

# The Cedars Healthcare (CG) Ltd The Cedar Grange

### **Inspection report**

453 Stafford Road Wolverhampton WV10 6RR

Tel: 01902256111 Website: www.thecedargrange.co.uk Date of inspection visit: 10 January 2023

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#### Ratings

### Overall rating for this service

Requires Improvement 🧧

Is the service safe?	Requires Improvement 🛛 🔴
Is the service effective?	Requires Improvement 🛛 🔴
Is the service caring?	Good 🔍
Is the service responsive?	Good 🔍
Is the service well-led?	Requires Improvement 🛛 🗕

## Summary of findings

### Overall summary

#### About the service

The Cedars Grange is a care home providing personal care for up to 58 people. Some of the people in the home are living with dementia. People have access to their own bedroom along with communal spaces including lounges and gardens. The home is one adapted building that operates two separate wings. At the time of our inspection 36 people were living in the home.

#### People's experience of using this service and what we found

People were not supported to have maximum choice and control of their lives. Staff did not always support them in the least restrictive way possible and in their best interests; the policies and systems in the service did not support this practice.

The home had improved since our last inspection. Where people displayed periods of emotional distress improvements were needed to ensure care plans were fully reflective of this and what this meant for people. Protocols that related to the administration of medicines for agitation also required further detail. Systems that had been introduced since our last inspection to manage the quality within the service, needed to improve to ensure they identified all areas of improvements.

Risks to people were assessed and monitored, when incidents occurred these were reviewed. Medicines were managed in a safe and people received these as prescribed when needed. There were enough suitably trained and recruited staff to support people. There were procedures in place to ensure people were protected from potential abuse. We also found infection control procedures were in place and followed.

People were happy with care they received and the staff that supported them, they felt the home had improved and involved with the process. People were treated in a kind and caring way. Their dignity and privacy were considered, and their independence promoted. When people had cultural needs, these were now considered.

When people had health needs these were considered and reviewed, and the home worked with external agencies and professionals to ensure people received the correct levels of support. People received foods in line with their dietary requirements and enjoyed a choice of foods that they were offered.

There were now systems in place to govern the home, audits in place were identifying areas of concerns and action was then taken. People felt able to complain and there were procedures in place. Staff felt involved with the running of the home, they felt supported and listened to by the new manager and the provider.

For more details, please see the full report which is on the CQC website at www.cqc.org.uk

#### Rating at last inspection The last rating for the service was inadequate. (Published 15 September 2022.)

This service has been in Special Measures since 16 September 2022. During this inspection the provider demonstrated that improvements have been made. The service is no longer rated as inadequate overall or in any of the key questions. Therefore, this service is no longer in Special Measures.

At this inspection we found the provider remained in breach of regulations. You can see what action we have asked the provider to take at the end of this full report.

#### Why we inspected

This inspection was carried out to follow up on action we told the provider to take at the last inspection. The overall rating for the service has changed from inadequate to requires improvement based on the findings of this inspection.

You can see what action we have asked the provider to take at the end of this full report.

#### Enforcement

We are mindful of the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on our regulatory function. This meant we took account of the exceptional circumstances arising as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic when considering what enforcement action was necessary and proportionate to keep people safe as a result of this inspection.

We have identified breaches in relation to capacity and consent.

#### Follow up

We will request an action plan from the provider to understand what they will do to improve the standards of quality and safety. We will work alongside the provider and local authority to monitor progress. We will continue to monitor information we receive about the service, which will help inform when we next inspect.

### The five questions we ask about services and what we found

We always ask the following five questions of services.

Is the service safe?	Requires Improvement 😑
The service was not always safe. Details are in our safe findings below.	
Is the service effective?	Requires Improvement 😑
The service was not always effective. Details are in our effective findings below.	
Is the service caring?	Good •
The service was caring. Details are in our caring findings below.	
Is the service responsive?	Good ●
The service was responsive Details are in our responsive findings below.	
Is the service well-led?	Requires Improvement 🗕
The service was not always well-led. Details are in our well-led findings below.	



# The Cedar Grange Detailed findings

### Background to this inspection

#### The inspection

We carried out this inspection under Section 60 of the Health and Social Care Act 2008 (the Act) as part of our regulatory functions. We checked whether the provider was meeting the legal requirements and regulations associated with the Act. We looked at the overall quality of the service and provided a rating for the service under the Health and Social Care Act 2008.

