

Klinika Limited

Dental and Medical Clinic in Barking

Inspection Report

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Date of inspection visit: 20 & 28 May and 11 June

Date of publication: 24/07/2019

Overall summary

We carried out this announced inspection on 20 May 2019, 28 May 2019 and 11 June 2019 under Section 60 of the Health and Social Care Act 2008 as part of our regulatory functions. We planned the inspection to check whether the registered provider was meeting the legal requirements in the Health and Social Care Act 2008 and associated regulations. The inspection was led by a Care Quality Commission (CQC) inspector who was supported by a specialist dental adviser.

The inspection was carried out jointly with the General Practice inspection team who reported separately on the medical services. Details of their findings can be found by selecting the 'all reports' link Dental and Medical Clinic in Barking on our website www.cqc.org.uk.

This report relates only to the dental services provided.

To get to the heart of patients' experiences of care and treatment, we always ask the following five questions:

- Is it safe?
- Is it effective?
- Is it caring?
- Is it responsive to people's needs?
- Is it well-led?

These questions form the framework for the areas we look at during the inspection.

Our findings were:

Are services safe?

We found that this practice was providing safe care in accordance with the relevant regulations.

Are services effective?

We found that this practice was providing effective care in accordance with the relevant regulations.

Are services caring?

We found that this practice was providing caring services in accordance with the relevant regulations.

Are services responsive?

We found that this practice was providing responsive care in accordance with the relevant regulations.

Are services well-led?

We found that this practice was providing well-led care in accordance with the relevant regulations.

Background

Summary of findings

Dental and Medical Clinic is in Barking town centre in the London Borough of Barking and Dagenham. The practice provides a wide range of dental and medical services. The practice provides service on a private, fee paying basis only and the majority of the service's patients originate from Eastern European countries. Dental services are available to adults and children.

The practice is located on the ground floor in purpose-adapted premises. The practice has one dental treatment room,. There is step-free access to the practice. The practice is located close to public transport services.

The dental team includes two dentists, two dental nurses and one trainee dental nurse. The clinical team are supported by a receptionist and the practice manager.

The practice is owned by a company and as a condition of registration must have a person registered with the Care Quality Commission as the registered manager. Registered managers have legal responsibility for meeting the requirements in the Health and Social Care Act 2008 and associated regulations about how the practice is run. The registered manager at Dental and Medical Clinic in Barking is the practice manager.

On the day of our inspection we received feedback from 33 patients.

During the inspection we spoke with one dentist, one dental nurse and the practice manager. We checked practice policies and procedures and other records about how the service is managed.

The practice is open seven days each week between 9am and 7pm.:

Our key findings were:

- The practice appeared clean and well maintained.
- The practice had infection control procedures in place.
 Improvements were needed so that infection prevention and control audits were carried out every six months taking into account published guidance.

- Staff knew how to deal with emergencies.

 Improvements were needed to the arrangements to ensure that the recommended medicines and life-saving equipment were available. The two items that were not available were ordered promptly and were available shortly after the first day of our inspection
- The practice had systems to help them manage risk.
 The practice had suitable safeguarding processes and staff knew their responsibilities for safeguarding adults and children.
- The practice had thorough staff recruitment procedures.
- The clinical staff provided patients' care and treatment in line with current guidelines. Improvements were needed to the practice systems for monitoring referrals.
- Staff treated patients with dignity and respect and took care to protect their privacy and personal information.
- The practice was providing preventive care and supporting patients to ensure better oral health.
- The appointment system met patients' needs.
- The practice had effective leadership.
- Staff felt involved and supported and worked well as a team.
- The practice asked staff and patients for feedback about the services they provided.
- The practice had arrangements to deal with complaints positively and efficiently.
- The practice had suitable information governance arrangements.

