

Dr Anis and Anis

Quality Report

Dr Anis and Anis Golborne Health Centre, Kid Glove Road, Golborne, WA3 3GS Tel: 01942 481600 Website: www.highstreetmedicalcentre.co.uk

Date of inspection visit: 10 December 2015 Date of publication: 21/01/2016

This report describes our judgement of the quality of care at this service. It is based on a combination of what we found when we inspected, information from our ongoing monitoring of data about services and information given to us from the provider, patients, the public and other organisations.

Ratings

Overall rating for this service	Good	
Are services safe?	Requires improvement	
Are services effective?	Good	
Are services caring?	Good	
Are services responsive to people's needs?	Good	
Are services well-led?	Good	

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Action we have told the provider to take

Overall summary

Letter from the Chief Inspector of General Practice

We carried out an announced comprehensive inspection at Dr Anis and Anis on 10 December 2015. Overall the practice is rated as good.

Our key findings across all the areas we inspected were as follows:

- Staff understood and fulfilled their responsibilities to raise concerns, and to report incidents and near misses. However, reviews and investigations were not thorough enough.
- Risks to patients were assessed and well managed.
- Staff assessed patients' needs and delivered care in line with current evidence based guidance. Staff had the skills, knowledge and experience to deliver effective care and treatment. However staff had been undertaking chaperone duties but did not have a disclosure and barring service (DBS) check or risk assessment in place.

• Patients said they were treated with compassion, dignity and respect and they were involved in their care and decisions about their treatment.

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- Information about services and how to complain was available and easy to understand.
- Patients said they found it easy to make an appointment with a named GP and that there was continuity of care, with urgent appointments available the same day.
- The practice had good facilities and was well equipped to treat patients and meet their needs.
- There was not a clear leadership structure however staff felt supported by management. The practice sought feedback from staff and patients, which it acted on.
- The provider was aware of and complied with the requirements of the Duty of Candour.

However there were areas of practice where the provider needs to make improvements.

Importantly the provider must:

• Ensure that a Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) check or risk assessment is in place for staff who carry out the role of a chaperone.

Importantly the provider should:

- Ensure the clinical audit cycle is completed for all audits.
- The practice should consider having a formal structure for the review, implementation and audit of NICE Guidance.
- Ensure there are formal governance arrangements in place and staff are aware how these operate.
- Ensure that there is a record of all meetings that take place both internal and external to the practice and actions from these meetings are recorded.

Professor Steve Field (CBE FRCP FFPH FRCGP)

Chief Inspector of General Practice

The five questions we ask and what we found

We always ask the following five questions of services.

Are services safe?

The practice is rated as requires improvement for providing safe services.

- Staff understood their responsibilities to raise concerns, and to report incidents and near misses. However, when there were unintended or unexpected safety incidents, reviews and investigations were not thorough enough and lessons learned were not communicated widely enough to support improvement.
- The practice had clearly defined and embedded systems, processes and practices in place to keep people safe and safeguarded from abuse.
- Risks to patients were assessed and well managed. However staff had been undertaking chaperone duties but did not have a disclosure and barring service (DBS) check or risk assessment in place.

Are services effective?

The practice is rated as good for providing effective services.

- Data showed patient outcomes were at or above average for the locality.
- Staff assessed needs and delivered care in line with current evidence based guidance.
- Staff had the skills, knowledge and experience to deliver effective care and treatment.
- There was evidence of appraisals and personal development plans for staff.
- Staff worked with multidisciplinary teams to understand and meet the range and complexity of people's needs.

Are services caring?

The practice is rated as good for providing caring services.

- Data showed that patients rated the practice higher than others for several aspects of care.
- Patients said they were treated with compassion, dignity and respect and they were involved in decisions about their care and treatment.
- Information for patients about the services available was easy to understand and accessible.
- We also saw that staff treated patients with kindness and respect, and maintained confidentiality.

Requires improvement

Good

Are services responsive to people's needs?

The practice is rated as good for providing responsive services.