As part of this inspection we looked at the infection control and prevention measures in place. This was conducted so we can understand the preparedness of the service in preventing or managing an infection outbreak, and to identify good practice we can share with other services.

#### Inspection team

The inspection was carried out by three inspectors and an expert by experience. An Expert by experience is a person who has personal experience of using or caring for someone who uses this type of care service.

#### Service and service type

The Cedar Grange is a 'care home'. People in care homes receive accommodation and nursing or personal care as a single package under one contractual agreement. CQC regulates both the premises and the care provided, and both were looked at during this inspection.

#### Registered Manager

This service is required to have a registered manager. A registered manager is a person who has registered with the Care Quality Commission to manage the service. This means that they and the provider are legally responsible for how the service is run and for the quality and safety of the care provided.

At the time of our inspection there was a new manager in post, they are in the process of registering with us.

Notice of inspection The inspection was unannounced.

What we did before the inspection

We reviewed information we had received about the service since the last inspection. We sought feedback from the local authority and professionals who work with the service. We also spoke with the police.

The provider was not asked to complete a provider information return prior to this inspection. This is information we require providers to send us to give some key information about the service, what the service does well and improvements they plan to make. We took this into account when we inspected the service and made the judgements in this report. We used all this information to plan our inspection.

#### During the inspection

During our inspection we spoke with 10 people and 1 relative. We also spoke with the manager and the provider. We spoke with 5 staff including, care staff, senior staff and deputies. We looked at the care records for 10 people. We checked the care they received matched the information in their records. We looked at records relating to the management of the service, including recruitment file and audits carried out within the home.

### Is the service safe?

# Our findings

Safe – this means we looked for evidence that people were protected from abuse and avoidable harm.

At our last inspection we rated this key question inadequate. The rating for this key question has changed to requires improvement. This meant some aspects of the service were not always safe and there was limited assurance about safety. There was an increased risk that people could be harmed.

At our last inspection the provider had failed to establish systems to assess, monitor and mitigate risks to the health, safety and welfare of people using the service and ensure the safe management of medicines. We also found concerns with infection control procedures within the home and they could not always evidence how lessons were learnt when things had gone wrong.

This was a breach of regulation 12 of the Health and Social Care Act 2008 (Regulated Activities) Regulations 2014.

Enough improvement had been made at this inspection and the provider was no longer in breach of regulation 12.

Assessing risk, safety monitoring and management. Learning lessons when things go wrong

- Risks to people were now considered and reviewed. When people were displaying periods of emotional distress these incidents were now documented. Further improvements were needed to ensure the care plans that had been introduced had detailed information in to ensure people received the correct support they needed during these times.
- When individual risks had been identified for people, although the information was recorded it was often not in management plans or in different files within the home. It was therefore hard to follow and placed people at risk as staff did not always have the information they needed. The manager told us they would ensure that information related to risk management were all stored together so the action taken could clearly be identified.

• Improvements had been made and when incidents had occurred in the home, these were now reviewed. Actions were then taken to ensure the person was safe and to mitigate the risk of these incidents reoccurring. Care plans and risk assessments were also reviewed to ensure people were receiving the correct levels of support.

• Where people were at risk of choking risk assessments had been completed in line with guidance from Speech and Language Therapist (SALT) and we observed people received diets in line with these. Where people chose not to follow this guidance there were risk assessments in place identifying this and action needed.

• The provider and manager were able to demonstrate how they used information to ensure lessons were learnt when things had gone wrong. For example, when falls had occurred this information was reviewed and analysed to see if anything could have been completed differently. This information was shared and discussed with staff so they could be involved with the process.

Using medicines safely

• Improvements had been made and people were now receiving their medicines in line with how they were prescribed. When people were prescribed 'as required' medicines there were protocols in place to ensure staff had the information to administer these medicines when people needed them. Although most protocols were detailed when people received medicine for 'agitation' further improvements were needed to ensure staff had the detailed information needed to know when to administer these. The records we reviewed showed people had received these when needed.

• People told us they received their medicines as prescribed and we saw these were administered to people in a safe way.

- When people were refusing their medicines, new procedure had been introduced and we saw these were followed to ensure people were safe.
- Since our last inspection staff administering medicines had completed training and a competency check to ensure they were safe to administer medicines.

