

Mr&MrsFMungar Carl Court

Inspection report

Guestland Road, Cary Park Babbacombe Torquay Devon TQ1 3NN Date of inspection visit: 05 July 2016

Good

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Tel: 01803329203

Ratings

Overall	rating	for this	service

Is the service safe?	Good •
Is the service effective?	Good •
Is the service caring?	Good •
Is the service responsive?	Good •
Is the service well-led?	Good •

Summary of findings

Overall summary

The inspection took place on the 5 July 2016. Carl Court provides care and accommodation for up to 15 older people, some of whom are living with dementia. On the day of the inspection 15 people lived at the home.

The service had a registered manager in post. A registered manager is a person who has registered with the Care Quality Commission (CQC) to manage the service. Like registered providers, they are 'registered persons'. Registered persons have legal responsibility for meeting the requirements in the Health and Social Care Act 2008 and associated Regulations about how the service is run.

One person said; "I feel safe here." A survey recorded; "We continue to feel fortunate my mother was able to find a home at Carl Court." A professional said they'd happily let their relative live in the service.

People were engaged in different activities and were enjoying the company of the staff. There was a calm and relaxed atmosphere within the service. Comments included; "They (the staff) are very accommodating." A survey returned to the home said; "Thank you for the wonderful care you consistently provide." People said they were happy living at the service.

People were happy with the care the staff provided. They agreed staff had the skills and knowledge to meet people's needs. People were encouraged and supported to make decisions and choices whenever possible in their day to day lives.

People had their privacy and dignity maintained. Staff were observed supporting people with patience and kindness.

People were protected from harm as staff had completed safeguarding of vulnerable adults training. Staff had knowledge of how to report any concerns and what action they would take to protect people. The registered manager and registered provider, who worked in the service most days, had taken action where they thought people's freedom was being restricted. Applications were made and advice sought to help safeguard people and respect their human rights.

People were protected by safe recruitment procedures. Staff were supported with an induction and ongoing training programme to develop their skills, and staff competency was assessed. People said there were sufficient staff on duty.

People had visits from healthcare professionals. For example, GPs and district nurses, to ensure they received appropriate care and treatment to meet their health care needs. Professionals confirmed staff followed the guidance they provided. People received the care they needed to remain safe and well. For example, people had regular visits by district nurses to change dressings.

People's medicines were managed safely. Medicines were stored, and disposed of safely. Senior staff administered medicines, they confirmed they had received training and understood the importance of safe administration and management of medicines.

People who did not have capacity to make decisions for themselves were supported by staff to make sure their legal rights were protected. Staff worked with other professionals in people's best interests.

People were supported to maintain a healthy balanced diet. People told us they enjoyed their meals and there was plenty of food available. We observed people, who required it, being supported at mealtimes. One person said; "Food is very good, excellent."

People's care records were of a good standard, were detailed and held people's preferences.

People's risks were considered, well-managed and regularly reviewed to keep people safe. Where possible, people had choice and control over their lives and were supported to engage in activities. Records were updated to reflect people's changing needs. People and their families were involved in the planning of their care.

People and staff described the registered manager and registered provider as approachable, available and supportive. Staff talked positively about their jobs and took pride in their work. Visiting professionals and staff confirmed the registered manager and registered provider made themselves available and were very good at supporting them.

The registered manager and registered provider had an ethos of honesty and transparency. This reflected the requirements of the duty of candour. The duty of candour is a legal obligation to act in an open and transparent way in relation to care and treatment.

People's opinions were sought formally and informally. There were quality assurance systems in place. Feedback was sought from people and their relatives to assess the quality of the service provided. Audits were conducted to ensure the quality of care and environmental issues were identified promptly. Accidents and safeguarding concerns were investigated and, where there were areas for improvement, these were shared for learning.

The five questions we ask about services and what we found

We always ask the following five questions of services.

Is the service safe?

The service was safe.

People told us they felt safe living at the service.

People were supported by sufficient numbers of suitable, experienced and skilled staff.

Staff were able to recognise and had a good understanding of the signs of abuse, and knew the correct procedures to follow if they thought someone was being abused.