- It reviewed the needs of its local population and engaged with the NHS England Area Team and Wigan Borough Clinical Commissioning Group to secure improvements to services where these were identified.
- Patients said they found it easy to make an appointment with a named GP and that there was continuity of care, with urgent appointments available the same day.
- The practice had good facilities and was well equipped to treat patients and meet their needs.
- Information about how to complain was available and easy to understand and evidence showed that the practice responded quickly to issues raised.

Are services well-led?

The practice is rated as good for being well-led.

- It had a vision and strategy to deliver high quality care and promote good outcomes for patients. Staff were clear about the vision and their responsibilities in relation to this.
- There was not a defined leadership structure however staff felt supported by management. The practice had a number of policies and procedures to govern activity and held regular meetings. However a record of all meetings was not kept.
- The provider was aware of and complied with the requirements of the Duty of Candour. The partners encouraged a culture of openness and honesty. The practice had systems in place for knowing about notifiable safety incidents
- The practice sought feedback from staff and patients, which it acted on.

Good

The six population groups and what we found

We always inspect the quality of care for these six population groups.

Older people

The practice is rated as good for the care of older people.

- The practice offered proactive, personalised care to meet the needs of the older people in its population.
- It was responsive to the needs of older people, and offered home visits and urgent appointments for those with enhanced needs.
- All patients over 75 years of age had a named accountable GP and were offered a health check.

People with long term conditions

The practice is rated as good for the care of people with long-term conditions.

- GPs and the practice nurse had lead roles in chronic disease management and patients at risk of hospital admission were identified as a priority.
- Longer appointments and home visits were available when needed.
- All these patients had a named GP and a structured annual review to check that their health and medicines needs were being met. For those people with the most complex needs, the named GP worked with relevant health and care professionals to deliver a multidisciplinary package of care.

Families, children and young people

The practice is rated as good for the care of families, children and young people.

- There were systems in place to identify and follow up children living in disadvantaged circumstances and who were at risk, for example, children and young people who had a high number of A&E attendances. Immunisation rates were relatively high for all standard childhood immunisations.
- Patients told us that children and young people were treated in an age-appropriate way and were recognised as individuals, and we saw evidence to confirm this.
- Appointments were available outside of school hours and the premises were suitable for children and babies.
- We saw good examples of joint working with midwives and health visitors.

Good

Good

Working age people (including those recently retired and students)

The practice is rated as good for the care of working-age people (including those recently retired).

- The needs of the working age population and those recently retired had been identified and the practice had adjusted the services it offered to ensure these were accessible, flexible and offered continuity of care.
- The practice was proactive in offering online services as well as a full range of health promotion and screening that reflects the needs for this age group.

People whose circumstances may make them vulnerable

The practice is rated as good for the care of people whose circumstances may make them vulnerable.

- The practice held a register of patients living in vulnerable circumstances including those with a learning disability.
- It offered longer appointments for people with a learning disability.
- The practice regularly worked with multi-disciplinary teams in the case management of vulnerable people.
- It had told vulnerable patients about how to access various support groups and voluntary organisations.
- Staff knew how to recognise signs of abuse in vulnerable adults and children. Staff were aware of their responsibilities regarding information sharing, documentation of safeguarding concerns and how to contact relevant agencies in normal working hours and out of hours.

People experiencing poor mental health (including people with dementia)

The practice is rated as good for the care of people experiencing poor mental health (including people with dementia).

- The practice regularly worked with multi-disciplinary teams in the case management of people experiencing poor mental health, including those with dementia.
- It carried out advance care planning for patients with dementia.
- The practice had told patients experiencing poor mental health about how to access various support groups and voluntary organisations.
- It had a system in place to follow up patients who had attended accident and emergency where they may have been experiencing poor mental health.

Good



• Staff had a good understanding of how to support people with mental health needs and dementia.

What people who use the service say

The national GP patient survey results published in July 2015 showed the practice was generally performing above local and national averages. There were 358 surveys set out with 110 responses which represents a 31% completion rate, and is just over 2% of the practice population.

- 80% found it easy to get through to this surgery by phone compared (CCG average 77%, national average 73%).
- 92% found the receptionists at this surgery helpful (CCG average 89%, national average 87%).
- 87% were able to get an appointment to see or speak to someone the last time they tried (CCG average 85%, national average 85%).
- 99% said the last appointment they got was convenient (CCG average 95%, national average 92%).

