

# Dr. Fazeela Khan-Osborne Dr Fazeela Khan-Osborne

### **Inspection Report**

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### **Overall summary**

We carried out this announced inspection on 7 November 2017 under Section 60 of the Health and Social Care Act 2008 as part of our regulatory functions. We planned the inspection to check whether the registered provider was meeting the legal requirements in the Health and Social Care Act 2008 and associated regulations. The inspection was led by a CQC inspector who was supported by a specialist dental adviser.

To get to the heart of patients' experiences of care and treatment, we always ask the following five questions:

- Is it safe?
- Is it effective?
- Is it caring?
- Is it responsive to people's needs?
- Is it well-led?

These questions form the framework for the areas we look at during the inspection.

#### **Our findings were:**

### Are services safe?

We found that this practice was providing safe care in accordance with the relevant regulations.

### Are services effective?

We found that this practice was providing effective care in accordance with the relevant regulations.

#### Are services caring?

We found that this practice was providing caring services in accordance with the relevant regulations.

#### Are services responsive?

We found that this practice was providing responsive care in accordance with the relevant regulations.

#### Are services well-led?

We found that this practice was providing well-led care in accordance with the relevant regulations.

#### Background

Dr Fazeela Khan-Osborne

is located in Westminster and provides private specialist implant and general dentistry treatment to patients of all ages.

There is access for people who use wheelchairs via ramped access.

The dental team includes two dentists, three dental nurses, a dental hygienist and receptionist. The practice has three treatment rooms.

# Summary of findings

The practice is owned by an individual who is the principal dentist there. They have legal responsibility for meeting the requirements in the Health and Social Care Act 2008 and associated regulations about how the practice is run.

On the day of inspection we collected 34 **CQC** comment cards filled in by patients and spoke with three other patients. This information gave us a positive view of the practice.

During the inspection we spoke with two dentists, two dental nurses, the head dental nurse and the receptionist We looked at practice policies and procedures and other records about how the service is managed.

The practice is open Monday to Friday. 9.00 am.-5.30pm.

### Our key findings were:

- The practice was clean and well maintained.
- The practice had infection control procedures which reflected published guidance.
- Staff knew how to deal with emergencies. Appropriate medicines and life-saving equipment were available.
- The practice had systems to help them manage risk.
- The practice had suitable safeguarding processes and staff knew their responsibilities for safeguarding adults and children. However improvements could be made in regards to how safeguarding policies addressed vulnerable adults.
- The practice had staff recruitment procedures; however improvements could be made to these procedures.
- The clinical staff provided patients' care and treatment in line with current guidelines.

- Staff treated patients with dignity and respect and took care to protect their privacy and personal information.
- The appointment system met patients' needs.
- The practice had effective leadership. Staff felt involved and supported and worked well as a team.
- The practice asked staff and patients for feedback about the services they provided.
- The practice dealt with complaints positively and efficiently.

There were areas where the provider could make improvements. They should:

- Review the practice's arrangements for receiving and responding to patient safety alerts, recalls and rapid response reports issued from the Medicines and Healthcare products Regulatory Agency (MHRA) and through the Central Alerting System (CAS), as well as from other relevant bodies such as, Public Health England (PHE).
- Review the practice's current audit protocols to ensure audits of key aspects of service delivery are undertaken at regular intervals and where applicable learning points are documented and shared with all relevant staff.
- Review the practice's safeguarding policy ensuring it covers both children and adults. Staff are trained to an appropriate level for their role and are aware of their responsibilities.
- Review the practice's recruitment policy and procedures to ensure accurate, complete and detailed records are maintained for all staff.

# Summary of findings

### The five questions we ask about services and what we found

We always ask the following five questions of services.

