the practice. These included general dentistry and treatments including dental implants, cosmetic dentistry and dentures provided by this practice.

Are services responsive to people's needs?

(for example, to feedback?)

Our findings

Responding to and meeting patients' needs

Patients described high levels of satisfaction with the responsive service provided by the practice.

The practice had an efficient appointment system to respond to patients' needs. Several patients commented on the ease of getting an appointment that suited their needs. Patients told us they found it easy to get an appointment and staff were helpful when making appointments. Patients commented on being seen at short notice when in pain or in an emergency. Staff told us that patients who requested an urgent appointment were seen the same day. Patients told us they had enough time during their appointment and did not feel rushed. Appointments ran smoothly on the day of the inspection and patients were not kept waiting. Each dentist made emergency appointment slots available each day or patients could come and sit and wait to be seen.

Staff told us that they sent text messages to patients who had signed up for the service. This was 48 hours before an appointment was due. New patients were able to book appointments on line through the practice website.

Promoting equality

The practice made reasonable adjustments for patients with disabilities. There were five treatment rooms situated on the ground floor and therefore accessible to patients who used wheelchairs and families with pushchairs. The toilet facilities were not compliant with the requirements of Equality Act 2010 due to their size. The practice had an induction hearing loop to assist patients who used a hearing aid.

Staff said information about the practice and treatments was available in different formats such as large print. Staff said they used a telephone translation service when necessary. A customer care kit behind reception gave patients access to a number of aids. For example: magnifying aids, pens with easy grip handles and physical guides to help them sign forms in the correct place. The kit also contained tips for staff when working with an interpreter.

Access to the service

The practice displayed its opening hours on their website and outside the practice. Appointments were offered until 8 pm on Mondays to Thursdays and by appointment on Saturdays. As a result the practice offered appointments outside of the 9 am to 5 pm working day to better meet patients' needs.

We confirmed the practice kept waiting times and cancellations to a minimum.

The practice was committed to seeing patients experiencing pain on the same day and kept appointments slots free for same day appointments. The answerphone directed patients to the NHS 111 emergency dental service. Patients confirmed they could make routine and emergency appointments easily and were rarely kept waiting for their appointment.

Concerns & complaints

The practice had a complaints policy providing guidance to staff on how to handle a complaint. The practice information leaflet explained how to make a complaint. A detailed procedure was on display in the waiting room which identified other agencies patients could contact should they remain dissatisfied. The practice manager was responsible for dealing with complaints in the practice. Staff told us they would tell the practice manager about any formal or informal comments or concerns straight away so patients received a quick response.

Staff told us they aimed to settle complaints in-house and invited patients to speak with them in person to discuss these.

We looked at comments, compliments and complaints the practice received in the year up to this inspection. The practice had received five complaints in the 12 months prior to this inspection. We saw that the complaints had been handled in line with the practice complaints policy and actions and learning points identified.

Are services well-led?

Our findings

Governance arrangements

The practice manager had responsibility for the management and leadership and was responsible for the day to day running of the practice. Staff knew the management arrangements and their roles and responsibilities.

The practice had policies, procedures and risk assessments to support the management of the service and to protect patients and staff. These included arrangements to monitor the quality of the service and make improvements. We saw that policies and risk assessments had been reviewed regularly throughout the calendar year.

The practice had information governance arrangements and staff were aware of the importance of these in protecting patients' personal information.

Leadership, openness and transparency

Staff were aware of the duty of candour requirements to be open, honest and to offer an apology to patients if anything went wrong. Discussions with staff identified they understood the principles which underpinned the duty of candour.

Staff told us there was an open, no blame culture at the practice. They said they were encouraged them to raise any issues and felt confident they could do this. They knew who to raise any issues with and told us that managers within the organisation were approachable, would listen to their concerns and act appropriately. If staff had any concerns these were discussed at staff meetings and it was clear the practice worked as a team and dealt with issues professionally.

The practice held regular meetings where staff could raise any concerns and discuss clinical and non-clinical updates. Meetings were minuted and those minutes were available to all staff. Immediate discussions were arranged to share urgent information.

Learning and improvement

The practice had quality assurance processes to encourage learning and continuous improvement. These included audits of dental care records, infection control and X-rays. We saw that audits had been evaluated and feedback provided to the relevant clinician.

Staff showed a commitment to learning and improvement and valued the contributions made to the team by individual members of staff. The whole staff team had annual appraisals. They discussed learning needs, general wellbeing and aims for future professional development. We saw evidence of completed appraisals in the staff folders.

Staff told us they completed essential training, including medical emergencies and basic life support, each year. The General Dental Council requires clinical staff to complete continuous professional development.

We saw evidence that staff were completing a range of training courses, and this was supported by the practice to ensure the development of staff skills.

Practice seeks and acts on feedback from its patients, the public and staff

The practice used a range of means including patient surveys and verbal comments to obtain staff and patients' views about the service. We saw examples of suggestions from patients the practice had acted on, for example: patients voiced criticism of the telephone system. In response the practice manager had obtained quotations to upgrade the system to address issues raised by patients.

Patients were encouraged to complete the NHS Friends and Family Test. There were comment cards and a response box in the waiting room to allow them to do this. The latest information in the practice showed positive feedback with 96% of patients who responded saying they would recommend the practice to family and friends.

There had been 12 patient reviews recorded on the NHS Choices website since November 2015. Four had been provided in the 12 months prior to this inspection. We saw that patient reviews were mixed. The practice had provided a written response to the comments recorded since April 2016.