- 90% described their experience of making an appointment as good (CCG average 77%, national average 73%).
- 67% usually waited 15 minutes or less after their appointment time to be seen (CCG average 66%, national average 65%).

As part of our inspection we also asked for CQC comment cards to be completed by patients prior to our inspection. We received 4 completed comment cards which were all positive about the standard of care received.

We spoke with seven patients during the inspection. All seven patients said that they were happy with the care they received and thought that staff were approachable, committed and caring.

Areas for improvement

Action the service MUST take to improve

Importantly the provider must:

• Ensure that a Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) check or risk assessment is in place for staff who carry out the role of a chaperone.

Action the service SHOULD take to improve

Importantly the provider should:

• Ensure the clinical audit cycle is completed for all audits.

- The practice should consider having a formal structure for the review, implementation and audit of NICE Guidance.
- Ensure there are formal governance arrangements in place and staff are aware how these operate.
- Ensure that there is a record of all meetings that take place both internal and external to the practice and actions from these meetings are recorded.



DrAnis and Anis Detailed findings

Our inspection team

Our inspection team was led by:

Our inspection team was led by a CQC Lead Inspector. The team included a GP specialist advisor, a practice nurse specialist advisor and an Expert by Experience.

Background to Dr Anis and Anis

Dr Anis and Anis is one of several practices that are located in Golborne Health Centre. The practice is also known as High Street Medical Centre. At the time of our inspection there were 4864 patients registered with the practice. It is overseen by NHS Wigan Borough Clinical Commissioning Group (CCG).

There are a higher proportion of patients above 65 years of age (21%) than the practice average across England (16.7%). There are a high proportion of patients registered who are from a socially deprived background.

There are three GPs supported by a practice nurse. There is also a practice manager and supporting administration and reception team.

The practice delivers commissioned services under the General Medical Services (GMS) contract. It offers direct enhanced services for the childhood vaccination and immunisation scheme, extended hours access, facilitating timely diagnosis and support for people with dementia, influenza and pneumococcal immunisations and learning disabilities. The practice is open between 8.15am and 6pm Monday to Friday with the exception of being open from 8.15am to 3pm on a Wednesday. There are extended hours surgeries available on a Tuesday evening until 7.30pm.

Patients can book appointments in person, online, or via the phone. Emergency appointments are available each day. There is an out of hours service available provided by Bridgewater Community Health Care Trust and commissioned by Wigan Borough CCG.

Why we carried out this inspection

We inspected this service as part of our new comprehensive inspection programme.

We carried out a comprehensive inspection of this service under Section 60 of the Health and Social Care Act 2008 as part of our regulatory functions. The inspection was planned to check whether the provider is meeting the legal requirements and regulations associated with the Health and Social Care Act 2008, to look at the overall quality of the service, and to provide a rating for the service under the Care Act 2014.

How we carried out this inspection

Before visiting, we reviewed a range of information that we hold about the practice and asked other organisations to share what they knew. We carried out an announced visit on 10 December 2015. During our visit we:

• Reviewed information available to us from other organisations e.g. NHS England.

Detailed findings

- Reviewed information from CQC intelligent monitoring systems.
- Spoke to staff and patients.
- Reviewed patient survey information.
- Observed how people were being cared for and talked with carers and/or family members
- Reviewed comment cards where patients and members of the public shared their views and experiences of the service.

To get to the heart of patients' experiences of care and treatment, we always ask the following five questions:

- Is it safe?
- Is it effective?
- Is it caring?
- Is it responsive to people's needs?
- Is it well-led

We also looked at how well services are provided for specific groups of people and what good care looks like for them. The population groups are:

- Older people
- People with long-term conditions
- Families, children and young people
- Working age people (including those recently retired and students)
- People whose circumstances may make them vulnerable
- People experiencing poor mental health (including people with dementia)

Please note that when referring to information throughout this report, for example any reference to the Quality and Outcomes Framework data, this relates to the most recent information available to the CQC at that time.