### Are services safe?

| We always ask the following five questions of services.   |           |              |
|---|-----------|--------------|
| <b>Are services safe?</b><br>We found that this practice was providing safe care in accordance with the relevant regulations.   | No action | $\checkmark$ |
| The practice had systems and processes to provide safe care and treatment. They used learning from incidents and complaints to help them improve.   |           |              |
| Staff received training in safeguarding and knew how to recognise the signs of abuse and how to report concerns.  |           |              |
| Staff were qualified for their roles and the practice completed essential recruitment checks.<br>However improvements could be made in relation to recording references taken.  |           |              |
| Premises and equipment were clean and properly maintained. The practice followed national guidance for cleaning, sterilising and storing dental instruments.  |           |              |
| The practice had suitable arrangements for dealing with medical and other emergencies.  |           |              |
| <b>Are services effective?</b><br>We found that this practice was providing effective care in accordance with the relevant regulations.   | No action | ~            |
| The dentists assessed patients' needs and provided care and treatment in line with recognised guidance. Patients described the treatment they received as professional and efficient. The dentists discussed treatment with patients so they could give informed consent and recorded this in their records.  |           |              |
| The practice had some arrangements in place when patients needed to be referred to other dental or health care professionals.   |           |              |
| The practice supported staff to complete training relevant to their roles and had systems to help them monitor this.  |           |              |
| <b>Are services caring?</b><br>We found that this practice was providing caring services in accordance with the relevant regulations.   | No action | ~            |
| We received feedback about the practice from 37 people. Patients were positive about all aspects of the service the practice provided. They told us staff were caring, respectful and friendly. They said that they were given a very good service, and said their dentist listened to them. Patients commented that they made them feel at ease, especially when they were anxious about visiting the dentist. |           |              |
| We saw that staff protected patients' privacy and were aware of the importance of confidentiality. Patients said staff treated them with dignity and respect.   |           |              |

# Summary of findings

| <ul> <li>Are services responsive to people's needs?</li> <li>We found that this practice was providing responsive care in accordance with the relevant regulations.</li> <li>The practice's appointment system was efficient and met patients' needs. Patients could get an appointment quickly if in pain.</li> <li>Staff considered patients' different needs. This included providing facilities for disabled patients and families with children. The practice had access to telephone interpreter services.</li> <li>The practice took patients views seriously. They valued compliments from patients and responded to concerns and complaints quickly and constructively.</li> </ul> | No action | ~ |
|---|-----------|---|
| <b>Are services well-led?</b><br>We found that this practice was providing well-led care in accordance with the relevant regulations.   | No action | ~ |
| The practice had arrangements to ensure the smooth running of the service. These included systems for the practice team to discuss the quality and safety of the care and treatment provided. There was a clearly defined management structure and staff felt supported and appreciated. However, improvements could be made in regards to the range of audits undertaken.  |           |   |
| The practice team kept complete patient dental care records which were, clearly written or typed and stored securely.   |           |   |
| The practice monitored clinical and non-clinical areas of their work to help them improve and learn. This included asking for and listening to the views of patients and staff.   |           |   |

# Are services safe?

# Our findings

### Reporting, learning and improvement from incidents

The practice had policies and procedures to report, investigate, respond and learn from accidents, incidents and significant events. Staff knew about these and understood their role in the process.

The practice recorded, responded to and discussed all incidents to reduce risk and support future learning.

However the practice did not receive national patient safety and medicines alerts from the Medicines and Healthcare Products Regulatory Authority (MHRA). The head dental nurse told us they would sign up to start receiving the alerts.

### Reliable safety systems and processes (including safeguarding)

Staff knew their responsibilities if they had concerns about the safety of children, young people and adults who were vulnerable due to their circumstances. The practice had a safeguarding policy in relation to safeguarding children. The policy had been drafted in January 2017. They also had information and procedures to provide staff with information about identifying, reporting and dealing with suspected abuse of vulnerable adults and children. However, the practice did not have a policy in regards safeguarding adults at risk. We spoke with the provider about this and following the inspection they confirmed a policy was being drafted. We saw evidence that staff received safeguarding training. Staff knew about the signs and symptoms of abuse and neglect and how to report concerns. The practice had a whistleblowing policy. Staff told us they felt confident they could raise concerns without fear of recrimination.

