

Guinness Care and Support Limited

Guinness Care Forest

Inspection report

The Springs & Watermead South Road Lydney Gloucestershire GL15 5LF

Tel: 01594843574

Date of inspection visit:

12 April 2019 15 April 2019 17 April 2019 24 April 2019

Date of publication:

30 May 2019

Ratings

Overall rating for this service	Good •
Is the service safe?	Good •
Is the service effective?	Good
Is the service caring?	Good
Is the service responsive?	Good
Is the service well-led?	Good

Summary of findings

Overall summary

About the service:

Guinness Care Forest provides personal care support and practical assistance to people who live in their own properties. The service also provides care and support to people who live in self-contained flats as part of an Extra Care Housing Scheme called Hanover Court.

At the time of the inspection 68 people received personal care support both in the community and at Hanover Court. Some people living at Hanover Court are independent and require little or no support from the service. Guinness Care also funded and operated an emergency call bell system at Hanover Couty. This meant they responded to emergency situations for any person living at either scheme regardless of whether they received personal care support or not.

The Care Quality Commission (CQC) only regulates the regulated activity of personal care; this inspection report only relates to the provision of personal care.

People's experience of using this service:

- •□People told us they were comfortable and happy when being supported by care staff employed by Guinness Care
- People spoke positively about the relationships they had formed with care staff and enjoyed the conversations they had with them.
- □ People received their care as planned. People living in the community told us they received their calls as plans and were informed of any delays due to unforeseen circumstances.
- People living at Hanover Court spoke positively about how staff responded to their life line (emergency call bell system). They told us staff came quickly and treated them with compassion.
- □ Care staff supported people with their changing healthcare needs and provided people with additional support when required.
- •□Staff told us they had the training and support they required. Staff spoke positively about recent changes within the organisation, including the recruitment of the new manager. Staff told us the service was constantly improving and were happy with the continuous support they had received from care coordinators.
- People were protected from the risk of abuse and harm as staff followed clear processes regarding safeguarding, the management or people's prescribed medicines and where necessary their financial records.
- The manager had a clear vision for the service and was working with local authority commissioners and the landlords of both schemes to improve the quality of service people received. The manager was also working with healthcare professionals to improve knowledge in relation to the service provided at Extra Care Sheltered Housing schemes.
- •□The Scheme care co-ordinator, community care co-ordinator, the manager and provider had clear systems to monitor and drive improvements throughout the service. A development plan was in place to

inform and track these improvements. This included a new care planning and monitoring system.

The service met the characteristics of Good overall. For more details, please see the full report which is on the CQC website at www.cqc.org.uk

Rating at last inspection:

This was the first time the service has been inspected under their current registrations.

Why we inspected:

We inspected this service as part of our ongoing Adult Social Care inspection programme.

Follow up:

We will meet with the provider, landlord for both schemes and local authority commissioners to gain a better understanding of the joint working arrangements for people living in local Extra Care Housing Schemes. We will continue to monitor intelligence we receive about the service until we return to visit as per our inspection programme.

The five questions we ask about services and what we found

We always ask the following five questions of services.

Is the service safe?	Good •
The service was safe.	
Details are in our Safe findings below.	
Is the service effective?	Good •
The service was effective.	
Details are in our Effective findings below.	
Is the service caring?	Good •
The service was caring.	
Details are in our Caring findings below.	
Is the service responsive?	Good •
The service was responsive.	
Details are in our Responsive findings below.	
Is the service well-led?	Good •
The service was well-led.	
Details are in our Well-Led findings below.	



Guinness Care Forest

Detailed findings

Background to this inspection

The Inspection:

We carried out this inspection under Section 60 of the Health and Social Care Act 2008 (the Act) as part of our regulatory functions. This inspection was planned to check whether the provider was meeting the legal requirements and regulations associated with the Act, to look at the overall quality of the service, and to provide a rating for the service under the Care Act 2014.

Inspection team:

Our inspection was completed by one inspector.