Preventing and controlling infection

- We were assured that the provider was preventing visitors from catching and spreading infections.
- We were assured that the provider was supporting people living at the service to minimise the spread of infection.
- We were assured that the provider was admitting people safely to the service.
- We were assured that the provider was using Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) effectively and safely.
- We were assured that the provider was responding effectively to risks and signs of infection.
- We were assured that the provider was promoting safety through the layout and hygiene practices of the premises.
- We were assured that the provider was making sure infection outbreaks can be effectively prevented or managed.
- We were assured that the provider's infection prevention and control policy was up to date.

#### Visiting in care homes

• There were no restriction placed on visiting and visitors could access the home freely.

At our last inspection the provider had failed to ensure people were always protected from the risk of abuse. This was a breach of regulation 13 of the Health and Social Care Act 2008 (Regulated Activities) Regulations 2014.

Enough improvement had been made at this inspection and the provider was no longer in breach of regulation 13.

Systems and processes to safeguard people from the risk of abuse

- There were procedures in place to ensure people were protected from potential abuse. The manager was able to give us examples of when they had followed these procedures. We saw when needed safeguarding concerns had been raised to external sources.
- Improvements had been made since the last inspection. People told us they felt safe living in the home. One person said, "I feel safe here, the girls look after me I have no concerns". A relative told us, "I know my relation is safe, they are in a secure building, with 24-hour staff supervision. I sleep well at night knowing they are protected".

• Staff had received training and understood when people may be at risk of harm. They told us they felt more confident that action would now be taken if they raised concerns. Staff were able to demonstrate an

understanding of this to us and tell us what action they would take if they had any concerns.

At our last inspection there was not enough staff to meet people's needs and keep them safe. This was a breach of regulation 18 of the Health and Social Care Act 2008 (Regulated Activities) Regulations 2014.

Enough improvement had been made at this inspection and the provider was no longer in breach of regulation 18.

#### Staff and recruitment

• There were enough staff available to support people. One person said, "There are enough staff on duty, if I need help, I just have to ask. If I am in my bedroom, I press the buzzer, they come quickly". Another person told us, "If I need help during the night, I can get the staff using the bell, they come pretty quickly".

• We saw there were staff available to support people in communal areas, during mealtimes and when they asked for support. When people required assistance, we saw call bells were answered quickly and staff responded to these.

• There was a tool in place that identified how many staff were needed. The provider and manager told us this was reviewed, and staffing could be adjusted accordingly.

• We saw staff had received the relevant pre employment checks before they could start working in the home to ensure they were safe to do so.

### Is the service effective?

# Our findings

Effective – this means we looked for evidence that people's care, treatment and support achieved good outcomes and promoted a good quality of life, based on best available evidence.

At our last inspection we rated this key question inadequate. The rating for this key question has changed to requires improvement. This meant the effectiveness of people's care, treatment and support did not always achieve good outcomes or was inconsistent.

At our last inspection the principles of MCA were not understood or followed within the home. This was a breach of regulation 11 of the Health and Social Care Act 2008 (Regulated Activities) Regulations 2014.

Not enough improvement had been made at this inspection and the provider was still in breach of regulation 11.

Ensuring consent to care and treatment in line with law and guidance

The Mental Capacity Act 2005 (MCA) provides a legal framework for making particular decisions on behalf of people who may lack the mental capacity to do so for themselves. The MCA requires that, as far as possible, people make their own decisions and are helped to do so when needed. When they lack mental capacity to take particular decisions, any made on their behalf must be in their best interests and as least restrictive as possible.

People can only be deprived of their liberty to receive care and treatment when this is in their best interests and legally authorised under the MCA.

In care homes, and some hospitals, this is usually through MCA application procedures called the Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards (DoLS).

We checked whether the service was working within the principles of the MCA, whether appropriate legal authorisations were in place when needed to deprive a person of their liberty, and whether any conditions relating to those authorisations were being met.

• The principles of MCA were not always followed. It was unclear from the documentation being used where people lacked capacity to make certain decisions. For example, for various people we saw capacity assessments were completed. From the information recorded it stated people had capacity, however there were then best interests' decisions in place for these people, which is not in line with the MCA. Staff and the manager confirmed to us these people did not have capacity, this was also confirmed to us as these people had DoLS authorisations in place. The manager told us they were implemented a new format to ensure the decisions were clearer.

