

Brighton and Hove City Council

Brighton & Hove City Council – 14 Beaconsfield Villas

Inspection report

14 Beaconsfield Villas
Brighton
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Date of inspection visit: 11 January 2016
Date of publication: 16/02/2016

Ratings

Overall rating for this service

Good 

Is the service safe?

Good 

Is the service effective?

Requires improvement 

Is the service caring?

Good 

Is the service responsive?

Good 

Is the service well-led?

Good 

Overall summary

This inspection took place on 11 January 2016 and was announced.

14 Beaconsfield Villas is a supported living scheme where people live in their own home under a tenancy agreement, and is registered to provide personal care. People received personal care or social support in order to promote their independence. The support provided

was tailored to meet people's individual needs and enable the person to be as autonomous and independent as possible. 14 Beaconsfield Villas has up to five people with a learning disability living in the service.

At the time of the inspection there were five men living in the service whose behaviour can be complex. People

Summary of findings

have single bedroom accommodation and a range of communal facilities they can use. The service is situated in a residential area with easy access to local amenities, transport links and the city centre.

The service had a registered manager, who was present throughout the inspection, who had been in their current post for a number of years and knew the service well. A registered manager is a person who has registered with the Care Quality Commission to manage the service. Like registered providers, they are 'registered persons'.

Registered persons have legal responsibility for meeting the requirements in the Health and Social Care Act 2008 and associated Regulations about how the service is run.

The service was going through a significant period of review, where the provider and local stakeholders were looking at the service provision and what was needed and how the service would best be provided in the future.

Care staff were supported to develop their skills and knowledge by receiving training which helped them to carry out their roles and responsibilities effectively. However, training records did not fully detail that care staff had been able to attend refresher training to meet the provider's requirements, plans were in place to promote good practice and develop the knowledge and skills of staff. This is an area in need of improvement.

Relatives told us people were safe in the service. People were supported by staff that were trained in safeguarding adults at risk procedures and knew how to recognise signs of abuse. There were systems in place that ensured this knowledge was checked and updated. Medicines were managed and administered safely. Accidents and incidents had been recorded and appropriate action had been taken and recorded by the registered manager.

Care and support provided was personalised and based on the identified needs of each individual. People were supported where possible to develop their life skills and increase their independence. People's care and support plans and risk assessments were up-to-date, were detailed and reviewed regularly. One relative told us, "I have no qualms about any of (name) care and treatment. They have always been good to him. (name) is happy there."

Consent was sought from people with regard to the care that was delivered. Staff understood about people's capacity to consent to care and had a good understanding of the Mental Capacity Act 2005 (MCA) and associated legislation, which they put into practice. Where people were unable to make decisions for themselves staff had considered the person's capacity under the Mental Capacity Act 2005, and had taken appropriate action to arrange meetings to make a decision within their best interests.

People were supported to eat a healthy and nutritious diet. One relative told us, "He always eats very well. "People had access to health care professionals. They had been supported to have an annual healthcare check. All appointments with, or visits by, health care professionals were recorded in individual care plans. There were procedures in place to ensure the safe administration of medicines.

People were supported by kind caring staff. One relative told us, "I am the most happiest mother in the world. The moment he came to live in the house he seemed very happy. "There were sufficient numbers of suitable staff to keep people safe and meet their care and support needs. The number of staff on duty had enabled people to be supported to attend social activities. One relative told us, "They make sure they take people out. It's wonderful. "

Staff told us that communication throughout the service was good and included comprehensive handovers at the beginning of each shift and regular staff meetings. They confirmed that they felt valued and supported by the registered manager and senior care officer, who they described as very approachable.

Relatives, staff and visiting healthcare professional told us the service was well led. People and their representatives were asked to complete a satisfaction questionnaire to help identify any improvements to the care provided. People had the opportunity to attend regular weekly 'tenants' meetings'. The registered manager told us that staff carried out a range of internal audits to review the quality of the care provided, and records confirmed this. The registered manager also told us that they operated an 'open door policy' so people living in the service, staff and visitors could discuss any issues they may have.

Summary of findings

The five questions we ask about services and what we found

We always ask the following five questions of services.

Is the service safe?

The service was safe.

People had individual assessments of potential risks to their health and welfare, which had been regularly reviewed. Any incidents and accidents were recorded and reviewed.

There were sufficient staff numbers to meet people's personal care needs. People were supported by staff that recognised the potential signs of abuse and knew what action to take.

Medicines were stored appropriately and there were systems in place to manage medicine safely.

