

The Brandon Trust

The Rambles Care Home

Inspection report

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Backwell

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Ratings

Overall rating for this service	Good •
Is the service safe?	Good
Is the service effective?	Good
Is the service caring?	Good
Is the service responsive?	Good
Is the service well-led?	Good

Summary of findings

Overall summary

The Rambles care home is a residential care home that provides support for up to six adults with learning disabilities. On the day of our inspection there were four people resident in the home.

At the last inspection, the service was rated Good. At this inspection we found the service had met all relevant fundamental standards and remained rated as Good.

People are supported to have maximum choice and control of their lives and staff support them in the least restrictive way possible; the policies and systems in the service support this practice.

Risks to people were assessed and where required a risk management plan was in place to support people manage an identified risk and keep the person safe.

Staffing numbers were sufficient to meet people's needs and this ensured people were supported safely. Staff completed training to ensure they were suitably skilled to perform their role. Staff were supported through a supervision programme

People were supported to maintain good health and had access to external health care professionals when required.

Staff were caring towards people and there was a good relationship between people and staff. Staff demonstrated an in-depth understanding of the needs and preferences of the people they cared for.

Support provided to people met their needs. Care plans provided information about what was important to people and how to support them. People were involved in activities of their choice.

There were systems in place to assess, monitor and improve the quality and safety of the service. Staff described the registered manager as supportive and approachable. Comments from surveys and compliments received by the service confirmed that people were happy with the service and the support received.

Further information is in the detailed findings below

The five questions we ask about services and what we found

We always ask the following five questions of services.

Is the service safe?	Good •
The service remains Good.	
Is the service effective?	Good •
The service remains Good.	
Is the service caring?	Good •
The service remains Good.	
Is the service responsive?	Good •
The service remains Good.	
Is the service well-led?	Good •
The service remains Good.	



The Rambles Care Home

Detailed findings

Background to this inspection

We carried out this inspection under Section 60 of the Health and Social Care Act 2008 as part of our regulatory functions. This inspection checked whether the provider is meeting the legal requirements and regulations associated with the Health and Social Care Act 2008, to look at the overall quality of the service, and to provide a rating for the service under the Care Act 2014.

This comprehensive inspection took place on 13 May 2017. The inspection was unannounced and carried out by one inspector.

During the inspection we met four people living at the service. The majority of people communicated through non-verbal means. We observed interactions with people to establish how well they were supported and their relationships with the staff.

On the day of the inspection we spoke with one person and three members of staff. We looked at three people's care and support records. We also looked at records relating to the management of the service such as the daily records, policies, audits and training records.



Is the service safe?

Our findings

The service had developed suitable arrangements for the administration and recording of people's medicines. There were medication profiles for each person that provided staff with guidance as to people's diagnosed medical conditions and the medicines that had been prescribed. We saw records that demonstrated that staff had been trained in the administration of the medicines. We carried out an audit of the medicines and the amount in stock agreed with the administration records. The medicines were stored safely and securely.

The service had safe and effective recruitment systems in place. There was a robust selection procedure in place. Staff recruitment files showed us that the service operated a safe and effective recruitment system. An enhanced Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) check had been completed. The DBS check ensured that people barred from working with certain groups such as vulnerable adults would be identified. We saw that the recruitment process also included completion of an application form, an interview and previous employer references to assess the candidate's suitability for the role.

People were protected from the risk of abuse. The service had provided staff with safeguarding adults training and had a policy and procedure which advised staff what to do in the event of any concerns. Staff were able to explain the correct action to take if they were concerned about a person being at risk and which external authorities they could report to. Staff told us they were confident that the registered manager and provider would act on their concerns.

There were sufficient staff to meet people's needs. Staffing levels were assessed and organised in a flexible way to support people for their daily needs and for additional activities and appointments outside of the home. Staff told us there were enough staff to meet people's needs. The staff rota was planned and took into account when additional support was needed. Staff told us that on occasion when there was a shortage of staff that this was covered by the regular staff at the service or by bank staff. We observed that there were sufficient staff on duty to meet peoples' needs. One person was able to tell us they felt safe and that there were enough staff to meet their needs.