There were areas where the provider could make improvements. They should:

- Review the practice's audit protocols to ensure infection control audits are undertaken at regular intervals and where applicable learning points are documented and shared with all relevant staff.
- Review the practice's protocols for referral of patients and ensure all referrals are monitored suitably.

Summary of findings

The five questions we ask about services and what we found

We always ask the following five questions of services.

Are services safe?

We found that this practice was providing safe care in accordance with the relevant regulations.

The practice had systems and processes to provide safe care and treatment.

There were systems to use learning from incidents and complaints to help them improve.

Staff received training in safeguarding and knew how to recognise the signs of abuse and how to report concerns.

Staff were qualified for their roles and the practice completed essential recruitment checks.

Premises and equipment were clean and properly maintained. The practice followed national guidance for cleaning, sterilising and storing dental instruments. Improvements were needed so that infection prevention and control audits were carried out every six months in line with published guidance.

The practice had arrangements for dealing with medical and other emergencies.

Are services effective?

We found that this practice was providing effective care in accordance with the relevant regulations.

The dentists assessed patients' needs and provided care and treatment in line with recognised guidance.

Patients described the treatment they received as very good and effective. They told us that they were always happy with the care and treatment that they received.

The dentists discussed treatment with patients so they could give informed consent and recorded this in their records.

The practice had arrangements when patients needed to be referred to other dental or health care professionals. Improvements were needed to the systems to ensure that referrals were monitored suitably.

The practice supported staff to complete training relevant to their roles and had systems to help them monitor this.

Are services caring?

We found that this practice was providing caring services in accordance with the relevant regulations.

We received feedback about the practice from 33 people. Patients were positive about all aspects of the service the practice provided. They told us staff were helpful and friendly. We were told that staff treated patients with care and respect.

They said that they were given detailed explanations about dental treatment, and said their dentist listened to them.

No action



No action



No action



Summary of findings

We saw that staff protected patients' privacy and were aware of the importance of confidentiality. Patients said staff treated them with dignity and respect.

The practice had arrangements to obtain the views of patients and used these to improve where indicated the level of patient satisfaction.

Are services responsive to people's needs?

We found that this practice was providing responsive care in accordance with the relevant regulations.

The practice's appointment system was efficient and met patients' needs. Patients could get an appointment quickly if they were experiencing dental pain.

Staff considered and took into account patients' different needs and had made reasonable adjustments to accommodate patients who may need additional support.

The practice could make arrangements to help patients with sight or hearing impairment and those whose first language was not English.

The practice took patients' views seriously. They valued compliments from patients and had arrangements to respond to concerns and complaints quickly and constructively.

Are services well-led?

We found that this practice was providing well-led care in accordance with the relevant regulations.

The practice had arrangements to ensure the smooth running of the service. These included systems for the practice team to discuss the quality and safety of the care and treatment provided. There was a clearly defined management structure and staff felt supported and appreciated.

The practice had a range of policies and procedures to underpin the day to day management of the service

The practice monitored clinical and non-clinical areas of their work to help them improve and learn. This included asking for and listening to the views of patients and staff.

No action



No action



Are services safe?

Our findings

Safety systems and processes (including staff recruitment, Equipment & premises and Radiography (X-rays))

The practice had systems to keep patients safe.

Staff knew their responsibilities if they had concerns about the safety of adults who were vulnerable due to their circumstances. The practice had safeguarding policies and procedures to provide staff with information about identifying, reporting and dealing with suspected abuse.

We saw evidence that staff received safeguarding training to an appropriate level depending on their roles within the practice. The principal dentist was the safeguarding lead and they had undertaken additional training. Staff knew about the signs and symptoms of abuse and neglect and how to report concerns to the local safeguarding team and the police as appropriate and notification to the CQC.

Staff demonstrated an understanding and awareness of issues which may render some people more vulnerable such as people with a learning disability or a mental health condition, or who require other support such as with mobility or communication.

The practice had a whistleblowing policy. Staff told us they felt confident they could raise concerns without fear of recrimination.