Service and service type:

Guinness Care Gloucester is a domiciliary care agency (DCA) which provides care to people living in the Forest of Dean area and at Hanover Court (an Extra Care Housing Scheme in Cinderford).

This service provides care and support to people living in specialist 'extra care' housing. Extra Care Housing is purpose-built or adapted single household accommodation in a shared site or building. The accommodation is rented and is the occupant's own home. People's care and housing are provided under separate contractual agreements. CQC does not regulate premises used for extra care housing; this inspection looked at people's personal care and support service.

The service is required to have a registered manager. A new manager had been appointed in February 2019, they were in the process of registering with the Care Quality Commission. A registered manager and the provider are both legally responsible for how the service is run and for the quality and safety of the care provided.

Notice of inspection:

We gave the service two days' notice of the inspection site visit because we wanted to ensure that managers responsible for supporting the service would be available. We inspected the two registered locations Guinness Care Forest alongside Guinness Care Gloucester, as they have the same manager and follow the same processes.

What we did:

Before inspection: We reviewed information we had received about the service since the last inspection. This included previous inspection reports and details about incidents the provider must notify us about, such as abuse, serious injuries and deaths. We used information the provider sent us in their Provider Information Return as part of our Provider Information Collection. Providers are required to send us key information about their service, what they do well, and improvements they plan to make. This information helps support our inspections.

During inspection: We visited Guinness Care Gloucester office on 12 April 2019 to meet with the manager. We visited Hanover Court on 15 April 2019 and the Guinness Care Forest office on 17 April 2019. We visited the Gloucester office again on 24 April 2019 to conclude our inspection. We spoke with 10 people about the care and support they received. We observed care staff engage with people at Hanover Court. We spoke with six members of staff, two care co-ordinators, the manager and a representative of the provider.

We reviewed the care records of six people. These included assessments of need, risk assessments and support plans. We reviewed two staff recruitment files. We also reviewed a selection of quality monitoring records and other management records; audits, management reports, action plans and complaints records.



Is the service safe?

Our findings

Safe – this means we looked for evidence that people were protected from abuse and avoidable harm.

Good: People were safe and protected from avoidable harm. Legal requirements were met.

Systems and processes to safeguard people from the risk of abuse.

- People felt safe when receiving support from care staff. Comments included: "I feel safe and comfortable with them"; "I think it's a safe place (Hanover Court). The staff keep me safe" and "I'm safe, I feel very lucky."
- Staff knew what action to take if they suspected abuse, poor practice or self-neglect. One member of staff discussed how they knew people well and could identify changes in their body language and wellbeing. Staff told us they would inform the care co-ordinators or the manager if they were concerned regarding people's safety. Staff told us they were confident to 'whistle blow' and knew which outside agencies to involve if needed.
- Where people were assisted with their finances, robust systems ensured people were protected from the risk of financial abuse. This included daily checks of people's personal monies and expenditures.
- The manager reported and shared appropriate information with the provider and relevant agencies to safeguard people.

Assessing risk, safety monitoring and management; learning lessons when things go wrong.

- Care co-ordinators completed risk assessments in relation to people's health and wellbeing and actions needed to be taken to reduce these risks. Staff assisted one person with washing and the application of topical creams to help protect their skin.
- Risks assessments had been completed in relation to people's mobility needs, falls and medicines management. Each person had a detailed mobility risk assessment which included guidelines provided by healthcare professionals. One person had clear guidance regarding the support they required to assist them to mobilise due to their healthcare condition. The care plan provided clear guidance and focused on assessing the person daily.
- The care co-ordinators carried out environment risk assessments considering the care and support people required to remain safe in their apartment. This included risk assessing equipment such as handrails or if people had pets or other specific risks such as people's belongings.
- Staff had received training on infection control, which gave them the knowledge and skills to provide care in a hygienic and safe way, reducing the risk of contamination and spread of infection.
- Care co-ordinators carried out observations and spot checks to ensure staff were working safely and that people were happy with their care. Care co-ordinators explained how they used these observations to ensure care was delivered as expected.
- Guinness Care alongside the local authority funded staff to manage the life line system at Hanover Court. This was an emergency call bell system which anyone living at the scheme could use, even if they were not receiving care from Guinness Care. There was 24-hour staff coverage at the schemes to ensure there were staff available to respond to people's emergency calls.
- Incidents and accidents were documented reported, recorded and investigated to find out why things had gone wrong and ensure appropriate action was taken to keep people safe. Learning identified through such

investigations was shared with staff and used to prevent similar incidents occurring in future.