Risks had been identified and managed appropriately. Systems were in place to manage risks to people.

People received their medicines as prescribed. People's medicines were administered and managed safely and staff were aware of best practice.

Is the service effective?

The service was effective.

People were supported to maintain a healthy balanced diet.

People were cared for by skilled and experienced staff who received regular training.

People had access to health care services in order to meet their health care needs.

Staff understood the Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards (DoLS) and Mental Capacity Act 2005 (MCA).

Is the service caring?

The service was caring.

People were involved in decisions about their care.

People were treated with kindness and respect and were happy with the support they received.

Good

Good

Good

People's privacy and dignity was promoted by the staff.	
Staff knew about the people they cared for, what people required and what was important to them.	
People's end of life wishes were documented and respected.	
Is the service responsive?	Good
The service was responsive.	
People's care records were personalised reflecting their individual needs.	
People were supported to participate in activities and interests they enjoyed.	
The service had a formal complaints procedure. People and their	
families knew how to use if they needed to.	
Is the service well-led?	Good ●
	Good ●
Is the service well-led?	Good •
Is the service well-led? The service was well led. There was an experienced registered manager in post who was	Good •
Is the service well-led? The service was well led. There was an experienced registered manager in post who was approachable and people spoke highly of. Staff confirmed they felt supported by both the registered manager and registered provider. There was open communication within the service and staff felt comfortable	Good



Carl Court Detailed findings

Background to this inspection

We carried out this inspection under Section 60 of the Health and Social Care Act 2008 as part of our regulatory functions. This inspection checked whether the provider is meeting the legal requirements and regulations associated with the Health and Social Care Act 2008, to look at the overall quality of the service, and to provide a rating for the service under the Care Act 2014.

We undertook an unannounced inspection of Carl Court on 5 July 2016.

We reviewed information we held about the service. This included previous inspection reports and notifications. A notification is information about important events, which the service is required to send us by law.

During the inspection we met and spoke with 15 people, the registered manager, the registered provider and five members of staff. We also spoke to a visiting health / social care professional.

We looked around the premises, observed and heard how staff interacted with people. We looked at four records which related to people's individual care needs. We looked at six records which related to administration of medicines, three staff recruitment files and records associated with the management of the service including quality audits.

People told us they felt safe. One person said; "Safe-Definitely!" Another said; "Yes I feel safe here." People who lived at Carl Court were safe because the registered manager and registered provider had arrangements in place to help make sure people were protected from abuse and avoidable harm. A survey recorded; "Every effort is made to provide a safe, warm environment of a very high standard."

People's medicines were managed and given to people as prescribed, to help ensure they received them safely. Staff were trained and confirmed they understood the importance of safe administration and management of medicines. They made sure people received their medicines at the correct times and records confirmed this.

Medicines administration records (MAR) were completed appropriately. Other storage and recording of medicines followed correct procedures. Medicines were locked away and appropriate temperatures had been logged and fell within the guidelines that ensured the quality of the medicines was maintained. Staff were knowledgeable with regards to people's individual needs related to medicines.

People were protected from discrimination, abuse and avoidable harm by staff who had the skills and knowledge to help ensure they kept people safe. Staff had completed safeguarding training and policies and procedures on safeguarding and whistleblowing were available to them. Staff understood what to look for and could identify abuse. They said they would have no hesitation in reporting abuse and were confident the registered manager or registered provider would act on issues or concerns raised. Staff said they would take things further, for example contact the local authority's safeguarding teams, if this was required.

People lived in an environment that was safe, secure, clean, hygienic and regularly maintained. Protective clothing such as gloves and aprons were readily available around the service to reduce the risk of cross infection. Staff had completed infection control training. Evacuation drills and fire audits had been carried out. This helped ensure staff knew what to do in the event of a fire. Smoke alarms and emergency lighting were tested. People had individual emergency evacuation plans in place. People's care records and risk assessments detailed how staff needed to support them in the event of a fire to keep people safe.

