

Mr Srinivas Rao Jakileti

Bridge House Dental Practice

Inspection report

377 Norwich Road
Ipswich
IP1 4HA
Tel: 01473742142

Date of inspection visit: 2 November 2023
Date of publication: 18/12/2023

Overall summary

We carried out this announced comprehensive inspection on 2 November 2023 under section 60 of the Health and Social Care Act 2008 as part of our regulatory functions.

We planned the inspection to check whether the registered practice was meeting the legal requirements in the Health and Social Care Act 2008 and associated regulations.

The inspection was led by a Care Quality Commission (CQC) inspector who was supported by a specialist dental advisor.

To get to the heart of patients' experiences of care and treatment, we always ask the following 5 questions:

- Is it safe?
- Is it effective?
- Is it caring?
- Is it responsive to people's needs?
- Is it well-led?

These questions form the framework for the areas we look at during the inspection.

Our findings were:

- The dental clinic appeared clean and well-maintained.
- The practice had infection control procedures which reflected published guidance.
- Staff knew how to deal with medical emergencies. Appropriate medicines and life-saving equipment were available.
- The practice had systems to manage risks for patients, staff, equipment and the premises.
- Safeguarding processes were in place and staff knew their responsibilities for safeguarding vulnerable adults and children.
- The practice had staff recruitment procedures which reflected current legislation.
- Clinical staff provided patients' care and treatment in line with current guidelines.
- Patients were treated with dignity and respect. Staff took care to protect patients' privacy and personal information.

Summary of findings

- Staff provided preventive care and supported patients to ensure better oral health.
- The appointment system worked efficiently to respond to patients' needs.
- The frequency of appointments was agreed between the dentist and the patient, giving due regard to National Institute of Health and Care Excellence (NICE) guidelines.
- There was effective leadership and a culture of continuous improvement.
- Staff felt involved, supported and worked as a team.
- Staff and patients were asked for feedback about the services provided.
- Complaints were dealt with positively and efficiently.
- The practice had information governance arrangements.

Background

Bridge House Dental Practice is in Ipswich Suffolk and provides NHS and private dental care and treatment for adults and children.

There is step free access to the practice for people who use wheelchairs and those with pushchairs. Car parking spaces, including dedicated parking for disabled people, are available near the practice. The practice has made reasonable adjustments to support patients with access requirements.

The dental team includes 10 dentists, 10 dental nurses including 1 trainee dental nurse, 2 dental hygienists, 1 practice manager and 2 receptionists. The practice has 8 treatment rooms.

During the inspection we spoke with 3 dentists including the principal dental surgeon, 4 dental nurses, 1 dental hygienist and 2 receptionists. We looked at practice policies, procedures and other records to assess how the service is managed.

The practice is open: Monday to Friday from 8.30am to 5pm, Saturday by appointment only.

The practice had taken steps to improve environmental sustainability. For example, reducing printing of documents, turning electricity off when not required and recycling where possible. The practice was in the process of redeveloping the premises. Each treatment room was standardised and set up to provide effective and efficient four handed dentistry (a dentist and a dental nurse sitting on either side of the chair, working in unison to save time) and had undergone a total refit which included many advanced infection prevention systems and appliances. We noted recycling arrangements were set up in each treatment room. Treatment rooms were each fitted with fibre optics and compact central silent suction. This had the benefit of not only reducing noise pollution within the treatment rooms, but also improving effective cleaning in treatment rooms and a reduced chemical footprint. 2 ground floor treatment rooms were fitted with knee break dental chairs for easy transfer of patients from wheelchairs.

Summary of findings

The five questions we ask about services and what we found

We always ask the following five questions of services.

Are services safe?	No action ✓
Are services effective?	No action ✓
Are services caring?	No action ✓
Are services responsive to people's needs?	No action ✓
Are services well-led?	No action ✓

Are services safe?

Our findings

We found this practice was providing safe care in accordance with the relevant regulations.

