

Vivo Care Choices Limited

Shared Lives Coronation Centre

Inspection report

Coronation Road Ellesmere Port Merseyside CH65 9AB

Tel: 01606271583

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Ratings

Overall rating for this service	Good •
Is the service safe?	Good
Is the service effective?	Good
Is the service caring?	Good
Is the service responsive?	Good
Is the service well-led?	Requires Improvement •

Summary of findings

Overall summary

We visited the service on 12 May 2016 and we gave short notice to the registered provider prior to our visit to ensure that someone would be available to assist with the inspection process. This service was registered with the Care Quality Commission in March 2014 and this was their first inspection.

The service is managed by VIVO Care Choices Limited to provide long term family support, respite care and sessional support to adults. The scheme currently supports 14 people. People live with carers in the carer's own homes.

There was a registered manager employed to work at the service and they had been registered for five months. A registered manager is a person who has registered with the Care Quality Commission to manage the service. Like registered providers, they are 'registered persons'. Registered persons have legal responsibility for meeting the requirements in the Health and Social Care Act 2008 and associated Regulations about how the service is run.

People told us they were happy and they liked living with their carers. They said "I feel safe with my carer", "I like to go out with my carer" and "I am okay".

People and carers told us that they did not know who the registered manager was and no contact had been made with them. This meant that the registered manager did not know the people who used the service or the carers and relied on the knowledge and experience of the deputy manager and care co-ordinators.

Care plan documentation was person centred and gave good information about the individual needs of each person. A risk assessment was tailored to each person's particular requirements. Some people were supported with their medications and these were managed by the carers. All documentation seen was up to date.

There were robust staff recruitment processes in place which meant that people were protected from staff that were unsuitable to work with people who may be deemed vulnerable. Staff had undertaken an induction and had access to supervision sessions, staff meetings and training relevant to their job role.

People and carers had access to information about the service that included a statement of purpose and this was written in large print to help people who might find standard print difficult to read.

A complaints policy was available and processes were in place should a complaint be received. The registered provider had not received any complaints and CQC had also not received any complaints about this service.

People said they were safe with their carers. Staff and carers were aware of safeguarding policies and procedures and had undertaken safeguarding awareness training. The registered manager understood the

principles of the Mental Capacity Act (MCA) 2005 and the implications on people who used the service. Staff had an awareness of the MCA through the induction process and safeguarding training.

Quality assurance processes were in place which included meetings held with carers and annual reviews of people's care. There were also a range of audits undertaken in relation to the service provided that monitored its safety and effectiveness.

The five questions we ask about services and what we found		
We always ask the fo	llowing five questions of services.	
Is the service safe	e?	Good •
The service was safe.		
0	lures were in place and staff and carers had raining in safeguarding adults. Carers nedicines safely.	
	practices and processes were in place. Ires were available to make sure that unsafe ed.	
Is the service effe	ective?	Good •
The service was effec	ctive.	
Staff and carers had a supervision.	access to relevant training and received	
to the Mental Capaci	der had policies and procedures in relation ty Act 2005 (MCA). The registered manager of how to ensure decisions were made in a ts.	
People were support eating was encourag	eed to choose meals and in general healthy eed.	
Is the service cari	ing?	Good •
The service was carir	ng.	
'	e service said carers were kind and friendly at they liked living with their carers.	
0 0	eople and carers frequently and showed an arers and knew people well.	
Is the service resp	ponsive?	Good •
The service was respo	onsive.	
No concerns or comp	plaints had been made although processes	

to deal with a complaint were in place if needed. People knew

how to make a complaint if they were unhappy.

People were supported with their healthcare needs by their carers and with the involvement of relatives or representatives where appropriate.

Is the service well-led?

The service was not always well led.

The service had a registered manager in place who had worked for the registered provider for 10 years. People who used the service and carers did not know who the registered manager

A range of quality assurance systems were in place to monitor the service provided. Audits were completed with actions taken when appropriate.

Requires Improvement





Shared Lives Coronation Centre

Detailed findings

Background to this inspection

We carried out this inspection under Section 60 of the Health and Social Care Act 2008 as part of our regulatory functions. This inspection was planned to check whether the provider is meeting the legal requirements and regulations associated with the Health and Social Care Act 2008, to look at the overall quality of the service, and to provide a rating for the service under the Care Act 2014.