People identified as being at risk had up to date risk assessments in place and people, or their relatives, had been involved in planning them. Risk assessments identified those at risk of skin damage and falling. They showed staff how they could support people to move around the service safely. There was clear information on the level of risk and any action needed to keep people safe. Staff were knowledgeable about the care needs of people including their risks and when people required extra support, for example if people became confused due to their dementia. This helped to ensure people were safe.

People and the visiting professional said there were sufficient staff to help keep people safe. Rotas and staff confirmed the home had enough staff on duty each day. Staff were observed supporting people appropriately at all times. For example, at mealtimes and during activities. The registered manager said staffing numbers were reviewed and calculated to help ensure sufficient staff were available at all times to

meet people's care needs and keep people safe.

People were supported by suitable staff. The service had safe recruitment processes in place. The registered manager confirmed checks were completed before staff started work at the home. For example, disclosure and barring service checks. This ensured the registered manager could minimise any risks to people as staff were competent and safe to work with vulnerable people.

Accidents were recorded and analysed to identify what had happened and noted any actions staff could take in the future to reduce the risk of reoccurrence.

People received effective care and support from staff who were well trained and well supported. Staff had the skills and knowledge to perform their roles and responsibilities effectively. Staff knew the people they supported well, and this helped ensure their needs were met. People said; "Staff are kind", "Staff make sure I'm ok" and Staff are very friendly." A survey of professionals who knew the home recorded; "Management and staff are well skilled and passionate about the care." Another survey recorded; "The positive attitude of all the staff has had at all times been a feature of my visits."

The Mental Capacity Act 2005 (MCA) provides a legal framework for making particular decisions on behalf of people who may lack the mental capacity to do so for themselves. The Act requires that as far as possible people make their own decisions and are helped to do so when needed. When they lack mental capacity to take particular decisions, any made on their behalf must be in their best interests and as least restrictive as possible. People's records recorded best interests meetings held when necessary. People can only be deprived of their liberty to receive care and treatment when this is in their best interests and legally authorised under the MCA. The application procedures for this in a care home are called the Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards (DoLS). We checked whether the service was working within the principles of the MCA.

People's mental capacity had been assessed which meant care being provided by staff was in line with people's wishes. We spoke to the registered manager, registered provider and staff about their understanding of the Mental Capacity Act 2005 (MCA) and associated Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards (DoLS). They had all completed MCA training and were aware of the process to follow if it was assessed people needed to be deprived of their liberty and freedom.

Records confirmed the service continually reviewed individuals to determine if a DoLS application was required. The registered manager confirmed no one was currently on a DoLS The registered manager, registered provider and staff supported and encouraged people who lacked capacity to make decisions and everyday choices whenever possible. For example, if they wished to join in the activities provided or eat in their own rooms. People's care plans showed people were involved in their care and where able, consented to the care taking place.

Staff completed an induction. They confirmed they had sufficient time to read records and worked alongside experienced staff to fully understand people's care needs. Training records showed staff had completed training to effectively meet the needs of people. For example, dementia training. The registered manager confirmed new staff completed the Care Certificate (A nationally recognised set of skills training). Ongoing training was planned to support staffs continued learning and was updated when required. Staff completed additional training in health and safety issues, such as infection control and fire safety. One staff member said; "Plenty of choice of training offered."

Staff received appraisals and regular supervision. Team meetings were held to provide staff the opportunity to discuss areas where support was needed. Ideas were encouraged on how the service could improve. Records showed staff discussed topics including how to meet people's needs effectively.

People's individual nutritional and hydration needs were met. People could choose what they would like to eat and drink. People had their specific dietary needs catered for and a menu was displayed. Care records provided guidance and information to staff about how to meet individual dietary needs. Records identified what people disliked or enjoyed. A nutritional screening tool was used when needed, to identify if a person was at risk of malnutrition. People identified at risk of malnutrition had their weight monitored and staff confirmed food and fluid charts were completed when needed. The cook confirmed they had information on people's dietary requirements. People had access to drinks and snacks 24 hours a day. People made positive comments on the food provided. One person said; "Very accommodating- usually something in the fridge I like." Another said; "2nd Choice offered and the menu is in the dining room each day. If I don't like it they will do an alternative." We observed a lunch time and people were relaxed and not rushed, and people and staff were engaged in conversation. People who required additional assistance were given the support they needed and able to eat at their own pace.