Safety systems and processes, including staff recruitment, equipment and premises and radiography (X-rays)

The practice had safeguarding processes and staff knew their responsibilities for safeguarding vulnerable adults and children. Staff had completed safeguarding training to the required level. Information regarding safeguarding was on display throughout the practice.

The practice had infection control procedures which reflected published guidance. We noted, due to the high standard of refurbishment in the practice infection control procedures were of a standard in line with secondary care theatre. Treatment rooms were fitted with cable free, wire free and touch free systems to enhance the infection control procedures in place. Each treatment room was routinely cleared of all equipment at the end of each day and deep clean procedures were in place for every 4 weeks or more often if required. Dirty to clean areas in treatment rooms and in the decontamination room were marked by red to blue under cupboard lighting to denote the different areas.

The practice had procedures to reduce the risk of Legionella, or other bacteria, developing in water systems, in line with a risk assessment.

The practice had policies and procedures in place to ensure clinical waste was segregated and stored appropriately in line with guidance.

The practice appeared clean and there was an effective schedule in place to ensure it was kept clean. Logs were available to demonstrate cleaning tasks completed.

The practice had a recruitment policy and procedure to help them employ suitable staff, including for agency or locum staff. These reflected the relevant legislation.

Clinical staff were qualified, registered with the General Dental Council and had professional indemnity cover.

The practice ensured equipment was safe to use, maintained and serviced according to manufacturers' instructions. The practice ensured the facilities were maintained in accordance with regulations.

A fire safety risk assessment was carried out in line with the legal requirements. The management of fire safety was effective.

The practice had arrangements to ensure the safety of the X-ray equipment and the required radiation protection information was available. This included cone-beam computed tomography (CBCT), equipment.

Risks to patients

The practice had implemented systems to assess, monitor and manage risks to patient and staff safety. This included sharps safety, sepsis awareness and lone working. Sepsis posters were on display throughout the practice.

Emergency equipment and medicines were available and checked in accordance with national guidance.

Staff knew how to respond to a medical emergency and had completed training in emergency resuscitation and basic life support every year.

The practice had risk assessments to minimise the risk that could be caused from substances that are hazardous to health.

Information to deliver safe care and treatment

Are services safe?

Patient care records were complete, legible, kept securely and complied with General Data Protection Regulation requirements.

The practice had systems for referring patients with suspected oral cancer under the national two-week wait arrangements.

Safe and appropriate use of medicines

The practice had systems for appropriate and safe handling of medicines. Antimicrobial prescribing audits were carried out.

Track record on safety, and lessons learned and improvements

The practice had systems to review and investigate incidents and accidents. The practice had a system for receiving and acting on safety alerts.

Are services effective?

(for example, treatment is effective)

Our findings

We found this practice was providing effective care in accordance with the relevant regulations.

Effective needs assessment, care and treatment

The practice had systems to keep dental professionals up to date with current evidence-based practice. This included regular information updates from the Chief Dental Officer, NHS England, and newsletters from the Local Dental Committee. In addition, the practice held daily staff discussions, formalised team practice meetings and weekly clinical and compliance communications.

We saw the provision of dental implants was in accordance with national guidance.

The practice had access to digital X-rays to enhance the delivery of care.

Helping patients to live healthier lives

The practice provided preventive care and supported patients to ensure better oral health.

Oral health advice and preventative care was provided by the dentists and hygienists.

The practice sold dental sundries such as interdental brushes, dental floss, mouthwash and toothpaste to help patients manage their oral health.

Patient records included details of advice given in relation to diet, oral hygiene instructions and guidance on the effects of alcohol consumption on oral health. Dentists discussed the effects of smoking on oral health with patients as necessary and directed patients to local stop smoking services when appropriate.

Information leaflets were available to patients as recommended by the dentist or upon request. These were available in a larger font as required.