Are services safe?

Our findings

Safe track record and learning

There was a system in place for reporting and recording significant events. Staff understood their responsibilities to raise concerns, and to report incidents and near misses. However, when there were unintended or unexpected safety incidents, reviews and investigations were not thorough enough and lessons learned were not communicated widely enough to support improvement.

Overview of safety systems and processes

The practice had processes and practices in place to keep people safe and safeguarded from abuse, which included:

- Arrangements were in place to safeguard children and vulnerable adults from abuse that reflected relevant legislation and local requirements and policies were accessible to all staff. The policies clearly outlined who to contact for further guidance if staff had concerns about a patient's welfare. A partner GP was the lead for safeguarding and was trained to Safeguarding level 3. Staff demonstrated they understood their responsibilities and had received training relevant to their role.
- A notice was displayed in the waiting room, advising patients about chaperones, if required. However staff had been undertaking chaperone duties but did not have a disclosure and barring service (DBS) check or risk assessment in place. The provider must ensure that only staff who have completed a DBS check undertake chaperone duties or make sure there is a risk assessment to explain the reasoning for not undertaking a DBS check.
- The practice maintained appropriate standards of cleanliness and hygiene. We observed the premises to be clean and tidy. The practice manager and practice nurse shared the lead for infection control. There was an infection control protocol in place and some staff had received training.
- The arrangements for managing medicines, including emergency drugs and vaccinations, in the practice kept patients safe (including obtaining, prescribing, recording, handling, storing and security). The practice carried out regular medicines audits, with the support of

the local CCG pharmacy teams, to ensure prescribing was in line with best practice guidelines for safe prescribing. Prescription pads were securely stored and there were systems in place to monitor their use.

• We reviewed all personnel files and found that appropriate recruitment checks had been undertaken prior to employment. For example, proof of identification, references, qualifications, registration with the appropriate professional body and the appropriate checks through the Disclosure and Barring Service for some staff.

Monitoring risks to patients

Risks to patients were assessed and well managed.

- There were procedures in place for monitoring and managing risks to patient and staff safety. There was a health and safety policy available. The practice had up to date fire risk assessments and carried out regular fire drills. All electrical equipment was checked to ensure the equipment was safe to use and clinical equipment was checked to ensure it was working properly. The building was managed by NHS Property Services who had in place a variety of risk assessments to monitor safety of the premises such as control of substances hazardous to health and infection control and legionella.
- Arrangements were in place for planning and monitoring the number of staff and mix of staff needed to meet patients' needs. There was a rota system in place for all the different staffing groups to ensure that enough staff were on duty.

Arrangements to deal with emergencies and major incidents

The practice had adequate arrangements in place to respond to emergencies and major incidents.

- There was an instant messaging system on the computers in all the consultation and treatment rooms which alerted staff to any emergency.
- All staff received annual basic life support training and there were emergency medicines available in the treatment room.
- The practice had a defibrillator available on the premises and oxygen with adult and children's masks. There was also a first aid kit and accident book available.

Are services safe?

• Emergency medicines were easily accessible to staff in a secure area of the practice and all staff knew of their location. All the medicines we checked were in date and fit for use.

Are services effective?

(for example, treatment is effective)

Our findings

Effective needs assessment

The practice carried out assessments and treatment in line with relevant and current evidence based guidance and standards, including National Institute for Health and Care Excellence (NICE) best practice guidelines. The practice had systems in place to ensure all clinical staff were kept up to date although these were informal. The practice had access to guidelines from NICE and used this information to develop how care and treatment was delivered to meet needs. The practice should consider having a formal structure for the review, implementation and audit of NICE Guidance.

Management, monitoring and improving outcomes for people

The practice used the information collected for the Quality Outcomes Framework (QOF) and performance against national screening programmes to monitor outcomes for patients. (QOF is a system intended to improve the quality of general practice and reward good practice). The most recent published results were 91% of the total number of points available, with 6.1% exception reporting. This practice was not an outlier for any QOF (or other national) clinical targets. Data from 2014-15 showed;

- Performance for diabetes related indicators was 86% which was 5.9% below the CCG and below 3.2% the national averages.
- The percentage of patients with hypertension having regular blood pressure tests was 100% which is 0.3% above CCG and 2.2% above national averages.
- Performance for mental health related indicators were 88.5% which is 5.9% below the CCG average and 4.3% below the national average.
- The dementia diagnosis rate was 100% which is 3.2% above the CCG and 5.5% below the national averages.

