

The Regard Partnership Limited

The Regard Partnership Limited - 225 London Road

Inspection report

225 London Road
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Date of inspection visit:
29 June 2016

Date of publication:
02 August 2016

Ratings

Overall rating for this service	Good ●
Is the service safe?	Good ●
Is the service effective?	Good ●
Is the service caring?	Good ●
Is the service responsive?	Good ●
Is the service well-led?	Good ●

Summary of findings

Overall summary

225 London Road provides accommodation and personal care for up to six adults with a learning disability and/ or autistic spectrum disorder. At the time of our inspection six people were living in the home. The inspection took place on 29 June 2016 and was unannounced. At the previous inspection, held in September 2013 and followed up in December 2013, we found that the service was meeting the required standards.

The home was presented as an ordinary detached house over two floors with access to the first floor via stairs. People had single rooms. Communal space consisted of a lounge area and dining room. There was a private garden at the rear of the property.

There was a registered manager in post, and they were at the home at the time of our inspection. A registered manager is a person who has registered with the Care Quality Commission to manage the service. Like registered providers, they are 'registered persons'. Registered persons have legal responsibility for meeting the requirements in the Health and Social Care Act 2008 and associated Regulations about how the service is run.

The home was well decorated and adapted to meet people's needs. The home had a homely feel and reflected the interests and lives of the people who lived there, with photos of people and staff.

People who were able to communicate with us gave us positive feedback about the home and the caring nature of staff. Other people were able to demonstrate in other ways that they felt safe and cared for at the home, for example through their interaction with staff.

There were sufficient numbers of staff to meet the needs and preferences of the people that lived there. Staff understood their duty should they suspect abuse was taking place, including the agencies that needed to be notified, such as the local authority safeguarding team or the police. Risks of harm to people had been identified and clear plans and guidelines were in place to minimise these risks, without restricting people's freedom. Staff ensured that people were involved in these decisions by speaking with people and making sure care plans were personalised and easy to read.

People were offered choices, supported to feel involved and staff knew how to communicate effectively with each individual according to their needs. People were relaxed and comfortable in the company of staff. Staff supported people in a way which was kind, caring, and respectful.

Staff helped people to keep healthy and well, they supported people to attend appointments with GP's and other healthcare professionals when they needed to. Medicines were stored safely, and people received their medicines as prescribed. People were involved in their food and drink choices and meals were prepared taking account of people's health, cultural and religious needs.

Where people did not have the capacity to understand or consent to a decision the provider had followed the requirements of the Mental Capacity Act (2005). An appropriate assessment of people's ability to make decisions for themselves had been completed. Where people's liberty may have been restricted to keep them safe, the provider had followed the requirements of the Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards (DoLS) to ensure the person's rights were protected.

The provider regularly sought people's and staff's views about how the care and support they received could be improved. There were systems in place to monitor the safety and quality of the service that people experienced.

The five questions we ask about services and what we found

We always ask the following five questions of services.

Is the service safe?

Good 

The service was safe.

The provider had an effective staff recruitment and selection process in place and there were enough staff on duty to meet people's needs.

Staff knew people's needs and were aware of any risks and what they needed to do to make sure people were safe.

There were arrangements in place to protect people from the risk of abuse and harm and staff knew about their responsibility to protect people.

Medicines were managed and administered safely.

Is the service effective?

Good 

The service was effective

People received care from staff who were supported and who had access to training to enable them to care for the people that lived there.

People's rights under the Mental Capacity Act were met. Where people's freedom was restricted to keep them safe the requirements of the Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards were met.

People were protected from the risks of poor nutrition and dehydration by having a balanced diet and support to eat healthily. Where nutritional risks were identified, people received the necessary support.

People had good access to health care professionals for routine check-ups, or if they felt unwell. People's health was seen to improve as a result of the care and support they received.

Is the service caring?

Good 

The service was caring.