People saw healthcare professionals when necessary. Local GP's and district nurses visited and carried out health checks. People whose health had deteriorated were referred to relevant health services for additional support. Staff consulted with external healthcare professionals when completing risk assessments for people. For example, the tissue viability nurse. If people had been identified as being at risk of pressure ulcers, guidelines had been produced for staff to follow. Records showed staff kept healthcare professionals up to date with changes to people's medical needs and had contacted them for advice. Healthcare professionals visited the home when required to monitor people's wellbeing. This helped to ensure people's health was effectively managed.

People were supported by staff who were both kind and caring. People said they were well cared for and spoke highly of the staff and the good quality of care they received. One person said; "The staff are very caring." A survey returned to the service recorded; "Cannot thank you enough for all the loving care you gave." Another recorded; "Thank you for the wonderful care you consistently provide." A visiting professional said they had only ever witnessed the staff providing excellent care to people.

People were involved as much as they were able to with the care and treatment they received. Staff were observed treating people with patience, kindness and compassion. Staff asked people for consent before they provided any support and asked if they were comfortable with the support being offered. For example, when people required assistance moving around the service. Staff were observed telling people what they were doing and worked at people's own pace. All staff knew what was important to people regarding how they liked to have their care needs met.

People were supported by staff who knew them well. Staff were attentive and prompt to respond to people's emotional needs. For example, when people became confused, the staff responded promptly to assist and reassure them. Staff interacted with people in a caring and supportive way. Staff responded to people's needs in a dignified manner. For example, when people were assisted with their personal care, staff supported them discreetly. This showed staff were able to recognise people's needs and respond to them in a caring manner.

Staff showed concern for people's wellbeing. For example, people who's health had deteriorated. Staff displayed kindness whilst maintaining people's dignity and independence. The care people received was well documented and detailed. Record's showed staff recorded what care was provided to people.

People told us their privacy were respected. Staff maintained people's privacy and dignity in particular when assisting people with personal care. For example, by knocking on bedroom doors before entering, gaining consent before providing care, and ensuring curtains and doors were closed. Staff said how important it was that people were supported to retain their dignity and independence. A professional said they had never seen staff being anything other than respectful towards the people. One survey recorded; "The high standard of care she always receives and the certain knowledge she is treated with dignity and respect, however challenging her illness related behaviour, is reassuring and a great comfort."

People's care files held information on people's wishes for end of life care. Files also held a treatment escalation plan which documented people's wish on resuscitation. People who had been assessed as lacking capacity had the involvement of family and professionals to help ensure decisions were made in the person's best interests. This helped ensure people's wishes on their deteriorating health were made known.

Is the service responsive?

Our findings

People were cared for and supported by staff who were responsive to their individual needs. People had assessments of their needs completed before moving into the home. The registered manager confirmed this enabled them to assess if they were able to meet and respond to people's needs. Records showed information had been collected about people's health and social care needs. This provided staff with up to date information about people which was used to develop a full care plan.

People, where possible, were involved with planning their care. When people's needs changed, care plans were reviewed and altered to reflect this change. For example, where people's health had deteriorated, staff responded by contacting the other professionals for advise and support. For example a Community Psychiatric Nurse. Records recorded any behavioural needs and how staff were to respond to people if they became anxious. People had clear guidance in place to support staff in managing people. A survey recorded; "[...] and [...] (the registered provider and registered manager) are always available to talk to and phone me if there are any discussions to be had on [...]." Surveys from healthcare professionals confirmed the service was responsive to people's needs when they became unwell.

People's care records included detailed information about their health and social care needs and personal care needs. For example, if people needed staff support or special equipment to mobilise. The care plans had information including the name of other services involved in the person's care. For example, dentists and chiropodists. Staff ensured people had pressure relieving equipment where required, for example special mattresses to protect people's skin integrity. Additional information clearly recorded how staff could respond to people's emotional needs. For example, when people who lived with dementia required extra support.