• For some people when needed capacity assessments or best interests' decision were not always in place. For example, one person had plans in place to receive covert medicines should they require them. Although there were clear protocols in place for receiving these, there was no individual capacity assessment or best interest decisions in place for this. This meant the correct process had not been followed.

• Another person had a capacity assessment complete that identified they could not make certain decisions

for themselves, however this had not been completed in this person first language, so it was unclear how this decision had been made. Improvements were also needed to show how decisions had been made on other people's MCA's.

• We also saw relatives were signing consent forms on behalf of people, with or without capacity without the legal power to do so. The provider was inviting relatives to sign forms on behalf of people. This is not within the requirements of MCA.

• Staff had received training on MCA and there was an understanding around consent however further training was needed to ensure capacity was fully understood within the home.

• Where needed people had DoLS authorisations in place or application had been made on behalf of people. When conditions were in place the manager was aware of these and they were being met.

The principles of the MCA were not followed. This placed people at risk of harm. This was a continued breach of regulation 11 of the Health and Social Care Act 2008 (Regulated Activities) Regulations 2014.

At our last inspection people's health needs were not consistently managed, and professional advice was not always sought or followed. This was a breach of regulation 12 of the Health and Social Care Act 2008 (Regulated Activities) Regulations 2014.

Enough improvement had been made at this inspection and the provider was no longer in breach of regulation 12.

Staff working with other agencies to provide consistent, effective, timely care. Supporting people to live healthier lives, access healthcare services and support

- People had access to health care professionals. When needed people had been referred to other professionals for advice and support. For example, people were supported by mental health service, SALT and the rapid intervention team (RIT).
- When professionals had assessed and offered guidance to support people, there were care plans in place reflective of this and people were supported in line with these.
- We saw people had regular access to a GP who worked closely with the management team to ensure people were reviewed and the correct support provided.

• People's oral health care was considered and there were plans in place identifying the levels of support they needed.

At our last inspection staff had not always received adequate training to ensure they were able to support people in a safe way. This was a breach of regulation 18 of the Health and Social Care Act 2008 (Regulated Activities) Regulations 2014.

Enough improvement had been made at this inspection and the provider was no longer in breach of regulation 18.

Staff support: induction, training, skills and experience

• Staff had received training to meet people's needs. We saw and staff confirmed since our last inspection staff had received refreshers in training, this included, safeguarding and manual handling. They had also received training in areas where they had previously not had adequate training including dysphagia (eating and drinking) and emergency first aid.

• People felt staff had the relevant training to support them and raised no concerns to us. One person said, "The staff know us well, they give us the help and support how we like it. They know all about my family and who visits when, we feel like one big family".

• Staff felt the training had improved since the last inspection and this supported them to have the relevant skills to support people.

• A training matrix was in place which monitored staffs training needs.

• There was an induction process in place for new starters. This included training and the opportunity to shadow more experienced staff whilst getting to know the people they were supporting

Supporting people to eat and drink enough to maintain a balanced diet

• People enjoyed the food and the mealtime atmosphere was relaxed. One person said, "The food is very good, I get a choice of meals and they always offer to make me something else if I don't like what's on the menu".

• When needed people received support to eat and drink. We saw that people were offered a verbal choice. Staff spent time with people and were not rushed to ensure they had an enjoyable mealtime.

• When concerns had been identified with people's eating and drinking, or people had individual diets such as diabetic or celiac, care plans and risk assessments were in place, we saw these were followed throughout our inspection.

Adapting service, design, decoration to meet people's needs

- The home was odour free and clean. It had been designed to meet people's needs. Communal areas met people's needs, with equipment they needed, and bedroom were individual to the person. Changes had been made to the environment since our last inspection.
- Adapted equipment was available to support people, including hoists and bathrooms.
- There was garden available that was accessibly for people living in the home.

Assessing people's needs and choices; delivering care in line with standards, guidance and the law

• People's needs were assessed before they started using the service. This considered people's gender, culture and religion as well as people's physical and health needs. This information was reflected in people's care plans.

• People and those important to them were involved with this process.

### Is the service caring?

# Our findings

Caring – this means we looked for evidence that the service involved people and treated them with compassion, kindness, dignity and respect.