Good



Is the service effective?

The service was not consistently effective.

Not all the care staff had received updates to their training to meet the timescales required by the provider.

Staff were aware of the Mental Capacity Act 2005 and how to involve appropriate people in the decision making process if someone lacked capacity to make a decision.

People's nutritional needs were assessed and recorded.

People had been supported to have an annual health check with their GP, and to attend healthcare appointments when needed.

Requires improvement



Is the service caring?

The service was caring.

Staff involved and treated people with compassion, kindness, dignity and respect.

People were treated as individuals. People were asked regularly about their individual preferences and checks were carried out to make sure they were receiving the care and support they needed.

Good



Is the service responsive?

The service was responsive.

People had been assessed and their care and support needs identified. These had then been regularly reviewed and changing needs were responded to. The views of people and their relatives were sought and informed changes and improvements to service provision.

People had been consulted with as to what activities they would like to join in, and supported to join in a range of activities and leisure activities.

Good



Summary of findings

A complaints procedure was in place. Relatives told us if they had any concerns they would feel comfortable raising them.

Is the service well-led?

The service was well led.

The leadership and management promoted a caring and inclusive culture.

There was a clear vision and values for the service, which staff promoted.

Effective systems were in place to audit and quality assure the care provided.

Good



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Detailed findings

Background to this inspection

We carried out this inspection under Section 60 of the Health and Social Care Act 2008 as part of our regulatory functions. This inspection checked whether the provider is meeting the legal requirements and regulations associated with the Health and Social Care Act 2008, to look at the overall quality of the service, and to provide a rating for the service under the Care Act 2014.

This inspection took place on 11 January 2016 and was announced. This was so that key people could be available to participate in the inspection, and for people living in the service to be made aware we would be visiting their home. The inspection team consisted of one inspector.

Before the inspection, we reviewed information we held about the service. This included previous inspection reports, and any notifications, (A notification is information about important events which the service is required to send us by law) and any complaints we have received. Before the inspection the provider completed a Provider Information Return (PIR). This is a form that asks the provider to give some key information about the service, what the service does well and improvements they plan to

make. We sent out questionnaires for staff and visiting professionals to complete. This enabled us to ensure we were addressing any potential areas of concern. We received feedback from two health care professionals and two relatives about their experiences of the service provided.

There were five people living in the service at the time of our inspection. We used a number of different methods to help us understand the views of these people, who had complex needs which meant they were not able to tell us about their experiences. We spent time in the service observing the care provided. We spoke with the registered manager, the senior care worker and five care workers. As part of our inspection we sat in on a staff handover, looked in detail at the care provided for two people, and we reviewed their care and support plans. We looked at records of meals provided, medication administration records, the compliments and complaints log, incident and accidents records, policies and procedures, meeting minutes, and staff training records. We also looked at the service's quality assurance audits.

The service was last inspected on 20 August 2013 when no concerns were identified.

Is the service safe?

Our findings

People all appeared relaxed happy and responsive with staff and very comfortable in their surroundings. Feedback from the relatives and the social care professional was that people were safe in the service. One relative told us when asked if their relative was safe, “Absolutely.”

The provider had a number of policies and procedures to ensure care staff had clear guidance about how to respect people’s rights and keep them safe from harm. This included clear systems on protecting people from abuse. Senior staff told us they were aware of and followed the local multi-agency policies and procedures for the protection of adults. These policies and procedures had been reviewed to ensure current guidance and advice had been considered. Senior staff had shared this revised information with staff. Care staff told us they were aware of these policies and procedures and knew where they could read the safeguarding procedures. There were arrangements in place to prevent any financial abuse. People had cash books to record and check what they were spending. We saw care staff counting money in and out during the day for people and rectifying their account. Members of staff demonstrated a good understanding about what constituted abuse and how they would raise concerns of any risks to people and poor practice in the service. They told us they had received safeguarding training and were clear about their role and responsibilities and how to identify, prevent and report abuse.

There was a whistle blowing policy in place. Whistle blowing is where a member of staff can report concerns to a senior manager in the organisation, or directly to external organisations. The care staff told us had a clear understanding of their responsibility around reporting poor practice, for example where abuse was suspected. They also knew about the whistle blowing process and that they could contact senior managers or outside agencies if they had any concerns.

People participated in their preferred activities. For example people were supported to if they wished to attend a range of social activities, for example going out for a meal, going to the local shops or park. To support people to be independent risk assessments were undertaken. They assessed any risks against individual activities people were involved in, for example where they went out to local facilities and events. There had been a regular assessment

of the environmental risks and this included individual fire risk assessments. There was a regular review of the risk assessments. Staff had completed training in managing people’s behaviours that challenged others. Risk assessments and guidance for care staff to follow were in place to manage any challenging behaviour.