Care records included people's faith, social and recreational needs and detailed how they could be supported. Records had been regularly reviewed with people or, where appropriate, with family members. One person said they had been involved in updating their records.

People's care plans included a person's lifetime history, medical history and relationships important to that person. This provided staff with information so they could understand a person's past and how it could impact on who they were today. This helped to ensure care was consistent and delivered in a way which met people's individual needs.

People had access to call bells including in their own bedrooms. This enabled people to call for assistance from staff when required. Staff responded to these promptly.

People were provided choice on a day to day basis, for example being offered a choice of drink with their meals. Staff offered people a choice of drinks throughout our visit. Activities were provided and people who wished to participate were encouraged to. Staff understood people's individual likes when arranging activities and ensured people had a variety to choose from. People said they were happy with the activities provided. One person said; "Go out a lot. I go to the local shops." Another said; "Go out more when the

weather is fine. There are nice parks and the seafront."

People and a visiting professional knew who to contact if they needed to raise a concern or make a complaint. They went on to say they felt the registered manager and registered provider would take appropriate action to address any issues or concerns raised. One person said; "If I had any complaints I'd talk to the staff."

The service had a policy and procedure in place for dealing with any concerns or complaints. This was made available to people, their friends and their families. The procedure was clearly displayed for people to access. The registered manager and registered provider fully understood the complaints process.

Carl Court was well led and managed effectively. It had clear values including that Carl Court aim is; "To provide a safe, caring and homely environment which will meet and respect the independence of each resident so they may live their life with dignity and privacy." These values were incorporated into staff training and helped to provide a service that ensured the needs and values of people were respected. A survey recorded; "A very good home with a very good reputation within the local area."

Both the registered provider and registered manager took a very active role within the running of the home and had good knowledge of the staff and people. People, staff and a visiting professional all spoke positively about the registered manager and registered provider. People said; "They are both lovely people." Surveys returned recorded; "Excellent." A professional survey recorded; "Very professionally run home" and "Appears to be an excellently run home."

The registered manager and registered provider promoted the ethos of honesty, learning from mistakes and admitted when things had gone wrong. This reflected the requirements of the duty of candour. The duty of candour is a legal obligation to act in an open and transparent way in relation to care and treatment. The registered manager and registered provider confirmed they attended the Torbay Managers meeting to gain support and receive training.

People were involved in the day to day running of the service. Residents' meetings and surveys were completed. If there had been issues highlighted, the registered manager confirmed they were addressed and that they fed back to people. This showed the service listened and acted upon people comments.

People said the registered manager, registered provider and staff were available, compassionate and very kind. The registered manager, registered provider and staff made themselves available to talk and meet people and visitors. Staff spoke highly of the support they received from them. Staff felt able to speak to either the registered provider or registered manager if they had any issues or were unsure about any aspect of their role. Staff described the management team as very supportive and said; "Doors are always open" and "Good staff team and get on well."

There was a clear management structure in the service. Staff were aware of the roles of the registered manager and registered provider. The registered manager and registered provider made themselves available to us during our inspection. They demonstrated they knew the details of the care provided to people which showed they had regular contact with the people and staff.

There was an effective quality assurance system in place to drive improvements within the service. Audits were carried out in line with policies and procedures. For example, there was a programme of in-house audits including audits on medicines and people's care records. Surveys were sent to people who were able to complete them. Relatives, staff and professionals received the results of regular audits so they could see what improvements had been made or were planned. These covered all aspects of the service provided.

The service held regular staff meetings to enable open and transparent discussions about the service and people's individual needs. These meetings updated staff about any new issues and gave them the opportunity to discuss any areas of concern they had about the way the service was run. Staff told us they were encouraged and supported to raise issues to improve the service.

Staff said they were happy in their work, the registered manager and registered provider motivated them to provide a good quality service and they understood what was expected of them. Staff said both the registered manager and registered provider had an open door policy and often worked alongside them providing care to people. Staff said they felt their concerns were listened to and acted upon. The home had a whistle-blowers policy to support staff.

Staff told us how learning from accidents and incidents had taken place. The service had notified the CQC of all significant events which had occurred in line with their legal obligations.