The dentist told us that they used dental dams in line with guidance from the British Endodontic Society when providing root canal treatment. In instances where the dental dam was not used, such as for example refusal by the patient, and where other methods were used to protect the airway, this needed to be suitably risk-assessed and documented in the dental care record.

The practice had a business continuity plan describing how the practice would deal with events that could disrupt the normal running of the practice.

The practice had a suitable staff recruitment policy and procedure to help them employ suitable staff. These reflected the relevant legislation. We checked the recruitment records for four members of staff. These showed the practice followed their recruitment procedure. Appropriate procedures and checks including where

relevant employment references and Disclosure and Barring Services (DBS) checks and evidence of each candidate's skills and experience were carried out for all staff.

We noted that the dentists and the dental nurses were qualified and registered with the General Dental Council (GDC) and had professional indemnity cover. There were systems in place to monitor this.

The practice ensured that the facilities and equipment were safe, and that equipment was maintained according to the manufacturers' instructions, including sterilising and radiography equipment and electrical and mechanical appliances.

The practice had a fire safety procedure and a fire safety risk assessment was in place. These were kept under review. Staff were aware of the fire safety procedures in the practice. Records showed that fire detection and firefighting equipment such as fire extinguishers and emergency lighting systems were regularly tested and serviced. There was a fire evacuation procedure in place and evacuation exercises were carried out every six months.

The practice had suitable arrangements to ensure the safety of the radiography equipment. They met current radiation regulations and had the required information in their radiation protection file. Clinical staff completed continuing professional development (CPD) in respect of dental radiography.

We saw evidence that the dentists justified, graded and reported on the radiographs they took. The practice carried out radiography audits following current guidance and legislation. The results of these audits were used to monitor and improve the quality of dental radiography.

Risks to patients

The practice's health and safety policies, procedures were up to date and accessible to staff to help manage potential risk

The practice had employer's liability insurance.

We looked at the practice's arrangements for safe dental care and treatment. The practice had arrangements to manage risks associated with use and disposal of dental sharps in line with current legislation.

Are services safe?

The provider had a system in place to ensure that clinical staff had received appropriate vaccinations, including the vaccination to protect them against the Hepatitis B virus, and that the effectiveness of the vaccination was checked.

The practice had policies and procedures in place to assist staff to respond promptly and appropriately to medical emergencies. The staff team demonstrated that they understood and followed these procedures. Staff completed training in emergency resuscitation and basic Life Support (BLS) every year. Emergency scenarios were discussed with the whole staff team as part of regular staff meetings.

Emergency equipment and medicines were available as described in recognised guidance with the exception of one size of oropharyngeal airway. On the first day of the inspection we found the provider did not have sufficient adrenaline to treat an adult with anaphylaxis until the arrival of the emergency services. These items were ordered promptly and were available shortly after the first day of our inspection.

A dental nurse worked with the dentists when they treated patients in line with GDC Standards for the Dental Team.

The provider had arrangements to minimise the risk that can be caused from substances that are hazardous to health. There were records maintained of all hazardous materials used at the practice and staff had access to detailed information to protect them and guide them on how to act in the event of accidental exposure to hazardous substances.

The practice had an infection prevention and control policy and procedures. They followed guidance in The Health Technical Memorandum 01-05: Decontamination in primary care dental practices (HTM01-05) published by the Department of Health. Staff were aware of and followed these procedures. Staff completed infection prevention and control training and received updates as required.

The practice had suitable arrangements for transporting, cleaning, checking, sterilising and storing instruments in line with HTM01-05. The records showed equipment used by staff for cleaning and sterilising instruments were validated, maintained and used in line with the manufacturers' guidance.

The practice had in place systems and protocols to ensure that any dental laboratory work was disinfected prior to being sent to a dental laboratory and before the dental laboratory work was fitted in a patient's mouth.

