

# Sk:n - Middlesbrough James Cook Hospital

#### **Inspection report**

The James Cook University Hospital Marton Road Middlesbrough TS4 3BW Tel: 08446697537 www.sknclinics.co.uk

Date of inspection visit: 9 June 2021 Date of publication: 27/07/2021

This report describes our judgement of the quality of care at this service. It is based on a combination of what we found when we inspected, information from our ongoing monitoring of data about services and information given to us from the provider, patients, the public and other organisations.

#### Ratings

Overall rating for this location	Good	
Are services safe?	Good	
Are services effective?	Good	
Are services caring?	Good	
Are services responsive to people's needs?	Good	
Are services well-led?	Good	

## **Overall summary**

**This service is rated as Good overall.** This was the first time we had rated this service. (The previous inspections in February 2013 and January 2014 were unrated; at both inspections we found the service met the five standards we inspected).

The key questions are rated as:

Are services safe? – Good

Are services effective? - Good

Are services caring? – Good

Are services responsive? - Good

Are services well-led? – Good

We carried out an announced comprehensive inspection on 9 June 2021 at Sk:n – Middlesbrough James Cook Hospital as part of our inspection programme.

Sk:n – Middlesbrough James Cook Hospital is registered under the Health and Social Care Act 2008 to provide the regulated activities:

- Surgical procedures
- Diagnostic and screening procedures, and
- Treatment of disease, disorder or injury.

This service is registered with CQC under the Health and Social Care Act 2008 in respect of some, but not all, of the services it provides. There are some exemptions from regulation by CQC which relate to particular types of regulated activities and services and these are set out in Schedule 1 and Schedule 2 of The Health and Social Care Act 2008 (Regulated Activities) Regulations 2014. Sk:n – Middlesbrough James Cook Hospital provides a range of non-surgical cosmetic interventions, for example, lip fillers, skin peels, anti-ageing injectables, dermal fillers and laser hair removal which are not within CQC scope of registration. Therefore, we did not inspect, or report on these services.

The clinic manager is the registered manager. A registered manager is a person who is registered with the Care Quality Commission to manage the service. Like registered providers, they are 'registered persons'. Registered persons have legal responsibility for meeting the requirements in the Health and Social Care Act 2008 and associated Regulations about how the service is run.

#### Our key findings were:

- The service provided care in a way that kept patients safe and protected them from avoidable harm.
- There was an open and transparent approach to safety and an effective system in place for reporting and recording incidents.
- Risk assessments had been completed to assure the provider of the safety of the premises.
- Patients received effective care and treatment that met their needs.
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## Overall summary

- Staff were appropriately trained to carry out their roles.
- Staff maintained the necessary skills and competence to support the needs of patients.
- Patients received effective care and treatment that met their needs.
- Staff treated patients with compassion, respect and kindness and involved them in decisions about their care.
- There was a clear strategy and vision for the service. The leadership and governance arrangements promoted good quality care.

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Chief Inspector of Primary Medical Services and Integrated Care

#### Our inspection team

Our inspection team was led by a CQC lead inspector. The team included a nurse specialist adviser.

#### Background to Sk:n - Middlesbrough James Cook Hospital

Sk:n – Middlesbrough James Cook Hospital, James Cook University Hospital, Marton Road, Middlesbrough TS4 3BW is located within James Cook University Hospital. It is part of a large group of clinics owned by Lasercare Clinics (Harrogate) Ltd. We visited this site as part of the inspection. The clinic includes a reception and waiting area, and treatment rooms. Customer parts of the building are fully accessible. Parking is available in the hospital car park.

Sk:n – Middlesbrough James Cook Hospital is registered under the Health and Social Care Act 2008 to provide the regulated activities of surgical procedures, diagnostic and screening procedures, and treatment of disease, disorder or injury.