Clinical audits demonstrated quality improvement.

- There had been clinical audits completed in the last two years, however not all audits demonstrated a completed audit cycle.
- The practice participated in applicable local audits, national benchmarking, accreditation, peer review and research.

Effective staffing

Staff had the skills, knowledge and experience to deliver effective care and treatment.

- The practice had an induction programme for newly appointed members of staff that covered such topics as safeguarding, infection prevention and control, fire safety, health and safety and confidentiality.
- The practice could demonstrate how they ensured role-specific training and updating for relevant staff e.g. for those reviewing patients with long-term conditions, administering vaccinations and taking samples for the cervical screening programme.
- The learning needs of staff were identified through a system of appraisals and meetings. Staff had access to appropriate training to meet these learning needs and to cover the scope of their work. Not all staff had an appraisal within the last 12 months but we saw evidence these were to be completed soon.

Coordinating patient care and information sharing

The information needed to plan and deliver care and treatment was available to relevant staff in a timely and accessible way through the practice's patient record system and their intranet system.

- This included care plans, medical records and investigation and test results. Information such as NHS patient information leaflets were also available.
- The practice shared relevant information with other services in a timely way, for example when referring people to other services.

Staff worked together and with other health and social care services to understand and meet the range and complexity of people's needs and to assess and plan ongoing care and treatment. This included when people moved between services, including when they were referred, or after they are discharged from hospital. We saw evidence that multi-disciplinary team meetings took place on a quarterly basis and that care plans were routinely reviewed and updated.

Consent to care and treatment

Staff sought patients' consent to care and treatment in line with legislation and guidance.

• Clinical staff understood the relevant consent and decision-making requirements of legislation and guidance, including the Mental Capacity Act 2005.

Are services effective?

(for example, treatment is effective)

- When providing care and treatment for children and young people, staff carried out assessments of capacity to consent in line with relevant guidance.
- Where a patient's mental capacity to consent to care or treatment was unclear the GP or practice nurse assessed the patient's capacity and, where appropriate, recorded the outcome of the assessment.

Health promotion and prevention

The practice identified patients who may be in need of extra support. For example:

- Child Immunisation Clinics are run by the Practice Nurse every Wednesday morning between 9:30 and 11:00am
- The practice nurse offered a full range of travel vaccinations.
- Any patient who wished to stop smoking could be seen by either our GPs or Practice Nurses.
- Child health surveillance checks are carried out by the GPs at six weekly intervals.

The practice had a health trainer Service attached to the surgery and can provide one-to-one support to help improve health and well-being.

There was a policy to offer telephone reminders for patients who did not attend for their cervical screening test. The practice also encouraged its patients to attend national screening programmes for bowel and breast cancer screening.

Childhood immunisation rates for the vaccinations given were comparable to CCG/national averages. For example, childhood immunisation rates for the vaccinations given to under two year olds were 95% and five year olds from 90.9% to 98.5%. Flu vaccination rates for the over 65s were 62.8%, and at risk groups 42.9%. These were also below the CCG and national averages.

Patients had access to appropriate health assessments and checks. These included health checks for new patients and NHS health checks for people aged 40–74. Appropriate follow-ups on the outcomes of health assessments and checks were made, where abnormalities or risk factors were identified.

Are services caring?

Our findings

Respect, dignity, compassion and empathy

We observed that members of staff were courteous and very helpful to patients and treated people dignity and respect.

- Curtains were provided in consulting rooms to maintain patients' privacy and dignity during examinations, investigations and treatments.
- We noted that consultation and treatment room doors were closed during consultations and that conversations taking place in these rooms could not be overheard.
- Reception staff knew when patients wanted to discuss sensitive issues or appeared distressed they could offer them a private room to discuss their needs.

