

# Smile 4 U Limited

# Smile4u-Chislehurst

# **Inspection Report**

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# **Overall summary**

We carried out this announced inspection on 14 March 2019 under Section 60 of the Health and Social Care Act 2008 as part of our regulatory functions. We planned the inspection to check whether the registered provider was meeting the legal requirements in the Health and Social Care Act 2008 and associated regulations. The inspection was led by a Care Quality Commission (CQC) inspector who was supported by a specialist dental adviser.

To get to the heart of patients' experiences of care and treatment, we always ask the following five questions:

- Is it safe?
- Is it effective?
- · Is it caring?
- Is it responsive to people's needs?
- Is it well-led?

These questions form the framework for the areas we look at during the inspection.

#### **Our findings were:**

#### Are services safe?

We found that this practice was providing safe care in accordance with the relevant regulations.

#### Are services effective?

We found that this practice was providing effective care in accordance with the relevant regulations.

# Are services caring?

We found that this practice was providing caring services in accordance with the relevant regulations.

#### Are services responsive?

We found that this practice was providing responsive care in accordance with the relevant regulations.

#### Are services well-led?

We found that this practice was providing well-led care in accordance with the relevant regulations.

### **Background**

Smile4u-Chislehurst is in Chislehurst in the London borough of Bromley. The practice provides NHS and private treatment to people of all ages.

The dental team includes a principal dentist, a dentist completing their foundation training, three associate dentists, four trainee dental nurses, a qualified dental nurse, a dental hygienist, a practice manager, and two receptionists.

The practice has three treatment rooms.

The practice is owned by an organisation, and as a condition of registration must have a person registered with the Care Quality Commission as the registered manager. Registered managers have legal responsibility for meeting the requirements in the Health and Social

# Summary of findings

Care Act 2008 and associated regulations about how the practice is run. The registered manager at Smile4u-Chislehurst at the time of the inspection was the practice manager.

On the day of this inspection, we obtained feedback from 73 patients.

During the inspection we spoke with the practice manager, the principal dentist, the dentist in foundation training, a trainee dental nurse and a receptionist.

We checked practice policies and procedures and other records about how the service is managed.

The practice is open from 8:30am to 5:30pm Monday to Friday, and 9am to 1pm on Saturdays.

Saturday: 9:00am - 1:00pm

## Our key findings were:

- The practice appeared clean and well maintained.
- The provider had infection control procedures which reflected published guidance.
- Staff knew how to deal with emergencies. Appropriate medicines and life-saving equipment were available.
- The practice had systems to help them manage risks to patients and staff.

- The provider had suitable safeguarding processes and staff knew their responsibilities for safeguarding vulnerable adults and children.
- The provider had thorough staff recruitment procedures.
- The clinical staff provided patients' care and treatment in line with current guidelines.
- Staff treated patients with dignity and respect and took care to protect their privacy and personal information.
- Staff were providing preventive care and supporting patients to ensure better oral health.
- The appointment system took account of patients' needs.
- Staff felt involved and supported and worked well as a
- The provider asked staff and patients for feedback about the services they provided.
- The provider dealt with complaints positively and efficiently.
- The provider had suitable information governance arrangements.
- The provider had effective leadership and culture of continuous improvement.

# Summary of findings

# The five questions we ask about services and what we found

We always ask the following five questions of services.

#### Are services safe?

We found that this practice was providing safe care in accordance with the relevant regulations.

The practice had systems and processes to provide safe care and treatment. They used learning from incidents and complaints to help them improve.

Staff received training in safeguarding people and knew how to recognise the signs of abuse and how to report concerns.

Staff were qualified for their roles and the practice completed essential recruitment checks.

The premises appeared clean; patients confirmed this was the case when they visited the practice.

The equipment also appeared clean and was properly maintained

The practice followed national guidance for cleaning, sterilising and storing dental instruments.

The practice had suitable arrangements for dealing with medical and other emergencies.

All clinical staff had received appropriate vaccinations, including the vaccination to protect them against the Hepatitis B virus. The provider had checked the effectiveness of this vaccination for all members of clinical staff.

# No action



#### Are services effective?

We found that this practice was providing effective care in accordance with the relevant regulations.

The dental clinicians assessed the patients' needs and provided care and treatment in line with recognised guidance. Patients described the treatment they received as being pleasant and of a high standard. They said the dental clinicians kept them informed about their care and treatment.

The dental clinicians discussed treatment with patients so they could give informed consent; they recorded this in the patients' dental care records. They kept complete patient dental care records which were clearly written and typed, and stored securely.

The provider supported staff to complete training relevant to their roles and had systems to help them monitor this.