We looked at the practice's arrangements for safe dental care and treatment. These included risk assessments which staff reviewed every year. The practice followed relevant safety laws when using needles and other sharp dental items. The dentists used rubber dams in line with guidance from the British Endodontic Society when providing root canal treatment.

#### **Medical emergencies**

Staff knew what to do in a medical emergency and completed training in emergency resuscitation and basic life support every year.

Most emergency equipment and medicines were available as described in recognised guidance. However the practice did not have a recommended medicine - buccal Midazolam. The provider told us they would take immediate steps to purchase this and confirm this had been done following the inspection. Staff kept records of their checks to make sure equipment and medicines were within their expiry date, and in working order.

### Staff recruitment

The practice had a staff recruitment policy and procedure to help them employ suitable staff. This reflected the relevant legislation. We looked at four staff recruitment records. These showed the practice generally followed their recruitment procedure. However there was some room for improvement; for example there was only one reference in the records we looked at; we spoke with the provider about this. They told us they had taken up references for all staff but not always recorded them. They told us they would record references in the future.

Clinical staff were qualified and registered with the General Dental Council (GDC) and had professional indemnity cover.

### Monitoring health & safety and responding to risks

The practice's health and safety policies and risk assessments were up to date and reviewed to help manage potential risk. These covered general workplace and specific dental topics. The practice had undertaken a practice risk assessment in 2016 that included a fire risk assessment. This assessment had been undertaken by practice staff. We were told that a fire risk assessment had also been carried out by an external fire risk assessment company who were employed by the landlord of the building the practice was based in. The provider told us that the practice had current employer's liability insurance and checked each year that the clinicians' professional indemnity insurance was up to date.

A dental nurse worked with the dentists when they treated patients. Dental hygienists worked alone but had support from other members of staff when required.

### Infection control

### Are services safe?

The practice had an infection prevention and control policy and procedures to keep patients safe. They followed guidance in The Health Technical Memorandum 01-05: Decontamination in primary care dental practices (HTM01-05) published by the Department of Health. Staff completed infection prevention and control training every year.

The practice had suitable arrangements for transporting, cleaning, checking, sterilising and storing instruments in line with HTM01-05. The records showed equipment staff used for cleaning and sterilising instruments was maintained and used in line with the manufacturers' guidance.

The practice carried out infection prevention and control audits but were unable to find the most recent audit completed at the time of the inspection. We spoke with the provider about this and they told us they would take immediate steps to undertaken an audit. Following the inspection they sent confirmation that this audit had been undertaken.

The practice had procedures to reduce the possibility of Legionella or other bacteria developing in the water systems, in line with a risk assessment.

We saw cleaning schedules for the premises. The practice was clean when we inspected and patients confirmed this was usual.

### **Equipment and medicines**

We saw servicing documentation for the equipment used. Staff carried out checks in line with the manufacturers' recommendations.

The practice had suitable systems for prescribing, dispensing and storing medicines. Although improvements could be made in regards to the logging of drugs kept. We spoke with the provider about this and they told us they would review there logging process.

### Radiography (X-rays)

The practice had suitable arrangements to ensure the safety of the X-ray equipment. They met current radiation regulations and had the required information in their radiation protection file.

We saw evidence that the dentists justified, graded and reported on the X-rays they took. The practice carried out radiography audits every year following current guidance and legislation.

Clinical staff completed continuous professional development in respect of dental radiography.

### Are services effective? (for example, treatment is effective)

# Our findings

### Monitoring and improving outcomes for patients

The practice kept detailed dental care records containing information about the patients' current dental needs, past treatment and medical histories. The dentists assessed patients' treatment needs in line with recognised guidance.

We saw that the practice audited patients' dental care records to check that the dentists recorded the necessary information.

The practice carried out conscious sedation for patients who would benefit. This included people who were very nervous of dental treatment and those who needed complex or lengthy treatment. The practice had systems to help them do this safely. These were in accordance with guidelines published by the Royal College of Surgeons and Royal College of Anaesthetists in 2015.

The practice's systems included checks before and after treatment, emergency equipment requirements, medicines management, sedation equipment checks, and staff availability and training. They also included patient checks and information such as consent, monitoring during treatment, discharge and post-operative instructions.