Staff were able to tell us what was in place to support people and could talk about individual situations where they supported people, and what they should do to diffuse a situation. Additionally staff from the behavioural support team had been contacted for support and advice. Care staff had the opportunity to discuss the best way to support people through regular reviews of peoples care and support and from feedback from the care staff in team meetings as to what had worked well and not worked well. One member of staff told us, “Staff come up with good ideas. We all have different strengths. “From this they could look at the approach staff had taken and identify any training issues. Records made allowed care staff to capture any changes in behaviours or preferences and to so be quickly responsive to these, and then reviewed on a regular basis, which reduced risk of further incidents and ensured learning, to provide a responsive service.

Staff told us how staffing was managed to make sure people were kept safe. There was a long serving consistent staff team with regular bank staff helping to provide cover for staff absences. A formal tool was not used to calculate the level of staff needed. They told us there were minimum staffing levels to ensure peoples safety and these had been maintained. The registered manager and senior care worker looked at the staff skills mix needed on each shift, the activities planned to be run, where people needed one to one support for specific activities, and anything else such as appointments people had to attend each day. It was then possible to work out many staff would be needed on each shift. The registered manager and senior care worker regularly worked in the service and so were able to monitor that the planned staffing level was adequate. Staff told us it was very busy, but they had worked flexibly to meet individual people’s needs and there had been adequate numbers of staff on duty to meet people’s care needs. Where possible the provider’s bank staff were used in the service to cover any staff absence. There was a small group of bank staff who regularly provided cover and who knew people well. This ensured there was good continuity of staff who worked in the service. Staff

Is the service safe?

members spoke of a good team spirit. Staff had time to spend talking with people and supported them in an unrushed manner. A sample of the records kept of when staff had been on duty confirmed this.

There had been no recruitment of new staff since the last inspection. So it was not possible to fully evidence that safe recruitment process were in place. However, senior staff had the support of the provider's human resources department when recruiting staff. They told us that all new staff went through a robust recruitment procedure to meet the requirements of the provider's policies and procedures. This included the completion of an application form, attending an interview and two written references and criminal records check being sought prior to commencing work in the service.

We looked at the management of medicines. The care staff were trained in the administration of medicines. They had

received a regular competency check to ensure that they continued to administer medicines in a safe way and in accordance with the provider's policies and procedures. They told us the system for medicines administration worked well in the service. The medication administration records (MAR) are the formal record of administration of medicine within a care setting and we found these had been fully completed. Systems were in place to ensure repeat medicines were ordered in a timely way. Medicines were stored correctly and there were systems to manage medicine safely. Regular audits and stock checks were completed to ensure people received their medicines as prescribed. This would also help identify any discrepancies or errors and ensure they were investigated accordingly. Where people took medicines on an 'as and when' basis (PRN) there was guidance in place for staff to follow to ensure this was administered correctly.

Is the service effective?

Our findings

Relatives told us staff worked closely with them, they felt the care was good, and people's preferences and choices for care and support were met. Care staff were knowledgeable and kept them in touch with what was happening with people. However, we found an area of practice in need of improvement.

People were supported by care staff that had the knowledge and skills to carry out their role and meet individual people's care and support needs. The registered manager told us any new staff would need to complete an induction and this had been reviewed to incorporate the requirements of the new Skill for Care care certificate. This is a set of standards for health and social care professionals, which gives everyone the confidence that workers have the same introductory skills, knowledge and behaviours to provide compassionate, safe and high quality care and support. There was a period of shadowing a more experienced staff member before new care staff started to undertake care on their own.

Care staff received training that was specific to the needs of people using the service, which included training in moving and handling, medicines, first aid, safeguarding, health and safety, food hygiene, equality and diversity, and infection control. Care staff also completed training to help them understand learning disabilities and their role in supporting people to increase their independence. Care staff told us this had given them information and a greater understanding of how to support people with a learning disability. Staff were being supported to complete a professional qualification, and of the nine care staff, five had completed either a National Vocational Qualification (NVQ) or a Diploma in Health and Social Care Level 2. They told us they felt they had received the training they needed to meet people's care needs. They had received regular updates of training as required. However, records viewed detailed that some care staff had not been able to access updates in their training to meet the provider's requirements. This is an area in need of improvement.