This clinic is registered to treat patients of all ages. The services offered include those that fall under registration, such as medical acne treatment and laser treatment for complex birthmarks for children and other complex conditions. Other procedures, that do not fall under scope of registration include lip fillers, skin peels, anti-ageing injectables, dermal fillers and laser hair removal.

There is one male doctor who carries out CQC registered procedures at the site, they are on the General Medical Council specialist register for dermatology. There is also one female nurse prescriber.

The providers website is www.sknclinics.co.uk and from there, information on all locations can be accessed for a network of over 50 clinics across the UK. Core opening hours are Monday to Friday 10am – 8pm; Saturday 9am-6pm and Sunday 10am-5pm. A contact centre is available seven days a week with access to an out of hours clinic nurse rota.

#### How we inspected this service

Before the inspection we reviewed a range of information we hold about the service and information which was provided by the service.

During the inspection we:

- spoke with the clinic manager, the medical director and the nurse prescriber and reviewed questionnaires completed by non-clinical staff.
- reviewed key documents which support the governance and delivery of the service.
- made observations about the area the service was managed from.
- reviewed a sample of treatment records.
- looked at information the service used to deliver care and treatment plans.

To get to the heart of patients' experiences of care and treatment, we always ask the following five questions:

- Is it safe?
- Is it effective?
- Is it caring?
- Is it responsive to people's needs?
- Is it well-led?

These questions therefore formed the framework for the areas we looked at during the inspection.

## Are services safe?

#### We rated safe as Good because:

The service had established safety processes to keep staff and patients safe. This included safeguarding people from abuse, minimising the risks to patient safety and reporting incidents.

#### Safety systems and processes

#### The service had clear systems to keep people safe and safeguarded from abuse.

- The provider conducted safety risk assessments. It had appropriate safety policies, which were regularly reviewed and communicated to staff including locums. They outlined clearly who to go to for further guidance. Staff received safety information from the service as part of their induction and refresher training.
- The service had systems to safeguard children and vulnerable adults from abuse. Contact numbers for the local authority safeguarding team were easily accessible and appropriate safeguarding policies were in place. Staff had attended safeguarding training appropriate to their role. They knew how to identify and report concerns. Staff who acted as chaperones were trained for the role and had received a DBS check.
- The provider carried out staff checks at the time of recruitment and on an ongoing basis where appropriate. Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) checks were undertaken where required. (DBS checks identify whether a person has a criminal record or is on an official list of people barred from working in roles where they may have contact with children or adults who may be vulnerable).
- We checked three staff files and found the service checked application forms, qualifications, references, and identification as part of the recruitment process.
- There was an effective system to manage infection prevention and control (IPC). IPC audits had been carried out and daily checks were carried out to ensure the clinic was clean. Extra arrangements were in place to minimise the risks from Covid-19, including cleaning of frequently touched points such as door handles, use of hand gel and social distancing in the waiting area. There were systems for safely managing healthcare waste. Spill kits were available for dealing with spillages of bodily fluids.
- The provider ensured that facilities and equipment were safe, and that equipment was maintained according to manufacturers' instructions. This included having regular fire system checks, fire drills, alarm checks and equipment maintenance checks.

#### **Risks to patients**

#### There were systems to assess, monitor and manage risks to patient safety.

- There were arrangements for planning and monitoring the number and mix of staff needed.
- We saw a company 'training passport', where staff had to undergo training, observe practise and be supervised in practice before being signed off. Staff received an induction specific to the clinic and we saw completed checklists in staff files.
- Staff understood their responsibilities to manage emergencies and to recognise those in need of urgent medical attention. Staff would call the hospital resuscitation team if required.
- There were suitable medicines and equipment to deal with medical emergencies which were stored appropriately and checked regularly.