There were completed assessments of people's risks and recorded guidance on how to manage identified risks. The risk assessments showed that assessments had been completed for areas such as mobility, continence, food and diet. Risk assessments had been regularly reviewed with people to ensure that they continued to reflect people's needs. Staff were able to describe the guidelines for people to keep them safe.



Is the service effective?

Our findings

The Mental Capacity Act 2005 (MCA) provides a legal framework for making particular decisions on behalf of people who may lack the mental capacity to do so for themselves. The Act requires that, as far as possible, people make their own decisions and are helped to do so when needed. When they lack mental capacity to take particular decisions, any made on their behalf must be in their best interests and as least restrictive as possible. People's capacity to make decisions had been assessed and we saw examples of appropriate best interest decisions documented.

People who lack mental capacity to consent to arrangements for necessary care or treatment can only be deprived of their liberty when this is in their best interests and legally authorised under the MCA. The procedures for this in care homes are called the Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards (DoLS). We saw information in people's support plans about mental capacity and Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards (DoLS). DoLS applications had been applied for appropriately. Staff demonstrated a good understanding when they were asked about the principles of the MCA and DoLS.

Staff had the knowledge and skills to carry out their role. New staff received training provided by the service when they joined as part of their induction programme; the induction training was aligned with the Care Certificate. On completion of their induction they also received refresher training. Training subjects included first aid, infection control and food hygiene. Staff said they had received training that the provider deemed as mandatory to their roles and also had access to further training if they wanted it. Additional training specific to the needs of people who used the service had also been provided for staff.

Staff said they received supervision sessions regularly. The supervision records we looked at supported this. Supervision is dedicated time for staff to discuss their role and personal development needs with a senior member of staff.

People's nutrition and hydration needs were met. People's nutritional assessments had been completed and reviewed. Where concerns had been noted, external guidance had been sought. We observed people being supported with their meal preparation during our inspection. The meals were of people's choice. When a person needed support with their meal, this was offered by staff in a calm and unhurried manner.

People were supported to maintain their well-being and good health. We saw from records that people had regularly accessed health care services. When a person required additional regular clinical support this was provided. There was also evidence of input from the community psychiatric team and GPs in people's records. We saw within everyone's care plan that regular visits or appointments with dentists, opticians and dentists had happened when required. Staff had then acted upon the actions agreed at the respective appointments.



Is the service caring?

Our findings

The registered manager and staff knew people exceptionally well. They were able to explain people's individual likes and preferences in relation to the way they were provided with care and support.

We observed that staff universally demonstrated a kind, caring and compassionate attitude towards people using the service. Staff spoke kindly and provided gentle reassurance to people. When we saw staff walking around the building with people, they didn't rush them. They encouraged independence whilst also offering support when it was needed. We saw people had a very good rapport with staff, they were happy to approach them and requested support through gestures. Staff responded by smiling and were happy to oblige their requests. Staff were able to tell us about individual preferences and support needs.

We observed that people were treated with dignity and respected by the staff. Staff explained how they maintained people's privacy and dignity when undertaking peoples' personal care. We also observed staff knocking on people's doors and waiting for a response before entering. Staff told us they enjoyed working at the home and the relationships they had formed with people. One member of staff said "It's not like coming to work to me, I love what I do with the residents here."

Relatives were actively encouraged to visit regularly and people were encouraged to invite their friends and relatives to attend the activities in the home.

Staff took time to communicate with people in a way they could understand, explaining what the daily events were to reassure them. For example we observed a member of staff explaining to a person when they would be leaving the home to attend an activity. The person repeatedly asked the same question and was reassured of the information each time they asked. Staff we spoke with told us about people's individual communication methods and what these meant for people. For example, these included descriptions of sounds and body language and for some people they used a form of Makaton. Makaton is a language programme using signs and symbols to help people to communicate.

People were able to spend their time where they wished, whether in their room or in communal areas. One person proudly showed us their bedroom and told us how staff had supported them to decorate it in their favourite colour.

We also saw photographs of staff and people enjoying special occasions together. The photographs showed people and staff laughing together and enjoying their day.



Is the service responsive?