During the recent Covid 19 pandemic lockdown the provider together with other local dentists and consultant dental surgeons formed a trauma network in the community. Due to the increasing backlog of patients requiring urgent hospitalised dental care treatments, the trauma network provided NHS secondary dental care and treatment to patients in a primary dental care environment at the practice. The practice team managed to clear the backlog of patients awaiting oral surgery within 6 weeks by providing treatment for them in the practice. The practice continues to provide this service, providing 60% of NHS oral surgery otherwise provided in a hospital within the practice, helping reduce the waiting list for secondary care oral surgery.

Consent to care and treatment

Staff obtained patients' consent to care and treatment in line with legislation and guidance. Clinicians spoken with understood their responsibilities under the Mental Capacity Act 2005. Consent policies gave information regarding mental capacity and Gillick Competence. Information regarding NHS and private fees were on display for patients in the waiting area.

Staff described how they involved patients' relatives or carers when appropriate and made sure they had enough time to explain treatment options clearly.

Monitoring care and treatment

The practice kept detailed patient care records in line with recognised guidance.

Are services effective?

(for example, treatment is effective)

Staff conveyed an understanding of supporting more vulnerable members of society such as patients living with dementia or adults and children with a learning disability. Staff had undertaken training in autism and learning disability awareness to improve their understanding of patients living with these conditions.

We saw evidence the dentists justified, graded and reported on the radiographs they took. The practice carried out radiography audits 6 monthly following current guidance.

Effective staffing

Staff had the skills, knowledge and experience to carry out their roles.

Newly appointed staff had a structured induction. Staff said that the induction process gave them all of the information they needed and included shadowing another member of staff, training and familiarising themselves with the practice's policies and procedures. We were told that staff received guidance and support whenever needed.

Co-ordinating care and treatment

Staff worked together and with other health and social care professionals to deliver effective care and treatment.

The dentists confirmed they referred patients to a range of specialists in primary and secondary care for treatment the practice did not provide.

The practice was a referral clinic for dental implants, minor oral surgery and endodontics and we saw staff monitored and ensured the dentists were aware of all incoming referrals. The practice had introduced a system of triage and monitoring for all incoming and outgoing referrals to ensure appropriate treatment was given in a timely way.

Are services caring?

Our findings

We found this practice was providing caring services in accordance with the relevant regulations.

Kindness, respect and compassion

Staff were aware of their responsibility to respect people's diversity and human rights.

Patient feedback we reviewed was positive. We looked at practice surveys and online reviews. We observed numerous positive interactions, in person and on the telephone, between staff and patients. Patients commented on specific support and kindness provided by staff during their treatment. Comments received from patients reflected a high level of satisfaction with the quality of their dental treatment and the staff who delivered it.

Staff described to us some of the ways they enabled nervous patients to undergo their treatments.

Patients said staff were compassionate and understanding when they were in pain, distress or discomfort.

Privacy and dignity

Staff were aware of the importance of privacy and confidentiality. The computer screens were not overlooked, and staff password protected patients' electronic care records and backed these up to secure storage. They stored paper records securely.

We noted that whilst the ground floor reception and waiting room area was open plan, staff were discreet in person and on the telephone, we were told patients were offered an alternative area to speak privately should they wish.

The practice had installed closed-circuit television to improve security for patients and staff. Relevant policies and protocols were in place.

Staff password protected patients' electronic care records and backed these up to secure storage. They stored paper records securely.

Involving people in decisions about care and treatment

Staff helped patients to be involved in decisions about their care and gave patients clear information to help them make informed choices about their treatment.

The practice's website and information leaflet provided patients with information about the range of treatments available at the practice.

The dentists explained the methods they used to help patients understand their treatment options. These included photographs, study models, videos, X-ray images and an intra-oral camera.

Are services responsive to people's needs?

Our findings

We found this practice was providing responsive care in accordance with the relevant regulations.

Responding to and meeting people's needs

The practice organised and delivered services to meet patients' needs and preferences.