#### Information to deliver safe care and treatment

#### Staff had the information they needed to deliver safe care and treatment to patients.

## Are services safe?

- Individual care records were written and managed in a way that kept patients safe. The care records we saw showed
  that information needed to deliver safe care and treatment was available to relevant staff in an accessible way. We saw
  in one treatment plan that the patient details were not always written on each individual record sheet so if they
  became separated it would not be possible to identify whose record it was. We discussed this with the clinic manager,
  and they actioned this immediately to ensure all details were recorded on individual sheets and treatment plans were
  securely collated.
- The service had systems for sharing information with staff and other agencies to enable them to deliver safe care and treatment.
- The service had a system in place to retain medical records in line with Department of Health and Social Care (DHSC) guidance if they ceased trading. Records were stored in locked cabinets and keys were kept securely.
- Clinicians made appropriate and timely referrals in line with protocols and up to date evidence-based guidance.

#### Safe and appropriate use of medicines

#### The service had reliable systems for appropriate and safe handling of medicines.

- The systems and arrangements for managing medicines, including emergency medicines and equipment minimised risks. The service kept prescription stationery securely and monitored its use.
- The service did not prescribe controlled drugs (medicines that have the highest level of control due to their risk of misuse and dependence).
- Staff prescribed, administered or supplied medicines to patients and gave advice on medicines in line with legal requirements and current national guidance. Processes were in place for checking medicines and staff kept accurate records of medicines. We saw written records for stock control and daily temperature checks for the medicine's refrigerator.
- We saw in patient records appropriate monthly monitoring had taken place for an acne treatment to minimise risks to the patient.

#### Track record on safety and incidents

#### The service had a good safety record.

- There were risk assessments in relation to safety issues and these had been reviewed to include Covid-19 issues.
- The service monitored and reviewed activity. This helped it to understand risks and gave a clear, accurate and current picture that led to safety improvements.

#### Lessons learned and improvements made

#### The service learned and made improvements when things went wrong.

- There was a system for recording and acting on significant events. Staff understood their duty to raise concerns and report incidents and near misses. Leaders and managers supported them when they did so.
- There were systems for reviewing and investigating when things went wrong. We saw that the provider had a system in
  place to ensure when incidents occurred, they were reviewed, lessons learned, themes identified, and action taken to
  improve safety. Learning was disseminated to staff in all the provider's clinics. For example, the wrong dose was used
  during laser treatment resulting in a burn to a patients' skin. Additional training was provided for the staff member and
  the lessons learned were shared with the clinic staff and the wider provider team.
- The provider was aware of and complied with the requirements of the Duty of Candour. The provider encouraged a culture of openness and honesty.

### Are services safe?

• The service acted on and learned from external safety events as well as patient and medicine safety alerts, which were disseminated through the corporate structure via the Medical Standards Team. The service had an effective mechanism in place to disseminate alerts to all relevant members of the team.

## Are services effective?

#### We rated effective as Good because:

The provider reviewed and monitored care and treatment to ensure it provided effective services. They carried out audits to assess and improve quality, including those on consent and completeness of clinical records. Staff received training appropriate to their roles.

#### Effective needs assessment, care and treatment

The provider had systems to keep clinicians up to date with current evidence-based practice. We saw evidence that clinicians assessed needs and delivered care and treatment in line with current legislation, standards and guidance relevant to their service

- The provider assessed needs and delivered care in line with relevant and current evidence based guidance and standards such as the National Institute for Health and Care Excellence (NICE) best practice guidelines.
- Patients self-referred to this service or were referred by the NHS. Patients' immediate and ongoing needs were fully assessed. This included their clinical needs, their mental and physical well being, and what the patient hoped to achieve from treatment. Patients were discharged with appropriate care and follow up advice, and where appropriate were booked in for follow up appointments.
- Clinicians had enough information to make or confirm a diagnosis.
- We saw no evidence of discrimination when making care and treatment decisions.