The Mental Capacity Act 2005 (MCA) provides a legal framework for making particular decisions on behalf of people who may lack the mental capacity to do so for themselves. The Act requires that as far as possible people make their own decisions and are helped to do so when needed. When they lack mental capacity to take particular

decisions, any made on their behalf must be in their best interests and as least restrictive as possible. People can only be deprived of their liberty to receive care and treatment when this is in their best interests and legally authorised under the MCA. We checked whether the service was working within the principles of the MCA. Staff told us they had completed this training and all had a good understanding of consent, and where people lacked the capacity to make decisions about their care and welfare.

Staff told us that the team worked well together and that communication was good. One member of staff told us, "The morale within the team is great and team members support each other within the working environment.¹⁴ Beaconsfield Villas is a great place to work and that the staff promote independence for each service user." They told us they were involved with any review of the care and support plans. They used shift handovers, and a communications book to share and update themselves of any changes in people's care. A daily shift planning check list was seen to be used and showed clear accountability for tasks to be completed during each staff shift. They received regular supervision through one to one meetings and observations whilst they were at work and appraisal from their manager. These processes gave care staff an opportunity to discuss their performance and for senior staff to identify any further training or support they required. Records we looked at confirmed this. Additionally there were regular staff meetings to keep staff up-to-date and discuss issues within the service.

People's physical and general health needs were monitored by staff and advice was sought promptly for any health care concerns. People had been supported to attend an annual health check and review of their medicines. Staff booked GP appointments and they could attend these with staff. Care staff had been proactively supporting two people with complex healthcare needs, which has meant working with other health and social care professionals. Feedback from a relative and healthcare professional was that this had worked well. A relative told us of the staff, "We have been very pleased with their support."

Care staff spent time with people each week to plan their weekly menus. One member of staff told us, "We try to engage the guys in the process. "Each person had the opportunity to choose the meal for a night each week. They told us they worked with people to ensure a healthy menu

Is the service effective?

was drawn up. Some people had specific dietary requirements either related to their health needs or their preference and these were detailed in their care plans. Care staff were able to tell us about how this impacted on their

diet and what they did to support people with their individual dietary needs. Where people were being supported to ensure they had adequate nutritional intake, records had been fully completed.

Is the service caring?

Our findings

People benefited from staff who were kind and caring in their approach. People were treated with kindness and compassion. Feedback from the relatives and the social care professionals was that staff were very kind and caring. During our inspection we spent time in the service with people and staff. People were comfortable with staff. One relative told us, "My son is very, very happy. He is treated with love and compassion. He has found a wonderful place to live." Another relative told us, "He is very happy there."

Staff ensured they asked people if they were happy to have any care or support provided. They provided care in a kind, compassionate and sensitive way. One relative told us, "They care. There are a lot of staff who have been there a long time and they know the fellas well." Staff responded to people politely, giving them time to respond and asking what they wanted to do and giving choices. We heard staff patiently explaining options to people and taking time to answer their questions. Staff were attentive and listening to people. They showed an interest in what people were doing.

Care provided was personal and met people's individual needs. People were addressed according to their preference and this was by their first name. A key worker system was in place, which enabled people to have a named member of the care staff to take a lead and special interest in the care and support of the person. Relatives told us they were kept in contact with what was happening for their relative. One relative told us, "I feel we are one big family. I have lots of contact." Staff spoke about the people they supported fondly and with interest. People's personal histories were recorded in their care files to help staff gain an understanding of the personal life histories of people and staff were knowledgeable about their likes, dislikes and the type of activities they enjoyed. Staff spoke positively about the standard of care provided and the approach of the staff working in the service. People had a care and support plan in place which detailed their goals and progress for working towards being more independent. These had been discussed with people and their family. Their progress towards meeting their goals was discussed as part of the regular review process. People had a great deal of independence. They decided where they

wanted to be in the service, what they wanted to do, when to spend time alone and when they wanted to be with staff. People were involved where possible in making day to day decisions about their lives.

People had been told what they should expect when living in the service to ensure their privacy and dignity was considered. Relatives told us people were respected and their privacy and dignity considered when providing support. One relative told us, "(Name) likes to be in his own room with the door closed. They (staff) knocked on his door before they went in." Staff members had received training on privacy and dignity and had a good understanding of dignity and how this was embedded within their daily interactions with people. They were aware of the importance of maintaining people's privacy and dignity, and were able to give us examples of how they protected people's dignity. One staff member told us, "On a daily basis give them their own time, respect their wishes, and allow them to have time in their own room."