- Staff explained recent concerns discussed included people continually refusing care and support. The service discussed how staff should handle these situations and the action they should take to help maintain people's safety.
- The manager and provider had systems to learn lessons from incidents or near misses. The provider operated systems which monitored incidents and near misses to ensure a response could be provided throughout the organisations they operated. This system was electronic and required staff and the managers to add information. There was a clear scheme of delegation to monitor actions had been completed.

Staffing and recruitment.

- There were enough staff, at any given time, to meet people's needs.
- People spoke positively about care staff and felt they were often on time and stayed for the full length of time allocated to them. Comments included: "Yes, I never feel rushed and they come on time"; "The staff are very good, they come out straight away" and "If I use the button (life line) they come immediately, they're really good." One person told us, "Sometimes the time is not right, or there are issues, however they do tell me and I can decide what I want to do."
- People told us they hoped for increased continuity of care staff following recent changes with the staff team. These hopes were reflected by staff and, the manager and provider had clear recruitment and development plans in place to promote continuity of care.
- Staff told us that there were enough staff to meet people's needs and this had improved in recent months. However, they felt there was further recruitment required. Comments included: "We have enough staff to support people and even help with activities (at Hanover Court)" and "Don't have an issue, we manage. We have had some staff leave, however we are a good team. It's getting better."
- Staff recruitment records showed pre-employment checks were completed to help protect people from those who may not be suitable to work with them. All staff worked a six-month probationary period and disciplinary action was taken, when needed, to ensure expected standards were met.

Using medicines safely.

- Staff received training to be able to support people with their medicines in their own homes. Care coordinators also assessed the competency of care staff regarding medicines to ensure they had the relevant skills.
- People spoke positively about the support they received with their prescribed medicines. One person told us "They help prepare my tablets. I need them at specific times and they support that." Staff told us that the person needed the medicines at a set time as these medicines helped them with a specific condition. They explained this was important for the person's health and wellbeing.
- People's medicine support needs were recorded in their support plans for staff guidance. This included a full list of medicines people were prescribed.
- Care co-ordinators carried out detailed audits on people's medicine administration records. They carried this out to identify any issues including recording errors. The provider was implementing a new electronic care system which would support the care co-ordinators and manager to check that people had received their medicines at the time the support was required.



Is the service effective?

Our findings

Effective – this means we looked for evidence that people's care, treatment and support achieved good outcomes and promoted a good quality of life, based on best available evidence.

Good: People's outcomes were consistently good, and feedback confirmed this.

Assessing people's needs and choices; delivering care in line with standards, guidance and the law.

- People's needs were fully assessed with ongoing involvement of their close relatives and where necessary based on their assessed needs from healthcare professionals.
- People had access to information to help them understand their care and treatment and promote a good quality of life with positive outcomes for people.
- Universally recognised assessment tools were used to assess people's needs, including their mobility needs and the use of specific equipment. This ensured staff delivered evidence based-practice and followed recognised and approved national guidance.
- People's independence was promoted through the use of technology. People living at Hanover Court had access to a life line call bell system which was responded to by care staff. This provided some people with the comfort and reassurance they required to live in their own home within the scheme.

Staff support: induction, training, skills and experience.