We inspected the service on 12 May 2016. The inspection visit was announced and the inspection team consisted of one adult social care inspector. The registered provider was given short notice because the location provides a shared lives service and we needed to be sure that someone would be available at the office to assist in the inspection process.

We spent time at the office looking at records. This included three people's care and support records, two staff recruitment files, three carer recruitment files, policies and procedures and other records relating to the management of the service.

We spoke with the registered manager, a staff member and carer on the day of the inspection. We telephoned three carers after the inspection and visited two people who used the service.

Before our inspection, we reviewed all the information we held about the service. This included looking at any safeguarding referrals received, whether any complaints had been made and any other information from members of the public. We looked at notifications we had received. A notification is information about important events which the service is required to tell us about by law.

The registered provider completed a Provider Information Return (PIR) as requested. This is a form that asks the registered provider to give key information about the service, for example, what the service does well and any improvements they intend to make.





Is the service safe?

Our findings

People told us that they felt safe with their carers and other staff members. They said they felt safe within their home and when out and about in the community. Carers told us people were kept safe. Comments included "The person is not left alone in the home" and "We are always with [name] when they are out and about in the community."

The registered provider had robust recruitment processes in place for the recruitment of staff. We looked at two staff recruitment files and saw that staff had completed an application form with their employment history included and attended an interview. Two references were undertaken, one of which was from the staff member's previous employer. A Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) identity check was undertaken. This check is undertaken to ensure that staff are not included on the barring list and that they are suitable to work with vulnerable adults. We also saw the recruitment files of three carers. Carers are people who support people on long term, respite care, or sessional work for people who used the service. A personal profile was completed by the carer and three references were taken which included one from a previous employer and their GP. The carer attends a series of interviews which lead to a report for approval being prepared for panel. Once this was agreed the carer was "matched" to a person. We spoke with one new carer who said that the process had been lengthy but they understood that this needed to occur to ensure that the placement was suitable and safe.

People told us that they had lived with their carer for a long time and that their carers were available when they needed support. Some people also had sessional or respite care and people said they knew these carers well. We looked at the rotas for carers undertaking sessional support over a two-weekly period and saw that carers were available when people needed them. Office staff consisted of the care co-ordinators and administrator and they were on duty during core working hours, Monday to Friday, 9.00am to 5.00pm. Outside these hours people and carers had telephone numbers of people they could call for advice and support.

Staff told us how they would keep people safe. They explained about protecting people from abuse and they confirmed the process they would undertake if they suspected abuse had taken place. One staff member gave different examples of what might be abuse, which included hitting someone or being verbally aggressive towards a person. Staff and carers told us they had undertaken training in safeguarding adults from abuse. The registered provider had a safeguarding policy and copies of the local authority's policy on safeguarding adults. Staff confirmed that they were aware of the registered provider's policy which included a flow chart on the process to be undertaken if abuse was suspected. They said they were aware of the local authority's policy and also the whistle blowing policy and they said "You can report a colleague" under the protection of this policy. The registered manager explained they used a document to determine the thresholds for safeguarding procedures. If this was not met then the incident would be recorded as a "low level" incident. Copies of these were seen and showed how this process had been undertaken. These were sent on a monthly basis to the local authority safeguarding team. No safeguarding referrals had been made, however, procedures were in place which showed what would happen if a referral was made.

Within the Provider Information return (PIR) the registered manager explained that risk assessments were in place to enable people who used the service to safely undertake tasks and activities without restricting them. An up to date risk assessment was seen within each person's care planning documentation. These covered personal care, medication, moving and handling, safety when out and about in the community, finances and safety within the home. Most people were not left alone in the home, however, where it was deemed appropriate risk assessments had been carried out for this. One person told us that they sometimes stayed at home alone for up to an hour. They were aware of how to keep themselves safe during this time.

People told us that they had some help with taking their medication. Some people only required prompting whilst others received more support. The registered provider had a policy and procedure for medication management and administration. Information regarding medication was also included in the carer's handbook. The staff and carers were aware of the policy and had undertaken training in medication awareness where appropriate. Risk assessments were in place for people who needed support with medication and appropriate records were kept.



Is the service effective?

Our findings

People told us that they liked living with their carers and getting out and about in the community. Comments included "I like going out to the shops with [name]" and "I like living with [name]."