At our last inspection we rated this key question requires improvement. The rating for this key question has changed to good. This meant people were supported and treated with dignity and respect; and involved as partners in their care.

At our last inspection people were not actively involved in their decision making or offered choices. There cultural needs were not considered. This was a breach of regulation 9 of the Health and Social Care Act 2008 (Regulated Activities) Regulations 2014.

Enough improvement had been made at this inspection and the provider was no longer in breach of regulation 9.

Ensuring people are well treated and supported; respecting equality and diversity

- People's cultural needs had been considered. Improvements had been made and there were care plans in place that documented people's individual needs in relation to their culture, staff were aware of these and how to support people.
- People and relatives were happy with the staff that supported them. One person said, "The staff are kind, they will bend over backwards for you". Another person told us, "Sometimes I get a little tearful, the staff are always quick to offer a hug, or to hold my hand".
- Staff knew people well and were able to tell us information about people, including their preferences. This information was recorded in people's care plans to ensure care delivered was consistent.
- The provider had recorded compliments received from people and their relatives where the caring nature of staff had been shared.

Supporting people to express their views and be involved in making decisions about their care

- Care plans reflected people's preferences and choices and how these were made. For example, it was recorded where people preferred female care staff.
- People and those important to them, were involved with their care and these were regularly reviewed. One relative told us, "I am fully involved with my relations care plan, it's very important as they are not able to tell them".
- People and staff told us they offered people choices when offering support. One person said, "I am involved with my care, I make choices about when to go to bed and get up, what to eat and how I spend my time during the day. I only have to ask, and I mostly get what I want". One staff member said, "I always ask people what they would like, I think it's important they still make those choices even though they live here".

Respecting and promoting people's privacy, dignity and independence

• People's privacy and dignity was encouraged and promoted. One person told us, "The staff are always kind, respectful and polite. They knock my door and wait for me to invite them in, it's a lovely atmosphere,

like one big happy family".

- Staff told us how they encouraged people to do tasks for themselves, to ensure they remained independent as long as possible.
- Records we reviewed reflected the levels of support people needed.

### Is the service responsive?

# Our findings

Responsive – this means we looked for evidence that the service met people's needs.

At our last inspection we rated this key question inadequate. The rating for this key question has changed to good. This meant people's needs were met through good organisation and delivery.

At our last inspection people were not actively involved in their care or decision making. There communication needs were not always considered. This was a breach of regulation 9 of the Health and Social Care Act 2008 (Regulated Activities) Regulations 2014.

Enough improvement had been made at this inspection and the provider was no longer in breach of regulation 9.

Since 2016 onwards all organisations that provide publicly funded adult social care are legally required to follow the Accessible Information Standard (AIS). The standard was introduced to make sure people are given information in a way they can understand. The standard applies to all people with a disability, impairment or sensory loss and in some circumstances to their carers.

• Improvements had been made and people's communication needs were considered. Where people's first language was not English plans were now in place identifying this. The manager had introduced communication books for people so they could use these should they wish. The manager had also introduced a circle of support for people so that they could talk to people in their preferred language, this was to understand how the person was feeling.

- For other people their communication needs had been assessed and considered. There were plans in place stating people's preferred communication methods and how staff could support theme with this.
- The Accessible Information Standard were considered and understood by the provider and manager. Information was available for people in different formats should they need this.

Planning personalised care to ensure people have choice and control and to meet their needs and preferences

- People had care plans in place. These considered their individual preferences. One person told us, "I have a full body wash, I find it difficult in the shower or bath, they know this and respect my choice". Staff knew people well and were able to give us detailed accounts of people.
- People had the opportunity to be involved with their care. The manager had introduced resident of the day. This gave people the opportunity to have all aspects of their care reviewed.

#### End of life care and support

- There was no one currently who was being supported with end of life care.
- The manager told us, and we saw they had developed new care plans to implement should people need these. For some people they had advanced decision in place and information regarding their preference for the future.

Supporting people to develop and maintain relationships to avoid social isolation; support to follow interests and to take part in activities that are socially and culturally relevant to them

• People had the opportunity to participate in activities they enjoyed. One person said, "There are lots of different activities going on, like art and craft, painting, singing and exercising in our chairs." Another person commented, "I love the singing and musicians that visit, they are my favourite".