The practice assessed patients appropriately for sedation. The dental care records showed that patients having sedation had important checks carried out first. These included a detailed medical history, blood pressure checks and an assessment of health using the American Society of Anaesthesiologists' classification system in accordance with current guidelines. The records showed that staff recorded important checks at regular intervals. These included pulse, blood pressure, breathing rates and the oxygen saturation of the blood

Dental nurses with appropriate additional training supported dentists treating patients under sedation. The dental nurses' names were recorded in patients' dental care records.

### Health promotion & prevention

The practice was providing preventative care and supporting patients to ensure better oral health

in line with the Delivering Better Oral Health toolkit.

The dentists told us they prescribed high concentration fluoride toothpaste if a patient's risk of tooth decay indicated this would help them. They used fluoride varnish for all children based on an assessment of the risk of tooth decay for each child.

The dentists told us that where applicable they discussed smoking, alcohol consumption and diet with patients during appointments. The practice had a selection of dental products for sale and provided health promotion leaflets to help patients with their oral health.

### Staffing

Staff new to the practice had a period of induction based on a structured induction programme. We confirmed clinical staff completed the continuous professional development required for their registration with the General Dental Council.

Staff told us they discussed training needs at annual appraisals. We saw evidence of completed appraisals.

### Working with other services

The practice was an implant specialist and received a number of referrals from general needs dentists. The dentists confirmed they referred patients to a range of specialists in primary and secondary care if they needed treatment the practice did not provide. These included referring patients with suspected oral cancer under the national two week wait arrangements. This was initiated by NICE in 2005 to help make sure patients were seen quickly by a specialist. The practice monitored urgent referrals to make sure they were dealt with promptly.

### **Consent to care and treatment**

The practice team understood the importance of obtaining and recording patients' consent to treatment. The dentists told us they gave patients information about treatment options and the risks and benefits of these so they could make informed decisions. Patients confirmed their dentist listened to them and gave them clear information about their treatment.

The practice's consent policy included information about the Mental Capacity Act 2005. The team understood their responsibilities under the act when treating adults who may not be able to make informed decisions. The policy also referred to how to deal with patients under 16 and the dentists and dental nurses were aware of the need to

# Are services effective? (for example, treatment is effective)

consider this when treating young people under 16. Staff described how they involved patients' relatives or carers when appropriate and made sure they had enough time to explain treatment options clearly.

# Are services caring?

### Our findings

### Respect, dignity, compassion and empathy

Staff we spoke with were aware of their responsibility to respect people's diversity and human rights.

Patients commented positively that staff were caring, friendly and respectful. We saw that staff treated patients appropriately and were friendly towards patients at the reception desk and over the telephone.

Nervous patients said staff were compassionate and understanding. Patients could choose whether they saw a male or female dentist.

Staff were aware of the importance of privacy and confidentiality. The layout of reception and waiting areas provided privacy when reception staff were dealing with patients. Staff told us that if a patient asked for more privacy they would take them into another room. The reception computer screens were not visible to patients and staff did not leave personal information where other patients might see it.

Staff password protected patients' electronic care records and backed these up to secure storage. They stored paper records securely. Music was played in the treatment rooms and there were magazines in the waiting room. The practice provided drinking water, tea and coffee.

### Involvement in decisions about care and treatment

The practice gave patients clear information to help them make informed choices. Patients confirmed that staff listened to them, did not rush them and discussed options for treatment with them. A dentist described the conversations they had with patients to satisfy themselves they understood their treatment options.

Patients told us staff were kind and helpful when they were in pain, distress or discomfort.

The practice's website provided patients with information about the range of treatments available at the practice. These included general dentistry and more complex treatment such as dental implants.

Each treatment room had a screen so the dentists could show patients photographs, videos and X-ray images when they discussed treatment options.

# Are services responsive to people's needs? (for example, to feedback?)

# Our findings

### Responding to and meeting patients' needs

Patients described high levels of satisfaction with the responsive service provided by the practice.