The practice had procedures to reduce the possibility of Legionella or other bacteria developing in the water systems. A Legionella risk assessment was in place and this was reviewed annually. The results of the most recent assessment had been reviewed and there was an action plan in place to deal with the low level recommendations identified to ensure that the practice was following recommended protocols. We saw records of water testing and dental unit water line management were in place.

The practice had arrangements for cleaning clinical and non-clinical areas and there were cleaning schedules in place. There were arrangements to monitor these. The practice appeared clean when we inspected and patients confirmed that this was usual. Patients commented that the practice was always clean and hygienic.

The practice had policies and procedures in place to ensure clinical waste was segregated and stored appropriately in line with guidance.

The practice carried out infection prevention and control audits once a year. The latest audit showed the practice was meeting the required standards. Improvements were needed so that these audits were carried out every six months taking into account guidelines issued by the Department of Health - Health Technical Memorandum 01-05: Decontamination in primary care dental practices and have regard to The Health and Social Care Act 2008: 'Code of Practice about the prevention and control of infections and related guidance.'

Information to deliver safe care and treatment

Staff had the information they needed to deliver safe care and treatment to patients.

We discussed with the dentist and the practice manager how information to deliver safe care and treatment was handled and recorded. We checked a sample of dental care records to confirm our findings and noted that individual records were managed in a way that kept patients safe. Dental and other records were kept securely. Information handling processes at the practice were in compliance with General Data Protection Regulations requirements (GDPR) (EU) 2016/679.

Are services safe?

Safe and appropriate use of medicines

The practice had reliable systems for appropriate and safe storage of prescriptions.

The dentist was aware of current guidance and protocols with regards to prescribing medicines.

Track record on safety

The practice had a good safety record.

The practice had arrangements to report and investigate safety incidents should these occur. Staff were aware of these and their responsibilities to report any concerns. These arrangements included procedures to monitor and review various aspects in relation to safety. Safety incident scenarios were discussed with the whole team as part of regular staff meetings. The practice procedures helped the practice to understand risks and gave a clear, accurate and current picture that led to safety improvements.

Staff told us that there had been no safety incidents In the previous 12 months.

Lessons learned and improvements

There were suitable systems for reviewing and investigating when things went wrong. The practice learned and shared lessons, identified themes and took action to improve safety in the practice. Staff were aware of safety incidents which are reportable to external organisations including those that must be reported to the CQC.

There was a system for receiving and acting on safety alerts. The practice learned from external safety events as well as patient and medicine safety alerts.

Are services effective?

(for example, treatment is effective)

Our findings

Effective needs assessment, care and treatment

The practice had systems to keep the dental practitioners up to date with current evidence-based practice. We noted that clinicians assessed needs and delivered care and treatment in line with current legislation, standards and guidance supported by clear clinical pathways and protocols.

Helping patients to live healthier lives

The practice was providing preventive care and supporting patients to ensure better oral health in line with the Delivering Better Oral Health toolkit.

The practice had procedures in place so that high concentration fluoride toothpaste was prescribed if a patient's risk of tooth decay indicated this would help them. The dentist told us that where applicable the dentists discussed smoking, alcohol consumption and diet with patients during appointments. The practice had a selection of dental products for sale and provided health promotion leaflets to help patients with their oral health.

The dentists provided patients with preventative advice. This involved providing patients with oral health and dietary advice, taking plaque and gum bleeding scores and recording detailed charts of the patient's gum condition.

Patients with more severe gum disease were recalled at more frequent intervals to review their compliance and to reinforce home care preventative advice.

Consent to care and treatment

The practice obtained consent to care and treatment in line with legislation and guidance.

The practice team understood the importance of obtaining and recording patients' consent to treatment. Patients were provided with detailed information and explanations in relation to their proposed treatments. This included information in relation to the intended benefits, potential complications or risks and the cost of treatment. The patients we spoke with confirmed that their dentist always provided detailed descriptions and information in relation to their treatment.