- People spoke positively about the care staff that supported them and felt they had the skills to meet their needs. Comments included: "Yes they're [staff] are very good"; "The carers are very good" and "They do their job really well, and they work very hard."
- Staff spoke positively about Guinness Care and the training and support they received. Staff comments included: "We have loads of training. The amount of training, supervision and leadership we have puts me at ease"; "We get everything we need. They always ask if we want more training" and "The training we receive is fantastic, it's given me the confidence I need to work by myself."
- Staff had opportunities for professional development, including completing qualifications in health and social care. One member of staff told us, "I've always wanted progression and we've talked about that. I've been given the opportunities and support, 100%."
- Care co-ordinators, the manager and representatives of the provider had a detailed overview of staff training needs and when staff required additional training. Every year staff carried out mandatory refresher training, this training covered key areas identified by the provider which related to the needs of the people the service supported.
- Training for all staff was planned through a training department operated by Guinness Care. Training needs informed the training and development plan for all staff.
- Staff spoke positively of the support they had at induction, including shadowing experienced care staff. One member of staff told us, "I had 7 days of training and I shadowed another member of staff. I got time to know people. I am comfortable."
- Staff had access to supervision and support, including regular one to one meetings with their manager. One member of staff spoke positively about the support they received to step up into a management post. They said their colleagues prepared them for the change and their manager was always approachable.

• Any concerns around staff performance identified through concerns or observations were followed up in supervision meetings to enable the manager and staff member to make a plan of action.

Supporting people to eat and drink enough to maintain a balanced diet.

- The support people needed with their dietary needs was recorded in their care plans, including their preferred food and drink and how food should be prepared. Where people were living with dementia, staff left food and drink for people when they left to prompt their hydration and nutritional needs.
- In Hanover Court there was a bistro which provided meals to people at a cost. These meals were not provided by Guinness Care staff, however Guinness Care supported people where necessary in their own apartments or within the bistro during meal times.
- People's dietary needs were recorded in their care plans. For example, one person was living with diabetes. When staff were required to assist this people with their nutritional needs, they were aware that a low sugar diet was required to maintain their health and wellbeing needs.

Staff working with other agencies to provide consistent, effective, timely care; Supporting people to live healthier lives, access healthcare services and support.

- Care co-ordinators and staff worked alongside GP's and other healthcare professionals to meet people's needs and respond to any changes in their needs. Staff made referrals to healthcare professionals if they felt someone required specialist input.
- Where advice had been sought, this informed people's care plans to enable staff to follow this guidance to meet people's needs. One person had clear guidance regarding their moving and handling equipment including the safe use of slings. This guidance was clearly reflected in the persons care plan.
- The service sought advice when reviewing people's mobility equipment. They worked alongside occupational therapists and followed recognised best practice guidance to ensure people were assisted to mobilise safety and remain independent.

Ensuring consent to care and treatment in line with law and guidance.

The Mental Capacity Act 2005 (MCA) provides a legal framework for making particular decisions on behalf of people who may lack the mental capacity to do so for themselves. The Act requires that, as far as possible, people make their own decisions and are helped to do so when needed. When they lack mental capacity to take particular decisions, any made on their behalf must be in their best interests and as least restrictive as possible.

- We checked whether the service was working within the principles of the MCA. Care staff we spoke with understood that people must be supported to make independent decisions where it was possible for them to do so. Comments included: "We ask people what they want to do and support people with decisions. Some people can make decisions which are unwise, however it's their choice. If we have concerns about their decision making then we make sure our manager is aware" and "We always offer choice and promote people to make their own choices."
- People told us their choices were respected. Comments included: "They do what I ask them to do, I don't ever feel I have to do something I don't want to" and "They always make you feel number one, always respectful."
- Where people were living with dementia, staff supported them to make an informed choice, by providing clear options. One member of staff told us how they supported one person to make simple decisions, such as what they would like to eat, drink or wear. They said, "We offer a choice of meal based on what they have in their flat."
- No one supported by the service had authorised restrictions placed on their liberty. The manager discussed actions they had taken when they were concerned about people's mental capacity, or if they were at risk when leaving their own property. The manager liaised with healthcare professionals to ensure people's

needs were reviewed to ensure their care remained the least restrictive option.