Within the Provider Information return (PIR) the registered manager explained that some people had used the service for a long time and had built up good relationships with their carers. Carers told us that people were put at the centre of all they do. They said that people and relevant others been involved in planning their care and support. An initial assessment was provided by the person's social worker and this gave detailed information about the abilities of the person and the support they required. Prior to moving in with a carer people met with them and visited their home to ensure they were happy to move in. The length of time that was spent with the carer gradually increased and led to an overnight stay. During this time the carer gathered information about the person as a way of getting to know them. The registered manager explained that there were no set timelines for this and it was done at the pace of the individual. Following each stage, checks were made with the person, their family and the carer to ensure that the individual was settling well. Once this process had been completed and the person was happy they moved into the carer's home. We spoke with a new carer who explained that they had just started to work with one person and that the preliminary visits had gone well.

People told us that they liked the food and chose meals they liked. A menu was usually planned in advance with the carer. Some people told us they liked to help with the shopping whilst others said they preferred not to go shopping. Carers told us that a wide range of foods were provided over the week and that a healthy diet was encouraged with some "treats" included as well. Staff told us and records confirmed staff and carers had undertaken training in food safety. At present no one had any specific dietary requirements. However, carers and staff explained these would be taken into account as necessary and it would be included in care plans and risk assessments.

People told us that they received good support from the carers. Carers assisted people with medical appointments and helped them maintain their healthcare needs when required to do so. These included visits to the GP, hospital, consultants, optician, chiropodist and dentist. Plans were in place which outlined people's individual healthcare needs. When a person had attended a medical appointment the outcome of this was shared with the care co-ordinator and this information was recorded on the person's care notes. For example on one person's care notes it states "Carer taken [name] to the GP. Blood sample taken and to wait for test results".

The Mental Capacity Act 2005 (MCA) provides a legal framework for making particular decisions on behalf of people who may lack the mental capacity to do so for themselves. The Act requires that as far as possible people make their own decisions and are helped to do so when needed. When they lack mental capacity to take particular decisions, any made on their behalf must be in their best interests and as least restrictive as possible. People can only be deprived of their liberty to receive care and treatment when this was in their best interests and legally authorised under the MCA 2005.

We checked whether the service was working within the principles of the MCA 2005 and DoLS, and whether any conditions or authorisations to deprive a person of their liberty were being met. The registered manager had good knowledge and understanding of the principles of the Act and how to determine people's capacity. Copies of the code of practice were available at the service. DoLS authorisations had been submitted to the local authority for people where restrictions were in place. For example the choice of where to live and the use of locked doors. Staff told us they had received training on an introduction to Mental Capacity which included an overview of the Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards (DoLS).

Staff and carers told us they received regular supervision and they were well supported by the management team. Supervisions provided staff with the opportunity to discuss their responsibilities and to develop in their role. Staff were also invited to attend regular staff meetings. We saw the minutes of meetings which were held regularly. This meant that staff had the opportunity to discuss their work and the service with the management team.

An induction and training programme was in place. Many staff had worked for the service for a number of years and said they had undertaken an induction process which had included shadowing an experienced staff member for a week. Staff and carers completed a basic induction on their first day which was followed with training the registered provider considered was mandatory. Staff said they received a copy of the employee handbook and records confirmed this. This contained information about the organisation, disciplinary and grievance procedures and a range of key policies and procedures. Records showed staff had completed the induction process. The registered manager explained that the Care Certificate had been started with new staff members. This meant that staff had received induction and training appropriate to their role. Carers were expected to undertake a range of training that included safeguarding, moving and handling, food and fire safety and medication awareness. We saw that this was reviewed during the carer's annual review and records showed training was on-going.

Records showed a range of courses that staff had attended. These included moving and handling, safeguarding, medication, health and safety, fire safety, infection control and equality and diversity. Certificates were seen on staff files and refresher training was attended when required by the staff team. Staff told us that the training was good. The service had an in-house trainer who completed induction and training needs.



Is the service caring?

Our findings

People told us they were well supported by carers and that they were kind and caring towards them. One person said "[Name] helps me when I need it".

People told us they were very happy and fond of their carers. They said "[Name] is caring, patient and understanding. Always ready to lend and ear and cheer me up", "Carers are kind and caring and bring much loved companionship" and "I am always treated with honesty and respect."