The practice's consent policy included information about the Mental Capacity Act 2005. The dental team undertook training in this area and understood their responsibilities under the act when treating adults who may not be able to make informed decisions. The practice consent policy also referred to the Gillick competence by which a child under the age of 16 years of age can consent for themselves. The staff were aware of the need to consider this when treating young people under 16 years of age.

Monitoring care and treatment

The practice kept detailed dental care records containing information about the patients' current dental needs, past treatment and medical histories. The dentists assessed patients' treatment needs in line with recognised guidance.

We noted that the practice audited patients' dental care records to check that the dentists recorded the necessary information. The results of these audits were reviewed and there were action plans in place to support learning and improvement.

Effective staffing

Staff had the skills, knowledge and experience to carry out their roles.

There were arrangements in place to provide a period of induction based on a structured programme to newly appointed staff to help familiarise themselves with the practice policies, procedures and protocols.

There were arrangements in place to appraise performance and discuss staffs' individual training and development needs. We saw completed appraisal documents and how the practice addressed the training requirements of staff.

Co-ordinating care and treatment

The practice had procedures for when they referred patients to primary and secondary care if they needed treatment the practice did not provide.

There were systems and processes for referring patients with suspected oral cancer under the national two week wait arrangements. This was initiated by the National Institute for Health and Care Excellence (NICE) in 2005 to help make sure patients were seen quickly by a specialist. However the dentist who we spoke with not fully aware of these procedures.

Improvements were needed to the practice arrangements to monitor referrals to make sure they were dealt with promptly.

Are services caring?

Our findings

Kindness, respect and compassion

Staff had access to practice policies and were aware of their responsibility to respect people's diversity and human rights. Staff undertook training in equality and diversity and mental capacity issues.

We saw that staff treated patients respectfully and appropriately and were friendly towards patients at the reception desk and over the telephone.

We received feedback from 33 patients who commented positively that staff were kind, helpful and polite.

Patients said staff were considerate and understanding particularly when treating nervous patients and children.

Privacy and dignity

The practice respected and promoted patients' privacy and dignity.

Staff were aware of the importance of privacy and confidentiality. The layout of the reception and waiting area was open-plan in design and staff were mindful of this when assisting patients in person and on the telephone. Staff told us that if a patient asked for more privacy they would take them into another room. The reception computer screens were not visible to patients and staff did not leave patients' personal information where other patients might see it.

Staff stored patients' paper records securely.

Involving people in decisions about care and treatment

Staff helped patients be involved in decisions about their care. The dental team were aware of the requirements under the Equality Act.

- Language interpretation services were available for patients whose first language was not English.
- The provider's website was translated into the five main languages used by the majority of patients.
- Service information leaflets were
- Staff also spoke a variety of Eastern European languages. .

The practice gave patients clear information to help them make informed choices.

The practice provided patients with information about the dental team, the range of treatments available at the practice, costs of treatment and arrangements for booking appointments.

A range of information leaflets and posters provided additional information for patients.

Are services responsive to people's needs?

(for example, to feedback?)

Our findings

Responding to and meeting people's needs

The practice organised and delivered services to meet patients' needs. It took account of patient needs and preferences.

Staff were clear on the importance of emotional support needed by patients when delivering care.

Staff told us that they currently had some patients for whom they needed to make adjustments to enable them to receive treatment. A Disability Access audit was carried out and kept under review in order to continually improve access for patients and to ensure that people in vulnerable circumstances could access and use services on an equal basis to others. The practice had made reasonable adjustments for patients with disabilities. There was step free access to the treatment room, accessible toilet facilities fitted with hand rails and a call bell. A hearing induction loop was also available.

The layout of the practice did not afford the provision of wheelchair accessible toilet facilities. Staff told us that they would inform new patients when they made enquiries about joining the practice and would suggest alternative services as required.