Staff were caring and friendly and interacted with people in a

respectful manner.

People were involved in making decisions about their care, treatment and support. The care records we viewed contained information about what was important to people and how they wanted to be supported.

People's privacy was respected.

Is the service responsive?

Good ●

The service was responsive.

Care plans were person centred and gave detail about the support needs of people. People were involved in their care plans, and their reviews.

People had good access to the local community, and could take part in activities that interested them, and promoted their independence.

There was a clear complaints procedure in place. Staff understood their responsibilities should a complaint be received.

Is the service well-led?

Good ●

The service was well- led.

People, their relatives and staff were involved in improving the service.

Regular staff meetings helped share learning and best practice so staff understood what was expected of them at all levels. The service encouraged feedback about the service through regular audits.

Systems were in place to regularly monitor the safety and quality of the service people received and results were used to improve the service.

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Detailed findings

Background to this inspection

We carried out this inspection under Section 60 of the Health and Social Care Act 2008 as part of our regulatory functions. This inspection was planned to check whether the provider is meeting the legal requirements and regulations associated with the Health and Social Care Act 2008, to look at the overall quality of the service, and to provide a rating for the service under the Care Act 2014.

This inspection took place on 29 June 2016 and was unannounced. The inspection was carried out by an adult social care inspector.

Before the inspection we reviewed records held by CQC which included notifications, complaints and any safeguarding concerns. A notification is information about important events which the service is required to send us by law. This enabled us to ensure we were addressing potential areas of concern at the inspection.

The provider had completed a Provider Information Return (PIR). This is a form that asks the provider to give some key information about the service, what the service does well and improvements they plan to make.

We spoke with two people who lived at the home, and spent time with all six people. We also spoke with the registered manager, two members of staff and a member of the senior management team who visited the home. We spoke with two relatives and invited comment from external agencies such as local authorities.

We reviewed care and other records within the home. These included three care plans and associated records, medicine administration records, two staff recruitment files, and the records of quality assurance checks carried out in the home.

Is the service safe?

Our findings

People told us that they felt safe living at 225 London Road. One person said, "I definitely feel safe here and they would know about it if I didn't." Another person told us the staff were kind.

Observation of the interaction between people and staff throughout the day demonstrated that people felt very comfortable and relaxed in staff presence. The home also had clear policies and procedures with regard to safeguarding and guidance was available for people in easy read posters. In the previous 12 months there had been one incident where a staff response to behaviour which challenged the service had been considered as breaching the agreement of the person's stated care plan and this was dealt with in a prompt manner by the service.

Staff were clear on their obligations towards people and demonstrated a clear understanding of what constituted a safeguarding matter and how to report this. One member of staff told us, "I would have no hesitation in reporting anything I saw which concerned me and I know my manager would deal with it immediately." There was a Whistle blowing Policy as well as a grievance procedure for staff which was accessible and which was made available to new staff on day one of their induction.

We saw that people's needs were assessed before they moved into the service. This pre-admission assessment involved input from people, relatives and professionals where appropriate and identified if the service could meet the person's needs. Risk assessments clearly identified risks and provided staff with clear guidance on how to address these risks. Examples included health-related issues, behavioural challenges, participation in household tasks, mobility and safety awareness. Assessments meant that staff were able to support people in a safe way whilst supporting them in activities or interests of their choice. Risk assessments were reviewed at regular intervals or in response to incidents or changes in behaviour.

There were sufficient numbers of staff deployed to keep people safe and support the health and welfare needs of people. In addition to the registered manager there were three support staff on throughout the waking day. At night there were one waking staff and one sleeping in staff. Although the home had access to agency staff where needed they had not used agency staff in the previous 12 months. This ensured that people had continuity and consistency of care and staff input which made them feel safe and secure.

Staff told us, and records confirmed that there was a robust recruitment procedure in place which included application with two references, criminal records checks, interview and probationary period.