Our findings

Each person had an individual care plan which contained information about the care and support people needed. Care plans were highly personalised to ensure that staff were aware of people's preferences, life history, likes and dislikes, their daily schedules. Examples included what time they preferred to get up, go to bed and how they liked to dress. This is significant in a service for people with learning disabilities who find it difficult to communicate their needs. This information can aid staff in communicating and developing relationships with people whilst meeting their needs. This information is of particular relevance when new staff are employed at the service to aid them in knowing and understanding people.

Care plans also contained information such as people's medical history, mobility, communication and care needs including areas such as social needs diet and nutrition. These plans provided staff with information so they could respond to people positively and in accordance with their needs.

Staff recorded the care that had been given to people in care notes. Staff recorded information regarding daily care tasks, including the support that had been provided and personal care tasks that had been carried out. This information provided evidence of care delivery and how staff had responded to people's needs.

Staff explained that additional documentation was introduced into care plans if required. For example, should a person have a change in behaviour, behaviour monitoring charts were implemented for a period of time to assist the staff to analyse the behaviour. This assisted the staff to look for ways to effectively support the person at this time.

We saw that the staff reviewed people's care plan on a monthly basis and contacted people's families or other involved professionals if there was a need to gain their feedback or to review the care plan. Formal reviews of support plans were held annually.

Care plans and records of meetings confirmed that people had been involved in and had access to a wide variety of community activities according to their personal preferences. We saw people being offered choices, for example what activities they wanted to undertake during the day. There were visits and regular activities centred on each person's preferences. Activities ranged from going for meals at a local pub, attending discos, pamper sessions, hydrotherapy and sensory sessions. Activities were not viewed as a permanent arrangement and were reviewed regularly to identify if aims and objectives were being achieved. This demonstrated that people's choices were listened to and supported. Additional staff support was rostered to ensure any travel arrangements and additional staff requirements were in place to ensure people's activities took place as planned.

The service had received written compliments via email, letter and thank you cards. People and their relatives felt able to complain or raise issues within the home. The home had a complaints procedure available for people and their relatives. The registered manager explained that any complaints were welcomed to be used as a tool to improve the service for everyone.



Is the service well-led?

Our findings

A registered manager is a person who has registered with the Care Quality Commission to manage the service. Like registered providers, they are 'registered persons'. Registered persons have legal responsibility for meeting the requirements in the Health and Social Care Act 2008 and associated Regulations about how the service is run.

The registered manager told us they operated an open door policy and welcomed feedback on any aspect of the service. Staff also said they felt confident people and relatives would talk with them if they had any concerns. Staff also understood what whistle blowing was and that this needed to be reported. Staff told us they had not needed to do this, but felt confident to do so.

Staff told us they felt well supported by the registered manager and their colleagues. The registered manager strove to continually improve the service provided for people and motivated the staff team to provide kind, compassionate care. Staff spoke of the high expectations of care and support the registered manager had. One staff member said "He's great, full of fresh ideas, likes everyone to be involved and is all about the people we support as it should be."

We saw records that demonstrated that relatives and other people important to people living in the home were communicated with through planned meetings and also on the phone if there was anything urgent that they needed to know.

People were encouraged to provide feedback on their experience of the service to monitor the quality of service provided. People who used the service and their relatives were asked for their views about the quality of the service they had received. We saw the results of surveys had been analysed and comments were positive.

Staff said that they were regularly consulted and involved in making plans to improve the service with the focus always on the needs of people who lived there. We saw records that demonstrated that staff had opportunities to give their views through regular staff meetings. There were also effective communication systems in place regarding staff handovers to ensure that staff were kept up to date with any changes within the home. One member of staff said "The manager is really positive and supportive of us, you'd never feel penalised for asking a question or for more support."

To ensure continuous improvement the registered manager and provider conducted regular audits to monitor and check the quality and safety of the service. They reviewed issues such as; medicines, care plans and training, their observations identified good practice and areas where improvements were required. There also were systems in place to ensure regular maintenance was completed and audits to ensure that the premises, equipment and health and safety related areas such as fire risk were monitored and that equipment tests were also completed. We saw that where actions were required to improve the service there were action plans in place.

All services registered with the Commission must notify the Commission about certain changes, events and incidents affecting their service or the people who use it. Notifications tell us about significant events that happen in the service. We use this information to monitor the service and to check how events have been handled. We found that the registered manager had made appropriate notifications.