All of the four patient CQC comment cards we received were positive about the service experienced. Patients said they felt the practice offered an excellent service and staff were helpful, caring and treated them with dignity and respect.

We also spoke with seven patients who told us they were satisfied with the care provided by the practice and said their dignity and privacy was respected. Comment cards highlighted that staff responded compassionately when they needed help and provided support when required.

Results from the national GP patient survey showed patients felt they were treated with compassion, dignity and respect. Some of the satisfaction scores were below and above average for its satisfaction scores on consultations with doctors and nurses. For example:

- 75% said the GP was good at listening to them (CCG average 89%, national average 89%).
- 77% said the GP gave them enough time (CCG average 88%, national average 87%).
- 93% said they had confidence and trust in the last GP they saw (CCG average 95%, national average 95%)
- 70% said the last GP they spoke to was good at treating them with care and concern (CCG average 86%, national average 85%).

- 98% said the last nurse they spoke to was good at treating them with care and concern (CCG average 94%, national average 90%).
- 92% said they found the receptionists at the practice helpful (CCG average 89%, national average 87%)

Care planning and involvement in decisions about care and treatment

Patients told us that they felt involved in decision making about the care and treatment they received. They also told us they felt listened to and supported by staff and had sufficient time during consultations to make an informed decision about the choice of treatment available to them. Patient feedback on the comment cards we received was also positive and aligned with these views.

Results from the national GP patient survey showed patients responded to questions about their involvement in planning and making decisions about their care and treatment. Results were below the local and national averages. For example:

- 72% said the last GP they saw was good at explaining tests and treatments compared to the CCG average of 86% and national average of 86%.
- 71% said the last GP they saw was good at involving them in decisions about their care (CCG average 83%, national average 81%)

Staff told us that translation services were available for patients who did not have English as a first language.

Patient and carer support to cope emotionally with care and treatment

Notices in the patient waiting room told patients how to access a number of support groups and organisations.

The practice's computer system alerted GPs if a patient was also a carer. Written information was available to direct carers to the various avenues of support available to them.

Staff told us that if families had suffered bereavement, their usual GP contacted them and sent them a sympathy card. This call was either followed by a patient consultation at a flexible time and location to meet the family's needs and/or by giving them advice on how to find a support service.

Are services responsive to people's needs?

(for example, to feedback?)

Our findings

Responding to and meeting people's needs

The practice reviewed the needs of its local population and engaged with the NHS England Area Team and Clinical Commissioning Group (CCG) to secure improvements to services where these were identified.

- The practice offered extended hours on a Tuesday evening until 7.30pm for working patients who could not attend during normal opening hours.
- There were longer appointments available for people with a learning disability.
- Home visits were available for older patients / patients who would benefit from these.
- Same day appointments were available for children and those with serious medical conditions.
- Telephone consultations were available for patients if required.

Access to the service

The practice is open between 8.15am and 6pm Monday to Friday with the exception of being open from 8.15am to 3pm on a Wednesday. There are extended hours surgeries available on a Tuesday evening until 7.30pm. In addition to pre-bookable appointments that could be booked up to six weeks in advance, urgent appointments were also available for people that needed them.

Results from the national GP patient survey showed that patient's satisfaction with how they could access care and treatment was above the local and national averages. People told us on the day that they were able to get appointments when they needed them.

- 80% of patients were satisfied with the practice's opening hours (CCG average 80%, national average 75%).
- 80% patients said they could get through easily to the surgery by phone (CCG average 77%, national average 73%).
- 90% patients described their experience of making an appointment as good (CCG average 77%, national average 73%.
- 67% patients said they usually waited 15 minutes or less after their appointment time (CCG average 66%, national average 65%).

Listening and learning from concerns and complaints

The practice had an effective system in place for handling complaints and concerns.

- Its complaints policy and procedures were in line with recognised guidance and contractual obligations for GPs in England.
- The practice manager was the designated responsible person who handled all complaints in the practice.
- We saw that information was available to help patients understand the complaints system

The practice kept a complaints log for written complaints. We looked at all complaints received in the last 12 months and found these were satisfactorily handled, dealt with in a timely way and there was a culture of openness and transparency by the practice when dealing with the complaint.