The service completed a handover between each shift. The staff in charge of the previous shift discussed relevant issues and made staff aware of the planned arrangements and appointments for the next shift. This meant staff were up to date and well informed about people they cared for.

There were effective Infection control procedures in place. These included Food Hygiene procedures (e.g. checking of food temperatures, labelling of food kept in fridge and colour coded chopping boards), laundry protocols and guidance, hand washing facilities with anti-bacterial rubs and disposable hand towels and

cleaning mops. There were in-house COSHH and environmental risk assessments. All accident and incidents were recorded both as a hard copy and on the online report system "Enable" within 72hrs of event.

People's medicines were managed and given safely, and people were involved in the process. Staff who administered medicines to people received appropriate training, which was regularly updated. Staff who supported people with medicines were able to describe what the medicine was for to ensure people were safe when taking it. The ordering, storage, recording and disposal of medicines were safe and well managed. There were no gaps in the medicine administration records (MARs) so it was clear when people had been given their medicines. Medicines were stored in locked cabinets to keep them safe when not in use.

Is the service effective?

Our findings

People were cared for by staff who had the knowledge and skills they needed to deliver safe and effective care.

Staff told us they regularly attended training relevant to their roles and this was confirmed in records we examined. We examined a training matrix which identified courses the service considered necessary to support their staff to deliver safe and appropriate care and treatment. These included subject areas such as safeguarding, mental capacity, moving and handling, first aid, fire safety and infection control.

Staff skills were also monitored and supported by the service through regular one-to-one supervisions. Staff confirmed that they received supervision. We looked at staff records and discussed supervision with the registered manager. We saw that formal personal supervision sessions took place approximately every three months. We noticed that staff working at night did not always receive this regularity of personal supervision and the registered manager acknowledged this as a priority for action.

In addition to personal supervision there were daily handovers and regular monthly staff meetings as well as a general open door culture at the home where the registered manager was accessible at all times. There were annual appraisals in place for staff. One member of staff commented, "I feel really supported in this job. The team are great and the manager is always there for you."

The service had a record of training for all staff as well as details of planned refresher training covering all basic mandatory training as well as training specifically relevant to supporting people in the home, such as managing behaviour which challenges the service, person centred care and speech and language awareness.

The Mental Capacity Act 2005 (MCA) provides a legal framework for making particular decisions on behalf of people who may lack the mental capacity to do so for themselves. The Act requires that as far as possible people make their own decisions and are helped to do so when needed. When they lack mental capacity to take particular decisions, any made on their behalf must be in their best interests and as least restrictive as possible.

We saw that where people lacked capacity any assessments and decisions were based on specific situations rather than a blanket assessment of a person understanding. People could then be assured that decisions would be made for them in their best interests only in the areas they could not understand.

People can only be deprived of their liberty to receive care and treatment when this is in their best interests and legally authorised under the MCA. The application procedures for this in care homes and hospitals are called the Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards (DoLS).

We checked whether the service was working within the principles of the MCA and whether any conditions on authorisations to deprive a person of their liberty were being met. The manager and staff had completed

training in these areas and understood the principles. We saw entries in care records about mental capacity and assessments. Where appropriate relatives were involved and if required the service could access independent mental capacity advocates to support people and ensure their best interests. When required, the manager had submitted application for DoLS authorisations. At the time of inspection six applications had been made under DoLS and four had been approved with two authorisations pending a decision.

We observed staff interaction with people and looked at the way people were supported throughout the day. We saw that staff understood the support needs of people well, and that they also understood people's preferred method of communicating their needs. Staff supported people in a respectful manner, and always ensured that where possible, people were given the time to voice their opinion and give consent to whatever activity or tasks they were being invited to participate in.

Each person had their own key worker who supported them with all aspects of their day to day living and who ensured that support plans with associated risks were implemented and reviewed with support from the manager. Keyworkers also ensured that monthly reviews were held as well as preparing for the service users annual reviews with funding authorities.