The practice had an efficient appointment system to respond to patients' needs. Staff told us that patients who requested an urgent appointment were seen the same day. Patients told us they had enough time during their appointment and did not feel rushed. Appointments ran smoothly on the day of the inspection and patients were not kept waiting.

Staff told us that they currently had some patients for whom they needed to make adjustments to enable them to receive treatment. For example they had special arrangements in place with a patient's carer to ensure that the patient did not miss appointments.

### **Promoting equality**

The practice made reasonable adjustments for patients with disabilities. These included step free access, via a temporary ramp and the practice lift and accessible toilet with hand rails and a call bell on the ground floor of the building where the practice was located.

Staff at the practice spoke a number of different languages. They said they could provide information in different formats and languages to meet individual patients' needs if a patient spoke a language not spoken at the practice. They had access to telephone translation services.

### Access to the service

The practice displayed its opening hours on cards given out to patients and on their website.

We confirmed the practice kept waiting times and cancellations to a minimum.

The practice was committed to seeing patients experiencing pain on the same day. The head dental nurse told us they were always able to see patients with dental pain on the same day. The website and answerphone provided telephone numbers for patients needing emergency dental treatment during the working day and when the practice was not open. Patients confirmed they could make routine and emergency appointments easily and were rarely kept waiting for their appointment.

### **Concerns & complaints**

A practice poster explained how to make a complaint. The principal dentist was responsible for dealing with these. Staff told us they would tell the principal dentist about any formal or informal comments or concerns straight away so patients received a quick response. However the complaints process required improvement. The practice had three complaints policies and it was unclear which one staff were supposed to follow. We spoke with the provider about this and following the inspection they produced a policy that was agreed to be the existing policy to give staff guidance on how to handle a complaint.

The head dental nurse told us they aimed to settle complaints in-house and invited patients to speak with them in person to discuss these. Information was available about organisations patients could contact if not satisfied with the way the practice dealt with their concerns.

We looked at comments, compliments and complaints the practice received. These showed the practice responded to concerns appropriately and discussed outcomes with staff to share learning and improve the service.

# Are services well-led?

### Our findings

### **Governance arrangements**

The principal dentist/registered manager had overall responsibility for the management and clinical leadership of the practice. The head dental nurse was responsible for the day to day running of the service. Staff knew the management arrangements and their roles and responsibilities.

The practice had policies, procedures and risk assessments to support the management of the service and to protect patients and staff. These included arrangements to monitor the quality of the service and make improvements.

The practice had information governance arrangements and staff were aware of the importance of these in protecting patients' personal information.

### Leadership, openness and transparency

Staff were aware of the Duty of Candour requirements to be open, honest and offer an apology to patients if anything went wrong.

Staff told us there was an open, no blame culture at the practice. They said the principal dentist encouraged them to raise any issues and felt confident they could do this. They knew who to raise any issues with and told us the principal dentist was approachable, would listen to their concerns and act appropriately. The principal dentist discussed concerns at staff meetings and it was clear the practice worked as a team and dealt with issues professionally.

### Learning and improvement

The practice had quality assurance processes to encourage learning and continuous improvement. These included audits of dental care records and X-rays. They had clear records of the results of these audits and the resulting action plans and improvements. However, improvement could be made in relation to the frequency of audits, for example at the time of the inspection the provider was unable to confirm when the last infection control audit had taken place. They confirmed they would undertake infection control audits twice a year in future.

The principal dentist showed a commitment to learning and improvement and valued the contributions made to the team by individual members of staff. The dental nurses had annual appraisals. They discussed learning needs, general wellbeing and aims for future professional development. We saw evidence of completed appraisals in the staff folders.

Staff told us they completed mandatory training, including medical emergencies and basic life support, each year. The General Dental Council requires clinical staff to complete continuous professional development. Staff told us the practice provided support and encouragement for them to do so.

### Practice seeks and acts on feedback from its patients, the public and staff

The practice used patient surveys to obtain staff and patients' views about the service. We saw the results of the June 2017 survey and found that the vast majority of patients were positive about the service.