Are services well-led?

(for example, are they well-managed and do senior leaders listen, learn and take appropriate action)

Our findings

Vision and strategy

The practice had vision to deliver high quality care and promote good outcomes for patients. This was:

- To deliver high quality primary health care services
- Treat all our patients equally, courteously, and with respect and honesty.
- To give a caring and efficient service
- To be aware of advancements in medical and clinical treatment
- To act with integrity and complete confidentiality
- To provide patients with a welcoming environment in safe, modern and well equipped premises
- To ensure that patients are seen the same day if their problem is urgent
- To consider sympathetically any suggestions and comments about the service we provide.
- To deal with complaints promptly and efficiently.

Their overall aim was to provide readily available medical care of the highest standard for the whole family whilst upholding the traditional friendliness of GPs.

Governance arrangements

The practice was continuing to embed their governance framework which supported the delivery of the strategy and good quality care. This outlined the structures and procedures in place and ensured that:

- Practice specific policies were implemented and were available to all staff.
- There was an understanding of the performance of the practice.
- There was a programme of continuous clinical and internal audit and was used to monitor quality and to make improvements.

Currently there was not a clear leadership structure however staff felt supported by management.

The GP explained that they had identified a need to formalise more areas of practice and maintain more comprehensive records of discussions and decision making.

Leadership, openness and transparency

The partners in the practice have the experience, capacity and capability to run the practice and ensure high quality care. They prioritise safe, high quality and compassionate care. The partners were visible in the practice and staff told us that they were approachable and always take the time to listen to all members of staff.

The provider was aware of and complied with the requirements of the Duty of Candour. The partners encouraged a culture of openness and honesty. The practice had systems in place for knowing about notifiable safety incidents

When there were unexpected or unintended safety incidents the practice gave affected people reasonable support, truthful information and a verbal and written apology. They kept written records of verbal interactions as well as written correspondence.

Currently there was not a clear leadership structure however staff felt supported by management. Staff told us that the practice held regular team meetings however a record of these meetings and actions were not always kept.

Staff told us that there was an open culture within the practice and they had the opportunity to raise any issues at team meetings and confident in doing so and felt supported if they did.

Staff said they felt respected, valued and supported, particularly by the partners in the practice. All staff were involved in discussions about how to run and develop the practice, and the partners encouraged all members of staff to identify opportunities to improve the service delivered by the practice.

Seeking and acting on feedback from patients, the public and staff

The practice encouraged and valued feedback from patients, the public and staff. It sought patients' feedback and engaged patients in the delivery of the service.

• It had gathered feedback from patients and through surveys and complaints received. This included information from the Friends and Family test.

Are services well-led?

(for example, are they well-managed and do senior leaders listen, learn and take appropriate action)

• The practice had also gathered feedback from staff through staff meetings, appraisals and discussion. Staff told us they would not hesitate to give feedback and discuss any concerns or issues with colleagues and management. Staff told us they felt involved and engaged to improve how the practice was run.

Continuous improvement

There was a focus on continuous learning and improvement by the GPs. We saw evidence that the practice was working towards becoming a training practice.

Requirement notices

Action we have told the provider to take

The table below shows the legal requirements that were not being met. The provider must send CQC a report that says what action they are going to take to meet these requirements.

Regulated activity	Regulation
Diagnostic and screening procedures	Regulation 12 HSCA (RA) Regulations 2014 Safe care and
Family planning services	treatment
Maternity and midwifery services	Regulation: 12 Safe Care and Treatment (2) the things which a registered person must do to comply with that
Surgical procedures	paragraph include — (c) ensuring that persons providing care or treatment to service users have the qualifications, competence, skills and experience to do so safely
Treatment of disease, disorder or injury	
	How the regulation was not being met:
	The registered person did not ensure recruitment arrangements include all necessary employment checks for all staff were in place that included taking up references and completing disclosure and barring service checks, in particular for staff who were already undertaking chaperoning duties. Regulation 12 (2) (c)
	Regulation 12 (2) (C)