#### Monitoring care and treatment

#### The service was actively involved in quality improvement activity.

- The service used information about care and treatment to make improvements. For example, each patient was contacted after their episode of care to check they were satisfied with the service they had received.
- The service used completed audits to make a positive impact on quality of care and outcomes for patients. Regular audits took place on the completeness of clinical records. There was clear evidence of action to resolve concerns and improve quality. For example, an audit of clinical notes had identified a missing signature on a consent form. The service was adjusting the process, so forms were completed electronically to minimise the risk of it happening again.

#### **Effective staffing**

#### Staff had the skills, knowledge and experience to carry out their roles.

- All staff were appropriately qualified. The provider had a clinical induction programme for all newly appointed staff.
- Relevant professionals (medical and nursing) were registered with the General Medical Council (GMC)/ Nursing and Midwifery Council and were up to date with re-validation
- The provider understood the learning needs of staff and provided protected time and training to meet them. Up to date records of skills, qualifications and training were maintained. Staff were encouraged and given opportunities to develop.
- Clinical notes from nursing staff were audited by the clinic manager. Nursing staff had access to support and advice from a regional nurse trainer or medical director, and also attended monthly clinical meetings. Annual appraisals had been carried out for staff.

#### Coordinating patient care and information sharing

#### Staff worked together, and worked well with other organisations, to deliver effective care and treatment.

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## Are services effective?

- Patients received coordinated and person-centred care. Whilst the opportunity for working with other services was limited, the service did so when this was necessary and appropriate. Staff referred to, and communicated effectively with other services when required, such as hospital consultants and the patients GP.
- Before providing treatment, clinical staff at the service ensured they had adequate knowledge of the patient's health, any relevant test results and their medicines history. All patients had a consultation before having any treatment. If the patient had not attended for over a year, they had a new consultation to update on any information.
- All patients were asked for consent to share details of their consultation and any medicines prescribed with their registered GP as required.
- Patient information was shared appropriately (this included when patients moved to other professional services), and the information needed to plan and deliver care and treatment was available to relevant staff in a timely and accessible way. There were clear and effective arrangements for following up on people who had been referred to other services.

#### Supporting patients to live healthier lives

### Staff were consistent and proactive in empowering patients and supporting them to manage their own health and maximise their independence.

- Where appropriate, staff gave people advice so they could self-care, such as wound care advice on discharge and follow up appointments.
- Risk factors were identified, highlighted to patients, and where appropriate highlighted to their normal care provider for additional support. For example, patients were given extra information, support and monitoring if they were prescribed a treatment for acne with known mental health risks and risks during pregnancy.
- Where patients need could not be met by the service, staff redirected them to the appropriate service for their needs.

#### **Consent to care and treatment**

#### The service obtained consent to care and treatment in line with legislation and guidance.

- Staff understood the requirements of legislation and guidance when considering consent and decision making.
- Staff supported patients to make decisions. They understood the procedure for gaining consent for children who were having treatment. Where appropriate, they assessed and recorded a patient's mental capacity to make a decision. Staff had completed training in the Mental Capacity Act 2005. Where necessary, further discussions or delay took place due to the non urgent nature of treatment offered.
- The service monitored the process for seeking consent appropriately, and a consent policy was in place which was kept under review.

## Are services caring?

#### We rated caring as Good because:

Staff treated patients with kindness and compassion and involved them in decisions about their care. The service asked all patients for feedback and their responses were positive. Staff protected patients' privacy and dignity.

#### Kindness, respect and compassion

#### Staff treated patients with kindness, respect and compassion.

- The service sought feedback on the quality of clinical care patients received, and their satisfaction with the service.
- Due to Covid-19 restrictions, we were unable to speak directly with patients or leave CQC comment cards. However, we saw feedback from patients obtained by the provider which was very positive about the way staff treated people.
- Staff understood patients' personal, cultural, social and religious needs. They displayed an understanding and non-judgmental attitude to all patients.
- The service gave patients timely support and information.