Staff were clear about the importance of providing emotional support to patients when delivering care. The dentist was informed if a patient was nervous, reception staff said that reassurance was given to anxious patients, and they chatted to them to make them feel at ease.

The practice had made reasonable adjustments, including level access, ground floor treatment rooms, an accessible toilet, grip and handrails at doorways and on stairs for patients with access requirements. Staff had carried out a disability access audit and as part of the redevelopment of the practice building had formulated an action plan to continually improve access for patients. The practice provided and paid for parking close to the practice. Staff had access to translation services if required, several staff were multi lingual and we noted some staff had knowledge of British Sign Language.

Timely access to services

The practice displayed its opening hours and provided information on their website, patient information leaflet and social media pages.

Patients could access care and treatment from the practice within an acceptable timescale for their needs. The practice had an appointment system to respond to patients' needs. The frequency of appointments was agreed between the dentist and the patient, giving due regard to NICE guidelines. Patients had enough time during their appointment and did not feel rushed.

The practice's website, information leaflet and answerphone provided telephone numbers for patients needing emergency dental treatment during the working day and when the practice was not open. The practice provided 24 hour on call triage phone access for patients and took part in an emergency on-call arrangement with other local practices. Patients were directed to the appropriate out of hours service when the practice was closed.

Patients who needed an urgent appointment were offered one in a timely manner; appointment slots were available each day to see patients with a dental emergency. When these were full staff would speak with a dentist to identify the urgency of the appointment. Patients with the most urgent needs had their care and treatment prioritised.

Listening and learning from concerns and complaints

The practice responded to concerns and complaints appropriately. Information about how patients could raise their concerns was available in the waiting area and the staff spoke knowledgeably about how they would deal with a complaint. Staff discussed outcomes to share learning and improve the service.

Are services well-led?

Our findings

We found this practice was providing well-led care in accordance with the relevant regulations.

Leadership capacity and capability

The provider and empowered practice team demonstrated a transparent and open culture in relation to people's safety.

There was strong leadership with emphasis on people's safety and continually striving to improve.

Systems and processes were embedded, and staff worked together in such a way that the inspection did not highlight any significant issues or omissions.

The information and evidence presented during the inspection process was clear and well documented.

We saw the practice had effective processes to support and develop staff with additional roles and responsibilities.

Culture

Staff could show how they ensured high-quality sustainable services and demonstrated improvements over time.

Staff commented on effective teamworking, and supportive leadership within the practice. They stated they felt respected, supported and valued. They were proud to work in the practice.

Staff discussed their training needs during annual appraisals, daily huddles, 1 to 1 meetings and during clinical supervision. They also discussed learning needs, general wellbeing and aims for future professional development. The practice provided financial support for staff training.

The practice used a compliance system to set the training requirements and courses for staff. This was monitored to ensure staff training was up-to-date and completed at the required intervals.

Governance and management

Staff had clear responsibilities, roles and systems of accountability to support good governance and management. The practice used a dental compliance system to assist with compliance activities, staff training, and the provision of policies, forms and checklists.

The practice had a governance system which included policies, protocols and procedures that were accessible to all members of staff and were reviewed on a regular basis.

We saw there were clear and effective processes for managing risks, issues and performance.

Appropriate and accurate information

Staff acted on appropriate and accurate information.

The practice had information governance arrangements and staff were aware of the importance of protecting patients' personal information.

Engagement with patients, the public, staff and external partners

Staff gathered feedback from patients, the public and external partners and demonstrated a commitment to acting on feedback.

Feedback from staff was obtained through meetings, surveys, daily and weekly staff discussions and informal discussions. Staff were encouraged to offer suggestions for improvements to the service and said these were listened to and acted on where appropriate.

Are services well-led?

Continuous improvement and innovation

The practice had systems and processes for learning, quality assurance, continuous improvement and innovation. These included audits of patient care records, disability access, radiographs, antimicrobial prescribing, and infection prevention and control. Staff kept records of the results of these audits and the resulting action plans and improvements.