• People told us their friends and families could visit when they wanted to, and we saw this throughout our inspection.

Improving care quality in response to complaints or concerns

• People and relatives now felt able to complain. One person said, "I have never made a complaint, but I know who to make one to".

• There was a complaints policy in place. When complaints had been made the provider had responded to these in line with their policy.

### Is the service well-led?

# Our findings

Well-Led – this means we looked for evidence that service leadership, management and governance assured high-quality, person-centred care; supported learning and innovation; and promoted an open, fair culture.

At our last inspection we rated this key question inadequate. The rating for this key question has changed to requires improvement. This meant the service management and leadership was inconsistent. Leaders and the culture they created did not always support the delivery of high-quality, person-centred care.

At our last inspection the provider had failed to operate good governance systems to assess, monitor and improve the quality and safety of the services provided. This was a breach of regulation 17 of the Health and Social Care Act 2008 (Regulated Activities) Regulations 2014.

Not enough improvement had been made at this inspection and the provider was still in breach of regulation 17.

Managers and staff being clear about their roles, and understanding quality performance, risks and regulatory requirements; Continuous learning and improving care

- Quality checks and audits were now completed in the service, however these were not always effective. Improvements were needed to ensure all areas of improvement had been identified. For example, the audits had not identified that there was not MCA assessments in place for people with covert medicines and that people had not had MCAs completed in their first language.
- Systems that had been introduced had not identified some care plans lacked details for example around agitation.
- We saw through their audit process the provider had identified that improvements were needed to ensure areas in relation to capacity and consent was completed correctly, however there were no references as to how this would be completed and when by.
- More robust systems were needed to ensure information relating to people's risks were available so that staff had all the information when needed.

Further improvements were needed to ensure all systems were effective identifying areas of improvement. This placed people at risk of harm. This was a continued breach of regulation 17 of the Health and Social Care Act 2008 (Regulated Activities) Regulations 2014.

• Quality checks introduced covered areas such as medicines management, infection control and care planning. When areas of improvement had been identified there was evidence to show what action had been taken and how this information had been used to drive improvements.

At our last inspection the provider had failed to notify us of significant events within the home. This is a breach of regulation 18 of The Care Quality Commission (Registration) Regulation 2009.

Enough improvement had been made at this inspection and the provider was no longer in breach of

regulation 18.

• We had been notified about events that had happened within the service when needed.

Engaging and involving people using the service, the public and staff, fully considering their equality characteristics

- Feedback was sought from people who used the service. The feedback that we reviewed was positive.
- Staff attended supervisions and team meetings so that they could share their views. Staff felt supported and listened to by the manager and provider and spoke positively about the changes that had been made.
- Staff understood their roles and responsibilities and there were clear lines of delegation since the introduction of the new manager.

Promoting a positive culture that is person-centred, open, inclusive and empowering, which achieves good outcomes for people

• People liked the home and living there. One person said, "We have had a change of manager, she is very nice, she regularly comes into the lounges and talks to us. I think she is approachable, and I would not hesitate to speak to her if I was unhappy". A relative told us, "New staff have been recruited and there seem to be more of them around, they know my relation very well and the communication is much better. There have been family meetings and the owner has set up a WhatsApp group for families so we can keep in touch. Before nothing was documented, I never knew what my relation was doing or had eaten, but now it is all recorded".

• Staff worked closely with people to ensure they received good outcomes. Staff were able to give us examples of this including when they supported someone with their cultural needs.

How the provider understands and acts on the duty of candour, which is their legal responsibility to be open and honest with people when something goes wrong

- Duty of candour requirements were understood and met.
- Since our last inspection the manager and provider had been open and honest with people and their relatives and ensured they were notified of events accordingly.

Working in partnership with others

• The service worked closely with other agencies to ensure people received the care they needed.

### This section is primarily information for the provider

### Action we have told the provider to take

The table below shows where regulations were not being met and we have asked the provider to send us a report that says what action they are going to take.We will check that this action is taken by the provider.

Regulated activity	Regulation
Accommodation for persons who require nursing or personal care	Regulation 11 HSCA RA Regulations 2014 Need for consent
	The principles of MCA were not always followed or met.
Regulated activity	Regulation
Regulated activity Accommodation for persons who require nursing or personal care	Regulation Regulation 17 HSCA RA Regulations 2014 Good governance