Carers and the care co-ordinators we spoke with were very knowledgeable about the people who used the service and the care and support they required. Care co-ordinators explained that they kept in regular contact by telephone or text with carers and knew both carers and people who used the service very well. They were able to tell us about people's history and give comprehensive accounts of people's current situations including the support they needed and contact they had with their families. Many people had regular contact with family members which included visiting them at their own homes, going out and about and also spending holidays with them. This meant that where possible people were supported to keep in touch with family members and visit whenever possible.

During discussions with the carers they described how they supported people to maintain their dignity and independence. Some people required minimal support with personal care and mainly prompting was needed to ensure tasks were undertaken. Other people required more support and when bathing and carers explained they ensured the water temperature was suitable to ensure people were not scalded by hot water. Carers said that some people liked to help around the home and were involved in domestic tasks such as dusting and tidying the home. Other people preferred to undertake their own activities which included listening to music, watching the TV or DVDs, arts, crafts and knitting. Most of the people attended a day centre or went to work during part of the week.

The registered provider had a statement of purpose. This gave details of the registered provider, registered manager and qualifications of the staff team. It also included information regarding the purpose of the service. It was produced in large print format which meant it was easier to read for people who used the service. Other general information with regard to what "Shared Lives" means to people who use the service was available to carers.

A wide range of policies and procedures were available to the staff and carers. Care co-ordinators told us that a copy of the policies was kept in the office. Each carer had a copy of the carers handbook and information on the key polices was covered. This included information on advocacy, communication, safeguarding, infection control and complaints.



Is the service responsive?

Our findings

Carers gave positive comments about the service provided. The said that the support they received from the care co-ordinators was good and the service encouraged people to remain as independent as possible.

People who used the service said that carers were available when they needed them and that they supported them out and about in the community. People told us that they enjoyed going out and about with the carers and that they liked going to day care and meeting other people. Comments included "[Name] goes out and about with staff at the day centre" and "My carer supports me with shopping and finances".

People told us that they enjoyed a varied social life and this included going out and about in the evenings, at weekends and for holidays and weekends away. One of the carers explained they had a static caravan in Wales and that they often went there with the person who used the service for weekends or longer stays when possible. One person told us they loved going to the caravan and meeting up with other people. Other people told us they enjoyed day trips out and going to the disco in the evening. This meant that people had access to a wide range of activities that were planned around their individual needs and choices.

People told us they enjoyed getting out and about in the community and we saw that people had planned weekly activities. This included time spent at day centres, some people had jobs and others spent time at home and out and about in the community. One of the carers explained that the person they supported needed to have a planned programme and routine which was carried out consistently as being consistent was important to the person. Activities included spending time at home, going out for meals, having nights in with friends, shopping, holidays and visiting local places in the community. These showed that a wide range of activities were undertaken, some of which were with friends or family and other times with carers. Carers explained that the weekly programme of activities was prepared with the person around their needs, goals and aspirations.

The care co-ordinators had access to a "what to do if..." guide. This gave clear details of what to do if there was a problem such as if a staff member became ill on duty, a medication error or how to support a person to manage their finances. Staff confirmed that the guide was a useful addition and that it was easily accessible and gave them the opportunity to address a situation rather than initially going to the deputy manager or registered manager.

People who used the service and carers said they had not made any complaints about the service. People said they were happy with the service and had no concerns or worries. They went onto say that if they did have any concerns they would speak to their carer or their care co-ordinator. People and carers had access to the complaints policy and information about how to make a complaint was included in the carer's handbook. The registered provider had a detailed complaints policy which included information about timescales in which complaints would be dealt with and how people would be kept informed. The registered provider had not received any complaints over the last year and CQC had not received any complaints regarding the service.

A range of compliments had been received by the service via letter, emails and cards. Comments included "Thank you for all you have done, your service is smashing", "[Name] had got much pleasure out of the (carers) visits", "An absolutely brilliant service" and "[Name] enjoys their weekly visit from the carer."