The practice had clear arrangements for when patients needed to be referred to other dental or health care professionals.

# No action

No action



#### Are services caring?

We found that this practice was providing caring services in accordance with the relevant regulations.

# Summary of findings

We received feedback about the practice from 73 people. Patients were positive about all aspects of the service the practice provided. They described the service and care they received as being brilliant, efficient, excellent and pleasant. They described the dental clinicians as being gentle.

Patients said explanations about their dental care was given to them in a way they could understand.

Staff protected patients' privacy and were aware of the importance of confidentiality.

#### Are services responsive to people's needs?

We found that this practice was providing responsive care in accordance with the relevant regulations.

The practice's appointment system took account of patients' needs. Patients could get an appointment quickly if they were experiencing dental pain.

Staff had considered patients' different needs. They had a removeable ramp and accessible toilet available for wheelchair users. They told us how they would support patients with enhanced needs.

The practice took patients views seriously. They valued compliments from patients and responded to concerns and complaints quickly and constructively.

#### Are services well-led?

We found that this practice was providing well-led care in accordance with the relevant regulations.

The practice had arrangements to ensure the smooth running of the service. These included systems for the practice team to discuss the quality and safety of the care and treatment provided.

There was a clearly defined management structure understood by all staff we spoke with.

The practice's staff felt supported, appreciated and listened to. They appeared happy and proud to work in the practice.

The provider monitored clinical and non-clinical areas of their work to help them improve and learn. This included carrying out quality audits, and asking for and listening to the views of patients and staff.

# No action



No action



# Are services safe?

# **Our findings**

# Safety systems and processes, including staff recruitment, equipment and premises and radiography (X-rays)

The practice had clear systems to keep patients safe.

Staff knew their responsibilities if they had concerns about the safety of children, young people and adults who were vulnerable due to their circumstances. The practice had safeguarding policies and procedures to provide staff with information about identifying, reporting and dealing with suspected abuse. We saw evidence that staff received safeguarding training.

Staff knew about the signs and symptoms of abuse and neglect and how to report concerns, including notification to the Care Quality Commission (CQC).

The practice had a system to keep staff informed of patients on records e.g. people where there were safeguarding concerns, behavioural problems. people with enhanced learning needs or a mental health condition, or those who required other support such as with mobility or communication.

The practice had audited their safeguarding processes using an auditing tool developed by NHS England, to ensure they were of a high standard. They had also begun to audit repeated non-attendance of young children with an aim to understand the reasons for no-attendance and to ensure these patients received dental care.

The practice had a whistleblowing policy. Staff felt confident they could raise concerns without fear of recrimination.

The dentist used dental dams in line with guidance from the British Endodontic Society when providing root canal treatment.

The provider had a business continuity plan describing how they would deal with events that could disrupt the normal running of the practice.

The practice had a recruitment policy and procedure to help them employ suitable staff and had checks in place for agency and locum staff. The procedure reflected the relevant legislation. We checked all the practice's recruitment records. These showed the practice followed their recruitment procedure.

We noted that clinical staff were qualified and registered with the General Dental Council and had professional indemnity cover.

The practice ensured that their facilities and equipment were safe. Their equipment was maintained according to the manufacturer's instructions, including electrical appliances.

Records showed that fire detection and firefighting equipment were regularly tested and serviced.

The practice had suitable arrangements to ensure the safety of the radiography equipment and had the required information in their radiation protection file.

We saw evidence that the dentists justified, graded and reported on the radiographs they took. The practice carried out radiography audits regularly, following current guidance and legislation.

Clinical staff completed continuing professional development in respect of dental radiography.

#### **Risks to patients**

There were systems to assess, monitor and manage risks to patient safety.

The practice's health and safety policies, procedures and risk assessments were reviewed regularly to help manage potential risk.

The practice had employer's liability insurance.

We looked at the practice's arrangements for safe dental care and treatment. The staff followed relevant safety regulation when using needles and other sharp dental items. A sharps risk assessment had been undertaken and was regularly updated.

The provider had a system in place to ensure clinical staff had received appropriate vaccinations, including the vaccination to protect them against the Hepatitis B virus. They had checked the effectiveness of the vaccination for all members of clinical staff.

Staff knew how to respond to medical emergencies; the dental nurses demonstrated competence in setting up the oxygen cylinder for use. All staff had completed and regularly updated training in emergency resuscitation and basic life support.

# Are services safe?

Emergency equipment and medicines were available as described in recognised guidance. Staff kept records of their checks of these to make sure these were available, within their expiry date, and in working order.