• People's legal representatives (those who held Lasting Power of Attorney for Finances and/or for Health and Welfare) were known to the organisation and they were included in decisions made about the person's care.



Is the service caring?

Our findings

Caring - this means we looked for evidence that the service involved people and treated them with compassion, kindness, dignity and respect

Good: People were supported and treated with dignity and respect; and involved as partners in their care.

Ensuring people are well treated and supported; respecting equality and diversity; Respecting and promoting people's privacy, dignity and independence.

- People spoke positively about how kind caring and compassionate the care staff were. Comments included: "They are very good. When they're here I feel they care for me", "They are always very good with me" and "The care staff are always good, we have a laugh."
- People's feedback and care records told us people's privacy was maintained during care delivery. Care staff told us how they supported people whilst maintaining their privacy and dignity. Comments included: "While we're in people's homes we make sure they're comfortable, if family are around we make sure care is in private" and "We make sure doors are locked, make sure people are covered up and never left exposed. Talk to peoples we help them, it's important they're fully engaged."
- People were able to make decisions regarding the staff who cared for them. Care co-ordinators explained how the rota system they used would not allow them to allocate a staff member to assist a person, if the person had stated they did not want to be cared for by them. People told us their decisions about who cared for them in their own home were respected.
- Staff understood how to assist people and promote their independence and involvement with all care activities. Staff spoke positively about promoting people's independence. One person said, "They support me to do as much for myself as possible."
- Staff spoke positively of the people they cared for and understood their needs, preferences and life experiences. Staff told us how they took time to engage with people and promote their personal wellbeing.
- The service respected people's diversity. Staff were open to people of all faiths and belief systems, and there was no indication people protected under the characteristics of the Equality Act would be discriminated against. The Equality Act is legislation that protects people from discrimination, for example on the grounds of disability, sexual orientation, race or gender.

Supporting people to express their views and be involved in making decisions about their care.

- People's communication needs were known, recorded and understood by staff. Staff could describe the support people needed to enable staff to understand their wishes and support their decision making. Most people could express their views verbally to care staff and the care co-ordinators. Where people were living with dementia and could not communicate their views or concerns, staff would observe their facial expressions and body language to gauge their views and needs.
- People were at the centre of their care and were supported to make decisions, as well as being involved in reviewing their own package of care. One person told us, "The care fits into my life, I'm involved and I'm adaptable."
- People we spoke with confirmed they were able to communicate with their care staff, care co-ordinators

and the manager directly if needed. Comments included: "I know I can speak with (care co-ordinator) if there is anything I need" and "I can speak to the office staff if I need to, they're approachable."



Is the service responsive?

Our findings

Responsive – this means we looked for evidence that the service met people's needs.

Good: People's needs were met through good organisation and delivery.

Planning personalised care to meet people's needs, preferences, interests and give them choice and control.

- People spoke positively about the care they received and felt it was personalised to their needs. Comments included: "The support I get meets my needs" and "The care is exactly what I need at the moment."
- Each person's care plan contained information about their life, including their relationships, occupations and hobbies. People were involved in creating their care plans and reviewing them. Where a person had a set goal or preference this had been clearly recorded.
- Staff were working on making people's care records digital. The provider had identified a system which promoted real time information and enabled people and their representatives to have access to their care plans. While this system was being rolled out, staff spoke positively about how the system would enable them to respond to people's changing needs. As records on the system were updated this would be immediately available for staff to review, ensuring all staff had current and relevant information.
- People told us the service was flexible and responsive to their needs. One person explained how they occasionally used the lifeline system and that staff came in a timely manner. They said "They're pretty quick to reply. I know when I need the support and they ensure I get it when I need to."
- Staff had skills and experience to identify when people's health was deteriorating, and their support needs were changing. Staff discussed how they supported people and made referrals to people's GP with their permission. One member of staff told us, "We know when people aren't quite right. If someone is unwell or has an infection, we inform the GP and seek their support. They trust that we're serious."
- The service was providing training, support and equipment to respond when people had a fall at the court, reducing the impact on local ambulance services. Guinness was providing equipment which could be used to support people off the floor following a fall, if they had not sustained a fracture. Staff at Hanover Court had received training on this equipment and could use it reducing the need to call our paramedics unnecessarily.
- Guinness Care funded and ensured there was 24-hour staffing to respond to people using the lifeline scheme at Hanover Court. People spoke positively about this scheme, and that staff responded to these calls quickly. One person told us, "If you press it they come quickly."
- At Hanover Court, there were large communal rooms and people in the community to access. This included a large dining room, lounge, a hair salon and a further room which could be used for meetings and private functions. One person said, "It's nice to live in a place like this. You can to talk to friends. You can be private or part of the community."
- The manager was working alongside the housing provider and local authority commissioners to discuss and improve the support people received at the schemes and to agree "What extra care sheltered housing?" meant for people and how it formed part of the wider community support for people requiring care. Staff and managers had raised concerns regarding the needs of people who were allocated to live at each of the schemes. Following our inspection we are meeting with Guinness, the housing provider and the local authority commissioners to better understand the assessment arrangements for people to ensure the