Within the Provider Information return (PIR) the registered manager stated that care plans were centred around people's needs and wants and focus on them living their life in a way that they wish. The approach was person centred as it's the person's wishes that dictate the support that was provided. Care records were person-centred and contained information about the individual and their care and support needs. Assessments carried out included information on personal care, support with meals, activities out in the community, finances and medication needs. During our discussions with care co-ordinators and carers we noted that they were very knowledgeable about the people they supported. Annual reviews were undertaken and records showed these were up to date. The review records recorded what had occurred over the last year and demonstrated the importance of a successful relationship between the carer and the person who used the service. Reviews also included observations from the care co-ordinator of interactions between the person who used the service and carer. For example a review for one person noted they always appeared happy and had a positive rapport with the carers. All documentation was reviewed at the annual review and this included the placement agreement and risk assessment.

Information about each person was kept in the carer's diary and daily notes were used when a person used respite care. Information included any changes in the person or their support needs, any healthcare appointments or information and some details of activities undertaken.

Requires Improvement



Is the service well-led?

Our findings

There was a registered manager in place who had been registered with the Care Quality Commission for five months. He had worked for the registered provider for 10 years and had a wealth of experience. During discussions he showed he understood his role and responsibilities as the registered manager.

People and carers commented that they didn't know the registered manager. None of the people we spoke with had met him. They said "I don't know the manager, I've not met him" and "I've never met the manager". We discussed this with the registered manager who agreed to look at getting to know the carers and people who used the service. However, the deputy manager and care co-ordinators knew people well. Each carer had a named care co-ordinator and during discussions it was evident that they knew the carers and people who used the service very well. Carers told us that they had good support from the office staff. They said that they were very caring and looked after them well. One carer said "They are brilliant, so welcoming and our safety is very important to them". A recommendation was made that the registered manager should proactively seek to get to know the people who used the service and their carers.

Staff told us they could contact the registered manager if they needed to, however, the registered manager was not based at the office, so this restricted face to face contact. Staff told us that they usually approached the deputy first if they were available as the registered manager was not often in the office. The registered manager told us that he was often based at the office of the registered provider. We discussed this with the registered manager who agreed that he didn't have set days or times at the office which meant that the staff were not always aware of when he would be there. The registered manager agreed to ensure staff were aware of his availability and to plan this in advance where possible.

We asked people about how the service was managed. Carers said they felt service was managed well by the office staff who they had contact with and they were happy with the support received. Comments included "There is always someone there", "The care co-ordinators are very good" and "I don't have any problems or complaints."

Carers had the opportunity to attend meetings and express their views about the service. Meetings were held three-monthly. The last one was held in December 2015. The same meeting was held at two different time slots one in the afternoon and one in the evening in order to help carers to attend. Minutes of the meeting were taken and anyone who could not attend was sent a copy of the minutes. Issues discussed included the use of mobile phones, training, diaries, paperwork carer's availability and any other business.

Questionnaires were used to gather information about the service from people who used the service and carers. These were completed on an annual basis. We looked at the last questionnaires and saw that they were completed in 2015. People who used the service were happy with the service provided and liked living with their carers. Comments included "Very happy with the service" and "The service received by [name] is superb". Comments from carers questionnaires included "Very well supported by the organisers", "My relationship with the office staff is a very positive and rewarding one", "The staff have been very professional as well as caring and willing to go the extra mile" and "I feel I am appreciated by the staff." We noted that

information from the questionnaires was reviewed, an analysis was not produced and the information was not shared with people who use the service or the carers. We discussed this with the registered manager who agreed to undertake this in future.

A range of audits were completed by the deputy manager and care co-ordinators. The care co-ordinators completed an audit each month which included risk assessments, files, finance and medication, annual reviews, health and safety checks and training. Not all areas are covered each month, however, where action was noted this was completed as required. This audit was reviewed during the care co-ordinators supervision session and signed off when completed by the deputy manager. We discussed with the registered manager about audits not being completed by him or the registered provider. He confirmed that the registered provider was due to undertaken an annual review of the service, however, at present he did not undertake any audits of the service. He agreed to review this process and discuss with the registered provider.

The deputy manager attended a range of meetings that involved other professionals either working in other shared lives schemes or involved with people who used the shared lives scheme. This included working with the Shared Lives Plus organisations to look at a quality framework and the standards that relate to shared lives.

During discussions with the registered manager we saw that he was aware of the notifications that needed to be sent to the Commission. Notifications are a legal requirement and cover a range of information.