Dental nurses worked with the dentists when they treated patients in line with General Dental Council's Standards for the Dental Team. The provider had completed a risk assessment of the risks associated with the dental hygienist working without chairside assistance. The practice manager told us that support with cleaning and sterilising instruments was regularly available for the dental hygienist.

The provider had also assessed the risks related to contractors working alone in the practice.

The provider had suitable risk assessments to minimise the risk that can be caused from substances that are hazardous to health.

The practice had an infection prevention and control policy and procedures. They had an infection control annual statement and followed guidance in The Health Technical Memorandum 01-05: Decontamination in primary care dental practices (HTM 01-05) published by the Department of Health and Social Care.

Staff completed infection prevention and control training and received updates as required.

The practice had suitable arrangements for transporting, cleaning, checking, sterilising and storing instruments in line with HTM 01-05. The records showed equipment used by staff for cleaning and sterilising instruments was validated, maintained and used in line with the manufacturers' guidance.

The practice had systems in place to ensure that any work was disinfected prior to being sent to a dental laboratory and before treatment was completed.

The practice had procedures to reduce the possibility of Legionella or other bacteria developing in the water systems, in line with a risk assessment. All recommendations had been actioned and records of water testing and dental unit water line management were in place.

We saw cleaning schedules for the premises. The practice appeared visibly clean when we inspected it and patients confirmed this was the case when they visited the practice.

The provider had policies and procedures in place to ensure clinical waste was segregated and stored appropriately in line with guidance.

The practice had carried out infection prevention audits every six months. The latest infection prevention and control audit showed the practice was meeting the required standards.

#### Information to deliver safe care and treatment

Staff had the information they needed to deliver safe care and treatment to patients.

We discussed with the dentists how information to deliver safe care and treatment was handled and recorded. We checked a sample of dental care records to confirm our findings, and noted that individual records were written and managed in a way that kept patients safe. Dental care records we saw were legible, kept securely, and complied with General Data Protection Regulation requirements.

Patients' referrals to other service providers contained specific information which allowed appropriate and timely referrals in line with practice protocols and current guidance.

#### Safe and appropriate use of medicines

The provider had reliable systems for appropriate and safe handling of medicines.

There was a suitable stock control system of medicines which were held on site. This ensured that medicines did not pass their expiry date and enough medicines were available if required.

The dentist in foundation training had carried out an audit of prescribing protocols in the practice to identify how they could improve.

# Track record on safety, lessons learned and improvements

There were comprehensive risk assessments in relation to safety issues.

The practice had processes in place to enable them to document, investigate and review incidents to help them understand risks so that they could lead to safety improvements in the practice.

# Are services safe?

There was a system for receiving and acting on safety alerts. The practice shared, acted on and learned from internal and external safety events as well as patient, equipment and medicine safety alerts.

# Are services effective?

(for example, treatment is effective)

# **Our findings**

## Effective needs assessment, care and treatment

The dental clinicians kept their selves up to date with current evidence-based practice. They assessed patients' needs and delivered care and treatment in line with current legislation, standards and guidance supported by clear clinical pathways and protocols.

The practice offered dental implants. These were placed by the principal dentist who had undergone appropriate post-graduate training in this speciality. The provision of dental implants was in accordance with national guidance.

### Helping patients to live healthier lives

The practice was providing preventive care and supporting patients to ensure better oral health in line with the Delivering Better Oral Health toolkit.

The dentists prescribed high concentration fluoride toothpaste if a patient's risk of tooth decay indicated this would help them.

The dental clinicians, where applicable, discussed smoking, alcohol consumption and diet with patients during appointments. The practice had a selection of dental products for sale and provided health promotion information to help patients with their oral health.

The dentists described to us the procedures they used to improve the outcomes for patients with gum disease. This involved providing patients preventative advice, taking plaque and gum bleeding scores and recording detailed charts of the patient's gum condition. Patients with more severe gum disease were recalled at more frequent intervals for review and to reinforce home care preventative advice, or could be referred to a specialist.

#### Consent to care and treatment

The practice obtained consent to care and treatment in line with legislation and guidance.

The practice team understood the importance of obtaining and recording patients' consent to treatment. The dental clinicians gave patients information about treatment options and the risks and benefits of these so they could make informed decisions. Patients confirmed the dental clinicians listened to them and gave them clear information about their treatment.

The practice's consent policy included information about the Mental Capacity Act 2005. The team understood their responsibilities under the act when treating adults who may not be able to make informed decisions. The policy also referred to Gillick competence, by which a child under the age of 16 years of age may give consent for themselves. The staff were aware of the need to consider this when treating young people under 16 years of age.