There was positive feedback from relatives who told us that they were happy with the skills and experience of the staff team. One person told us, "Sometimes the keyworker will phone me even on their day off to let me know some piece of information that is important to me." Another person said, "Our only worry is that we don't feel the staff receive enough reward for the skill and care they provide to people."

People had enough to eat and drink to keep them healthy and had good quality, quantity and choice of food and drinks available to them. One person said, "The meals here are very, very good". Menus were planned with the involvement of people, with people's preferences being incorporated into the overall menu for each week. People's special dietary needs were met and their preferences for food were identified in their support plans. Where a specific need had been identified, such as food needing to be prepared in a particular way to aid swallowing this was done.

Staff completed a record of Personal Daily Outcomes (PDO) for each service user on a daily basis and there were records of health appointments, health action plans and contacts of relevant professionals in place for everyone. The service had developed strong working relationships with a range of professionals from the local Community team, including speech and language therapists (SALT), psychologists, community nurses and the local GP surgery.

Is the service caring?

Our findings

The staff at the home developed positive, caring relationships with people. One person told us, "I have been living here a long time and the staff are good."

Care was delivered by staff in a patient, friendly and sensitive manner. We observed and listened to interactions between people and staff throughout the duration of our inspection. We saw numerous examples of positive and caring interactions, including mealtimes, staff sitting with people reading, staff and people playing games together, staff supporting people in personal care and staff supporting people to attend outside appointments.

The atmosphere in the home was calm and relaxed and staff spoke to people in a caring and respectful manner. Staff understood people's support needs and communication methods and were therefore able to detect any discomfort or distress and provided caring interventions in a respectful manner. People's care records contained clear person-centred descriptions of how people preferred to be supported and these were followed by care staff.

People in the home did not generally participate in formal "house meetings" or similar. In order to ensure that people continued to feel involved in decision making and have their views taken into account, staff used their keyworker responsibilities to engage people on a daily basis and to co-ordinate monthly reviews on each person so that all staff were updated on any changes. We observed that staff constantly involved people in the activities and tasks of the home, using a range of methods from ordinary reminders and invitations to some people, through to prompting and physical assistance for others.

Other examples of people's involvement and decision making were evident in the individualised programmes of activity for each person. For example, one person enjoyed walking and was taken regularly each day by staff. Another person was involved in the interview process for new staff.

People were supported in areas such as sending birthday and Christmas cards to their relatives, inviting them to parties and other events at the home. An annual holiday took place, with the destination decided upon with people and everyone was supported to have annual health checks. People were supported to understand relevant information about their care through the use of keyworkers explaining things, easy to read posters and policies and through the home's own statement of purpose which relatives have access to.

People's privacy and dignity was respected and promoted through clear policies that emphasised people's rights and staff behaviour towards people. People were able to lock their bedroom doors for privacy, with the locks allowing for emergency access if required. We observed someone who wanted to use the toilet and saw how quickly staff ensured that the door was shut to allow privacy. People who required prompting regarding appropriate clothing were given advice in a way that maintained their dignity. For example, if someone wanted to go outside without shoes staff quickly and sensitively prompted the person to put shoes on.

Staff were knowledgeable about people and their past histories. Care records recorded personal histories, likes and dislikes. Throughout the inspection it was evident the staff knew the people they supported well. Staff were able to tell us about people's hobbies and interests, as well as their family life. People's rooms were personalised which made it individual to the person that lived there. People's needs with respect to their religion or cultural beliefs were met. People told us they could have relatives visit when they wanted, or go and stay with their relatives if they wished.

Is the service responsive?

Our findings

People received care that was responsive to their needs. The manager met people or their relatives prior to admission and completed a pre-admission assessment to ensure the service could meet their needs. The assessment provided a basis for subsequent care planning which was reviewed and updated once they came to live at the service.