Timely access to services

Patients were able to access care and treatment from the practice within an acceptable timescale for their needs. The practice displayed its opening hours on the practice website. Patients can make appointments in person, by telephone or online via the practice website.

Staff told us that patients who requested an urgent appointment were, where possible, seen on the same day. Patients told us they had enough time during their appointment and did not feel rushed. Appointments ran smoothly on the day of the inspection and patients were not kept waiting.

The practice answerphone provided telephone numbers for patients needing emergency dental treatment during the working day and when the practice was not open.

Listening and learning from concerns and complaints

The practice took complaints and concerns seriously and responded to them appropriately to improve the quality of

The practice had a complaints policy providing guidance to staff on how to handle a complaint. The practice information leaflet explained how to make a complaint.

The practice manager was responsible for dealing with complaints. Staff we spoke with told us that they reported any complaints made promptly so patients received a quick response.

Information was available about organisations patients could contact if they were not satisfied with the way the practice dealt with their concerns.

There were arrangements to ensure that comments and suggestions made by patients were reviewed and used to improve the services provided. The practice manager told us that there had been some occasional complaints made by patients around waiting times. These comments were discussed with staff during practice meetings with a view to help patients understand the reasons when there were delays and to help manage patients' expectations.

Are services well-led?

Our findings

Leadership capacity and capability

The practice had arrangements in place to help ensure that they had the capacity and skills to deliver their aims and goals to provide high quality, patient focused care. There were arrangements in place to review patient and service demands and plans to ensure that the practice had the capacity to meet these.

Staff told us the practice manager was supportive and approachable.

The practice had systems and procedures in place which underpinned the management and the delivery of the service. These were reviewed and updated as required and accessible to staff.

Vision and strategy

The practice had a clear vision and strategy to provide urgent, same day services to patients who may have difficulty accessing NHS services in a timely way. The practice vision and strategy was reflected in its policies, procedures and the day-to-day management of the service including its seven day service and the arrangements to provide services for patients whose first language was not English.

There were arrangements to share relevant information with staff through a range of formal and informal discussions and staff could contribute to how the practice vision and strategy was delivered.

Culture

The practice had a culture of openness, transparency and candour and there were policies and procedures in place to support this. These were in accordance with compliance with the requirements of the Duty of Candour.

Staff stated they felt involved, supported and valued. They told us that they were very happy to work at the practice. The practice had arrangements to support staff and to ensure that behaviour and performance were consistent with the practice's vision and values.

Staff we spoke with told us they were able to raise concerns and were encouraged to do so. They had confidence that any concerns would be addressed.

Governance and management

The practice manager was responsible for the clinical leadership of the practice and for the day to day running of the service. There were processes for identifying and managing risks, issues and performance.

The practice had a system of clinical governance in place. This included policies, protocols and procedures that were accessible to all members of staff.

There was a system for monitoring and reviewing various aspects of the service as part of an annual quality assurance programme. These included clinical and non-clinical audits in areas including safety and risk, infection control, dental care records and dental radiography procedures.

Appropriate and accurate information

The practice had information governance arrangements and staff were aware of the importance of these in protecting patients' personal information. The practice was aware of and had systems in relation to the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) requirements. Patients were told how information about them would be used and were assured of the measures in place to protect this information.

Engagement with patients, the public, staff and external partners

The practice used patient satisfaction surveys and a suggestion box to obtain patients' views about the service. Patients could also make online reviews about the services they received.

The practice gathered feedback from staff through regular meetings, reviews and informal discussions. Staff were encouraged to offer suggestions for improvements to the service and said these were listened to and acted on.

Continuous improvement and innovation

There were arrangements to review and appraise staff performance, and to support all members of staff to develop their skills, knowledge and experience.

Staff completed 'highly recommended' and continuing professional development training as per General Dental

Are services well-led?

Council professional standards. This included undertaking medical emergencies and basic life support training annually. Staff told us the practice provided support and encouragement for them to do so.