Staff described how they involved patients' relatives or carers when appropriate and made sure they had enough time to explain treatment options clearly.

#### **Monitoring care and treatment**

The practice kept detailed dental care records containing information about the patients' current dental needs, past treatment and medical histories. The dental clinicians assessed patients' treatment needs in line with recognised guidance.

The practice audited patients' dental care records to check that the dentist recorded the necessary information.

#### **Effective staffing**

Staff had the skills, knowledge and experience to carry out their roles.

Staff new to the practice had a period of induction based on a structured programme. We confirmed clinical staff completed the continuing professional development required for their registration with the General Dental Council.

Staff discussed their training needs during informal discussions, annual appraisals and clinical supervision. We saw evidence of completed appraisals staff members. Appraisals included discussions on learning needs and aims for future professional development, and how the practice addressed staff members' training requirements.

Staff completed 'highly recommended' training as per General Dental Council professional's standards. This included undertaking medical emergencies and basic life support training annually. The provider supported and encouraged staff to complete their Continuing Professional Development.

Staff had completed other training including dementia, dental implantology, the Duty of Candour, legal and ethical

# Are services effective?

# (for example, treatment is effective)

issues, consent, Legionella awareness, fire safety, oral cancer, information governance, infection control, safeguarding children and adults, complaints handling, consent and the Mental Capacity Act.

The provider had implemented a 'staff library'; a folder any member of staff could contribute to. It contained various articles including those on sepsis, using sharp items safely, considerations for gaining consent from patients, decontamination of instruments, radiography, participating in appraisals, and the General Data Protection Regulations.

#### Co-ordinating care and treatment

Staff worked together and with other health and social care professionals to deliver effective care and treatment.

The dentists confirmed they referred patients to a range of specialists and secondary care if they needed treatment the practice did not provide.

The practice had systems to identify, manage, follow up and where required refer patients for specialist care when presenting with dental infections.

The practice also had systems for referring patients with suspected oral cancer under the national two week wait arrangements. This was initiated by the National Institute for Health and Care Excellence (NICE) in 2005 to help make sure patients were seen quickly by a specialist.

# Are services caring?

# **Our findings**

### Kindness, respect and compassion

Staff treated patients with kindness, respect and compassion. They were aware of their responsibility to respect people's diversity and human rights. They treated patients with kindness and respect and were friendly towards patients in person and over the telephone. We observed the receptionist assisting patients who needed this.

We received feedback from 73 patients. They described the service and care they received as being brilliant, efficient, excellent and pleasant. They commented positively that staff were approachable, polite, helpful, professional, kind and respectful.

Patients who shared with us their anxieties about visiting the dentist told us that staff had helped to put them at ease.

The provider had developed an information folder for patients to read. This included various information including, for example, maintaining good oral hygiene, health eating, smoking cessation advice (including the contact details for local smoking cessation services), staffing details and treatment costs.

#### **Privacy and dignity**

The practice respected and promoted patients' privacy and dignity.

Staff were aware of the importance of privacy and confidentiality. If a patient asked for more privacy, staff could take them into another room. The computer screens at the reception desk were not visible to patients, and staff did not leave patients' personal information where other patients might see it.

Staff password protected patients' electronic care records and backed these up to secure storage.

# Involving people in decisions about care and treatment

Staff helped patients to be involved in decisions about their care and were aware of the requirements under the Equality Act and the Accessible Information Standards. The Accessible Information Standard is a requirement to make sure that patients and their carers can access and understand the information they are given.

Staff communicated with patients in a way that they could understand, and communication aids were available. Staff spoke a variety of languages and could help interpret information to patients who spoke those languages. They told us they could help to arrange for a language interpreter for patients if needed.

Staff communicated with patients in a way that they could understand, and communication aids were available.

The practice gave patients clear information to help them make informed choices about their treatment. Patients confirmed that explanations about their dental care was given to them in a way they could understand.

The practice's website, and leaflets in the waiting area, provided patients with information about the range of treatments available at the practice, including the costs.

The dental clinicians described to us the conversations they had with patients to satisfy themselves they understood their treatment options. They used photographs, models, and radiograph images to help them do this.

# Are services responsive to people's needs?

(for example, to feedback?)

# **Our findings**

# Responding to and meeting people's needs

The practice organised and delivered services to meet patients' needs. They took account of their patients' needs and preferences.

Staff were clear on the importance of emotional support needed by patients when delivering care.

The practice had carried out a Disability Access audit to establish how they could continually improve access for patients. They had implemented a removeable ramp to assist wheelchair users and had an emergency call bell in the accessible toilet. They told us how they supported patients who had impaired hearing and/or vision.