Staff were knowledgeable about and attentive to the needs of people they supported. Each person's care plan contained a summary of their life before they came to the service providing prompts for topics of conversation, including "things I am good at doing" and "important people in my life". Staff were aware of people's preferences and interests which meant they were better equipped to deliver personalised care and support. People's care records were person centred in the way they were written and identified people's needs, goals and preferences and how they were expected to be delivered. This information about people provided guidance that enabled staff to deliver appropriate care and support in a responsive manner.

The staff supported people who had a range of disabilities, including non-verbal communication, Autism, and behaviours which challenged the service. Staff were skilled with different levels of experience who knew people well and were able to respond quickly when people were not well.

The registered manager reported "very good working relationships" with GPs and learning disability teams and care records documented visits and appointments. People had a "health file" and "health action plan" which enabled staff to act responsively when needing to communicate with health services.

The home had a complaints procedure and maintained records of any complaints, accidents and incidents as well as reporting these to senior managers via an online reporting system. People's care and treatment were regularly reviewed to ensure the most appropriate response to their needs. For example, there were daily records, shift handover information, monthly keyworker reviews and formal annual reviews. We saw that care plans and care reviews were up to date.

People had access to a range of activities that interested them, ranging from home-based activities to attendance at community day centres and further education. In addition some people visited relatives on some weekends and the service had an open visiting policy for friends and family.

People were supported by staff that listened to and would respond to complaints or comments. All the relatives we spoke with said they had never had to make a formal complaint. There had been no formal complaints received at the home since our last visit.

Is the service well-led?

Our findings

There was a positive culture within the home between the people that lived here, the staff and the manager. One person told us, "It's friendly with the staff."

Senior managers were involved in the home, where a representative from the provider carried out regular visits to check on the quality of service being provided to people. These visits included an inspection of the premises and reviewing care records. An action plan was generated, which detailed who was responsible for completing the action and by when. This was then reviewed at each visit to ensure actions had been completed. The registered manager also completed a report to keep the senior managers within the organisation up to date on what had happened at the home, and to monitor that a good standard of care and support were being given. One of the senior managers, a Locality Manager, visited the home during our inspection and it was clear that people living in the home knew who he was and felt comfortable and at ease with his presence.

The registered manager was supported by three senior support Workers, the Locality Manager and Regional Director with on-call support out of hours if required. The registered manager had qualifications in NVQ 4 and a Diploma in managing Health & social Services.

Audits of the service and quality monitoring took place daily, with an active presence from the registered manager. In addition there was weekly and monthly monitoring of the home. Any maintenance issues were reported onto the on-line maintenance system (Mantis). All accident and incident reports were also recorded online. The home gathered feedback from service users, staff and families/friends on how the service was run and what could be improved, with the most recent quality audit being carried out in May 2016.

Feedback from relatives was positive. They told us there was a relative's forum where they were able to meet and discuss things with the locality manager. One person said, "We have had some bad times in the past under different managers, but things have stabilised really well under the current manager." Other comments included praise for the staff team. One person said, "The staff are wonderful and they really are the ones who bring consistency and reassurance to everyone and they can't be faulted."

The registered manager confirmed that he attended regular meetings at both Locality and Regional level. He told us that this provided an opportunity to share and learn from best practice.

People were included in how the service was managed and involved in the recruitment process for staff. Staff had team meetings monthly and we saw meetings scheduled for June and July 2016. Information from meetings was communicated to people through daily contact and from keyworkers. The provider also ensured that various groups of people were consulted for feedback to see if the service had met people's needs.

The registered manager had been in his current post for 6 years and was completely familiar with all aspects

of the management role, including his regulatory responsibilities under the Health and Social Care Act 2008 (Regulated Activities) Regulations 2014. This included reporting significant events to the Care Quality Commission and other outside agencies. This meant we could check that appropriate action had been taken.

Records management was good and showed that the home and care provided was regularly checked to ensure it was of a good standard. Records were stored safely and confidentially.