provider can remain responsive to people's needs.

Improving care quality in response to complaints or concerns.

- There was a complaints policy in place which advised people what to do regarding concerns and complaints and what to do if they were not satisfied with any outcome. People told us they knew how to raise a concern. Comments included: "I would go to (care co-ordinator), they never make a mountain out of a mole hill" and "Any problems and you speak to staff."
- The registered manager and deputy manager discussed how they would record and respond to complaints in a timely manner, learned lessons from the results, and how these were shared with all staff.
- In 2019 the manager had received one formal complaint regarding the service. The manager had investigated this complaint and had identified that staff had worked in accordance with the provider's expectations. A response was provided to the complainant detailing the investigation outcome.

End of life care and support.

- People's end of live wishes were explored with them (where possible) or with their representatives, so that care staff were aware of what these were and able to meet these at the appropriate time. Where required staff worked with healthcare professionals to ensure people had the medical support they required.
- People were supported to have a comfortable and dignified death, in their own home, if this was their wish. One person told us how their relative was supported at the end of their life. They told us, "My mum received very good care at the end. They also supported me as well." One staff member told us the service was supportive when they had assisted one person at the end of their life. They told us, "We get plenty of emotional support."



Is the service well-led?

Our findings

Well-Led – this means we looked for evidence that service leadership, management and governance assured high-quality, person-centred care; supported learning and innovation; and promoted an open, fair culture

Good: The service was consistently managed and well-led. Leaders and the culture they created promoted high-quality, person-centred care.

Planning and promoting person-centred, high-quality care and support with openness; and how the provider understands and acts on their duty of candour responsibility.

- The provider and manager had a clear vision for the service they wished to provide. This vision was communicated to staff at induction and through their annual refresher training.
- All staff were aware of the "Guinness values". These values set out the expectation the service had of staff including excellence and responsibility. A senior member of the Guinness Care organisation provided training on the values during induction for new member's of staff.
- Staff spoke positively about the culture in the service. Comments included: "It's an amazing company to work for. It's a rewarding job and we follow Guinness behaviours" and "We have a strong culture at Hanover. We work to improve people's lives and wellbeing. We've engaged with dogs for dementia which has promoted people's independence." Staff felt their concerns were listened to, they felt supported by the care co-ordinators and now the manager and were positive about the improvements the organisation was making.
- Where dissatisfaction with the service had been reported or concerns had been raised about the performance of staff, care co-ordinators and the manager had been forthcoming in discussing the problems with people, their representatives and professionals. Action was taken to ensure improvements were implemented and established. This had included, using reflective supervisions when expected performance had not been met.
- The manager and care co-ordinators understood their duty of candour responsibilities to be open and honest with people and their family when something had gone wrong. The duty of candour is a regulatory duty that relates to openness and transparency and requires providers of health and social care services to notify people (or other relevant persons) of 'certain notifiable safety incidents' and provide reasonable support to that person. The registered manager could explain duty of candour and understood their responsibility to be open and honest with people and their family when something had gone wrong. They had not applied duty of candour to date but policies were in place to ensure the appropriate people were informed when required.