#### Timely access to services

Patients could access care and treatment from the practice within an acceptable timescale for their needs.

The practice displayed its opening hours at the practice entrance, and on their website.

The practice had an appointment system to respond to patients' needs. Patients who requested an urgent appointment could be seen the same day.

## Listening and learning from concerns and complaints

The practice took complaints and concerns seriously and responded to them appropriately to improve the quality of care.

The practice had a policy providing guidance to staff on how to handle a complaint. There was also information available to patients about how to make a complaint.

The practice manager was responsible for dealing with complaints; staff told us they aimed to settle complaints in-house and would report any complaints to the manager. Information was available about organisations patients could contact if they were not satisfied with the way the practice dealt with their concerns.

The practice had responded to complaints they had received appropriately. They discussed complaints with staff to share learning and improve the service.

# Are services well-led?

# **Our findings**

### Leadership capacity and capability

We found the principal dentist and practice manager (who was also the registered manager) had the capacity to deliver high-quality care. They demonstrated they had the experience and skills to lead the practice and address risks to it. They prioritised inclusive and compassionate leadership.

#### **Culture**

The practice had an open, inclusive culture that was focused on good communication and team working, well-being, and high-quality patient-focused care. They had processes in place to manage behaviour that was not in line with their culture and values.

Staff we spoke with stated they felt respected, supported and valued. The trainee dental nurse described positively how the practice had supported them during their dental studies by providing time for them to prepare for their exams.

Staff appeared happy and proud to work in the practice. They told us that they could raise concerns and were encouraged to do so; they had confidence any concerns they had would be addressed.

They were aware of, and had systems to ensure compliance with, the requirements of the Duty of Candour; they had completed in-house training on the requirements of this. They showed openness, honesty and transparency when responding to concerns.

#### **Governance and management**

There were clear responsibilities, roles and systems of accountability to support good governance and management, and these were understood by staff we spoke with.

The principal dentist was responsible for the clinical leadership of the practice. The practice manager was responsible for the management and day-to-day running of the service.

The provider had a system of clinical governance in place which included policies, protocols and procedures that were accessible to all members of staff and were reviewed on a regular basis.

There were clear and effective processes for managing risks, issues and performance.

#### **Appropriate and accurate information**

The practice acted on appropriate and accurate information.

Quality and operational information was used to ensure and improve performance. Performance information was combined with the views of patients.

The practice had information governance arrangements and staff were aware of the importance of these in protecting patients' personal information.

# Engagement with patients, the public, staff and external partners

The practice involved patients and their staff to support high-quality sustainable services.

The practice used patient surveys, comments on social media and verbal comments to obtain patients' views about the service.

Patients were encouraged to complete the NHS Friends and Family Test (FFT). This is a national programme to allow patients to provide feedback on NHS services they have used. The practice's most recent FFT results showed that most patients were extremely likely, or likely, to recommend that service to their family or friends. The FFT results were displayed in the waiting are and on the practice's website to keep patients informed.

The practice had also carried out their own patient satisfaction survey. The results from their January 2019 surveys were displayed in the waiting area. They showed patients scored the practice highly on the following key questions:

- Finding it easy to make an appointment at a time that suited the patient.
- Treatment fees being adequately explained.
- Dental procedures being explained thoroughly.
- Being seen on time.

We saw examples of suggestions from patients that the practice had acted on. For example, they had:

- Improved the quality of seating in the waiting area.
- Implemented and displayed a new policy to ensure that staff would keep patients adequately informed of any late running of the dental clinicians.

# Are services well-led?

- Upgraded their telephone system to provide more telephone lines, and an 'on hold' and answering facility.
- Improved visibility of the practice from the street.

The provider gathered feedback from staff through staff meetings and informal discussions. Staff were encouraged to offer suggestions for improvements to the service; they said these were listened to and acted on.

#### **Continuous improvement and innovation**

There were systems and processes for learning, continuous improvement and innovation. The trainee nurse and senior staff had proactively worked together to create informative training videos for new and existing staff to follow on infection control processes and the management of a medical emergency. They told us they did this to ensure all staff were working consistently, and to keep them updated periodically.

The practice had quality assurance processes to encourage learning and continuous improvement. These included audits of hand washing, waste collection and disposal protocols, access for patients with a disability, infection prevention and control, safeguarding protocols, dental care record keeping, and radiographs. They had clear records of the results of these audits and the resulting action plans and improvements.

The practice manager and principal dentist showed a strong commitment to learning and improvement and valued the contributions made to the team by individual members of staff.