#### Involvement in decisions about care and treatment

#### Staff helped patients to be involved in decisions about care and treatment.

- The service had a policy regarding translation services and could offer patients who did not have English as a first language a translator if required. However, there was no information within the clinic or on the service's website indicating information was available in different formats, such as easy read leaflets.
- Clinical notes and discussions showed that patients had sufficient time during consultations to make an informed decision about the choice of treatment available to them.

#### **Privacy and Dignity**

#### The service respected patients' privacy and dignity.

- Staff recognised the importance of people's dignity and respect.
- Staff knew that if patients wanted to discuss sensitive issues or appeared distressed, they could offer them a private room to discuss their needs. There was a sign in the waiting area informing patients they could ask to go to a room if they wanted some privacy.
- Clinic doors were locked from the inside when staff were with patients. Other staff knocked on the door and waited before entering, to maintain patients' privacy and dignity.

### Are services responsive to people's needs?

#### We rated responsive as Good because:

The service organised and delivered services to meet patients' needs. There were short waiting times for appointments, patients were advised of treatment prices in advance and staff made patients aware of their complaints policy.

#### Responding to and meeting people's needs

### The service organised and delivered services to meet patients' needs. It took account of patient needs and preferences.

- The provider understood the needs of their patients and improved services in response to those needs, for example giving out direct clinic email addresses when the central telephone team became very busy as a result of Covid-19 restrictions lifting.
- The facilities and premises were appropriate for the services delivered. Access to the premises and treatment rooms was suitable for patients with restricted mobility
- Reasonable adjustments could be made so that people in vulnerable circumstances could access and use services on an equal basis to others, for instance allowing a carer to be present.
- Prices for different treatments were displayed on the clinic's website. These were discussed in advance of any treatment programme.

#### Timely access to the service

### Patients were able to access care and treatment from the service within an appropriate timescale for their needs.

- Patients had timely access to initial assessment, diagnosis and treatment.
- Waiting times, delays and cancellations were minimal and managed appropriately.
- Patients with the most urgent needs had their care and treatment prioritised.
- Referrals and transfers to other services were undertaken in a timely way, such as referrals to hospital consultants. These were tracked and followed up.

#### Listening and learning from concerns and complaints

### The service took complaints and concerns seriously and responded to them appropriately to improve the quality of care.

- Information about how to make a complaint or raise concerns was available. Staff treated patients who made complaints compassionately.
- The service informed patients of any further action that may be available to them should they not be satisfied with the response to their complaint. There had been no complaints in the last year, out of over 500 patients a month treated.
- The service had a complaint policy and procedures in place. The procedure outlined how they would learn lessons from individual concerns, complaints and from analysis of trends. It would act as a result to improve the quality of care. We saw that complaints from other clinics in the provider group were shared through the Medicines Standard Teams bulletins.

## Are services well-led?

#### We rated well-led as Good because:

Leaders and managers understood the needs of the service and patients using the service. They created positive relationships in line with the provider's values and supported staff with their career development.

#### Leadership capacity and capability

#### Leaders had the capacity and skills to deliver high-quality, sustainable care.

- Leaders were knowledgeable about issues and priorities relating to the quality and future of services. They understood the challenges and had developed clinical strategies focused on areas including clinical governance, risk management, and use of technology.
- Leaders at all levels were visible and approachable. They worked closely with staff and others to make sure they prioritised compassionate and inclusive leadership.
- The provider had effective processes to develop leadership capacity and skills.
- The provider was recruiting for an additional Quality Assurance Lead to provide additional capacity and support for the clinics in the North of England.

#### **Vision and strategy**

### The service had a clear vision and credible strategy to deliver high quality care and promote good outcomes for patients.

- There was a clear vision and set of values. The provider had a clear brand value which was to be accessible, approachable, expert and responsible. The company values focused on brand reputation, customer experience and customer loyalty.
- Staff were aware of and understood the vision, values and strategy and their role in achieving them
- The service monitored progress against delivery of the strategy. It carried out mock CQC audits to assess quality of care against the CQC standards of care.