Managers and staff being clear about their roles, and understanding quality performance, risks and regulatory requirements; Continuous learning and improving care.

- Since the service was registered under Guinness Care in April 2018 there had been some changes in management. During this change, care co-ordinators had been consistent in providing support to care staff. The care co-ordinators spoke positively about the support they had received from senior management within Guinness Care.
- The manager had been in post since February 2019 and had clear plans for developing the service in line

with the provider's own development plans. The service was currently implementing a new electronic care planning and recording system. This system would also allow the provider, manager and care co-ordinators to monitor the provision of care as it is provided, for example they will be aware of when medicines have been administered immediately. The system would also enable people and their representatives to be able to access their own care records and provide care staff with up to date information through effective alerts.

- The provider operated a quality development plan for the service. This plan took into account any shortfalls or concerns identified through quality assurance processes, health and safety concerns and CQC inspections carried out at Guinness Care Services. Once an action had been completed, the staff member responsible would highlight this and their manager would review the actions and sign off if necessary. This meant that there was a clear system to ensure actions had been effectively taken.
- Care co-ordinators and the manager carried out their own local area audits as expected through the providers quality assurance processes, which included customer spot checks each month. Care co-ordinators observed staff care practices and ensured people's medicine administration records and daily care records were completed consistently and to the expectations of the provider.
- Guinness Care had a quality assurance team which carried out bi-monthly audits of the service. Any actions identified would inform the service's quality development plan. The manager told us, "The last one (audit) was carried out by an independent person. It provides another set of eyes. Any actions go onto the quality development plan. The quality assurance team follow up on these actions. There is no hiding."
- Care staff were clear about their roles and responsibilities within the service. They gave us detailed descriptions about what their role involved and the main purpose of their jobs.
- Policies were in place, and staff were aware of emergency planning procedures and systems of escalation for immediate and long-term management of major, unplanned incidents with the least disruption to people's care.

Engaging and involving people using the service, the public and staff, fully considering their equality characteristics.

- Staff were kept informed of changes and adjustments to what was required of them. Guinness Care provided a monthly newsletter which detailed key actions such as mandatory training and performance management, as well as changes in the organisation which would be important for management and staff around complaints, payment arrangements and medicine recording errors. These newsletters provided team brief key updates around employment issues, staff recognition and important updates.
- Staff had access to a dedicated intranet which contained important information relating to Guinness Care. Staff also had access to team meetings in the schemes. Team meetings were used to discuss concerns and shortfalls as well as changes. Team meetings were informed by the team brief provided by Guinness Care, which helped provide consistency with key messages to all staff.
- Team meetings were used to share lessons throughout the organisation and to promote an open and transparent culture. Anyone living at the schemes could access the lifeline system even if they were not receiving care through Guinness Care. Staff discussed some of the difficulties regarding this, including being aware of people's healthcare needs. The manager was reviewing these processes to ensure they remained effective.
- People and their representatives were also kept abreast of changes and improvements to the service through phone calls and care manager visits. If required information could be provided to people or their representatives in different formats to meet their needs.

Working in partnership with others.

• The manager was working with local authority commissioners and the housing provider to identify improvements which could be made to the service and to help inform Extra Care Housing contracts and development within Gloucestershire. This work was at an early stage, however the manager was developing communication with healthcare professionals and raising awareness on the benefits of Extra Care Housing

alongside residential and community care.

- The manager had done some work to identify the needs of people living at the schemes and was working with the housing provider on building the professional relationships to improve the service that people received.
- Care co-ordinators worked alongside household provider to engage with healthcare professionals on the service and support people could receive at Hanover Court. New employed healthcare professionals in the Forest of Dean area were supported to visit Hanover Court as part of their induction to gain an understanding of the role Hanover Court played in the local community.