#### Culture

#### The service had a culture of high-quality sustainable care.

- Staff felt respected, supported and valued. The service focused on the needs of patients.
- Leaders and managers acted on behaviour and performance inconsistent with the vision and values.
- Openness, honesty and transparency were demonstrated when responding to incidents and complaints. The response to the patient set out what had gone wrong and what action the service was going to take to minimise the risk of it happening again. The provider was aware of and had systems to ensure compliance with the requirements of the duty of candour, and these were embedded in corporate policies.
- Staff told us they could raise concerns and were encouraged to do so. They had confidence that these would be addressed.
- There were processes for providing all staff with the development they needed. This included appraisal and career development conversations. Staff had had an annual appraisal in the past 12 months. Staff were supported to meet the requirements of professional re-validation where necessary.
- Clinical staff, including nurses, attended monthly clinical meetings and new members of clinical staff had observed practice.
- There was a strong emphasis on the safety and well-being of all staff.
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### Are services well-led?

- The service actively promoted equality and diversity. Staff had received equality and diversity training. Staff felt they were treated equally.
- There were positive relationships between staff and teams. Virtual staff meetings had continued during the pandemic and staff said they felt supported by the clinic manager and the medical director.

#### **Governance arrangements**

### There were clear responsibilities, roles and systems of accountability to support good governance and management.

- Structures, processes and systems to support good governance and management were clearly set out and understood. The clinic manager had regular update meetings with the medical director, to highlight any changes and to discuss patients' specific needs
- Staff were clear on their roles and accountabilities.
- Leaders had established proper policies, procedures and activities to ensure safety and assured themselves that they were operating as intended, including clear escalation procedures and a medical standards team which oversaw governance arrangements.

#### Managing risks, issues and performance

#### There were clear and effective processes for managing risks, issues and performance.

- There was an effective, process to identify, understand, monitor and address current and future risks including risks to patient safety.
- The service had processes to manage current and future performance. Performance of clinical staff could be demonstrated through audit of their consultations. Leaders had oversight of safety alerts, incidents, and complaints.
- Clinical audit had a positive impact on quality of care and outcomes for patients. There was clear evidence of action to change services to improve quality.
- The provider had plans in place and had trained staff for major incidents.

#### Appropriate and accurate information

#### The service acted on appropriate and accurate information.

- Quality and operational information was used to ensure and improve performance. We were supplied with collated patient feedback after each consultation from the last two years. This covered areas such as staff interaction, professionalism and courtesy. The service was aware of an increase in frustration accessing the service during the Covid-19 pandemic. Any patient leaving negative feedback was called personally to see where the service could improve.
- The service also carried out surveys on whether patients would recommend them to a friend. Patients were also invited to give feedback on the individual performance of clinical staff. Performance information was combined with the views of patients.
- The service used performance information which was reported and monitored, and management and staff were held to account.
- The service submitted data or notifications to external organisations as required.
- There were arrangements in line with data security standards for the availability, integrity and confidentiality of patient identifiable data, records and data management systems.

#### Engagement with patients, the public, staff and external partners

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## Are services well-led?

### The service involved patients, the public, staff and external partners to support high-quality sustainable services.

- The service encouraged and heard views and concerns from the public, patients, staff and external partners and acted on them to shape services and culture. All patients were asked to provide feedback following their treatment at the clinic. Where necessary a further follow up telephone call or appointment took place. The provider demonstrated that any concerns raised were acknowledged within three days.
- Staff felt confident in raising feedback to their manager.

#### Continuous improvement and innovation

#### There was evidence of systems and processes for learning, continuous improvement and innovation.

- There was a focus on continuous learning and improvement.
- The service made use of internal and external reviews of incidents and complaints. Learning was shared and used to make improvements.
- Leaders and managers encouraged staff to take time out to review individual and team objectives, processes and performance.
- There were systems to support improvement and innovation work.