People were supported in a homely and personalised environment. They had their own bedroom for comfort and privacy. This ensured they had an area where they could meet any visitors privately. People were encouraged and supported to decorate their own rooms and had a choice of décor. Where people showed us their rooms these had been decorated with items specific to their individual interests and likes and dislikes. People had been supported to be well presented and dress in clothes of their choice. One relative told us, "He came out looking really lovely."

People had been supported to keep in contact with their family and friends. One person was supported to stay with their family regularly at the weekend, another person was supported and made regular trips up to visit their relative during the year. People all had the support of their family, or from an advocacy service when needed. One member of staff told us, "Families are so involved it's refreshing."

Care records were stored securely. Information was kept confidentially and there were policies and procedures to protect people's personal information. There was a confidentiality policy which was accessible to all staff. Staff demonstrated they were aware of the importance of protecting people's private information.

Is the service responsive?

Our findings

People were involved in making decisions about their care wherever possible. People were listened to and enabled to make choices about their care and treatment. People were supported by staff with individual care and support plans to develop their skills and increase their independence with the agreed goal that people were working towards. Staff understood people's individual needs and there was the opportunity to build positive and supportive relationships. Relatives and social care professional confirmed people had been supported to attend a range of activities and they had been involved in any review of the care and support provided.

There had been no new people living in the service since our last inspection. Staff told us that care and support was personalised and confirmed that, where possible, people were directly involved in their care planning and goal setting and any review of their care and support needs. Care plans were comprehensive and gave detailed information on people's likes/dislikes/preferences and care needs. People had clear and detailed care and support plans in place which reflected their individual needs and preferences. These described a range of people's needs including personal care, communication, eating and drinking and support required with medicines. The care staff told us this information was regularly updated and reviewed internally every three months. Records we looked at confirmed this. This information would ensure that staff understood how to support the person in a consistent way and to feel settled and secure. Care staff demonstrated a good level of knowledge of the care needs of the people. These had been reviewed and audits were completed to monitor the quality of the completed care and support plans and progress towards the development of people's life skills and independence. Where appropriate, specialist advice and support had been sought and this advice was included in care plans. For example, staff confirmed that advice and support had been sought from the community learning disability team and dietician.

There was a 'communication champion' trained to promote effective communication in the service. Information was provided to people in a way they could understand. There was evidence in the service that demonstrated staff were aware of the best ways to support people's communication. For example we saw care staff

using sign language, symbols (a visual support to written communication) rota boards/ countdown boards/ photographs and objects of reference used to support people for example, if they wanted to raise any concerns.

People were actively encouraged and supported to take part in daily activities around the service such as cleaning their own bedroom. Most of the people had been attending local day care facilities. However, that had just ceased and where people had recently lost their access to day care facilities care staff told us of discussions they were having to look at other opportunities people could be involved in. People were supported to go to activities in the local area. Relatives told us care staff were actively trying to fill the gap from no day care support with other activities people were interested in. One relative told us, "They know what their interests are. They go out of their way to take them out somewhere they like, and not just anywhere." People enjoyed participating in a range of leisure activities. One member of staff told us, "The focus is on the five guys who are different and meet their individual needs. This service is needs led and not risk averse." People were in and out during the day of the inspection and were involved in a range of activities. For example, one person had one to one support to attend their regular health care appointment. People were also seen relaxing in their rooms listening to music, or involved in activities, for example one person was listening to music, and another was in their room building using their building bricks. One person was getting ready to watch their favourite 'soap' programmes on the television. Another person was going out that evening for a meal at a restaurant they liked to eat in supported by a member of care staff. One member of staff told us, "I believe 14 Beaconsfield Villas offers good support to the five men that live in the service. The ability and choices for each individual are taken into account enabling the team to tailor support to each individual to meet their needs."

'Tennant' meetings were held each week. A variety of communication methods were used including picture cards to enable people to make their choices. Care staff utilised signing and a board with photos of completed meals and of individual ingredients. Where a person was only interested or able to choose the completed meal, then another person will be asked to help pick out desired ingredients for it, thus making it a communal effort. To help people pick social opportunities, care staff also used more photographs as well as the diary and the rota, so people were made aware of competing pressures, which may

Is the service responsive?

shape the options available, to some degree, and allowed them to choose who they work with on these outings. This enabled people to be fully involved with the planning of the weekly menu and to looking at activities people were going to be involved in. We saw evidence of meeting minutes detailing what had been discussed. Regular quality assurance questionnaires were sent out for feedback on the care provided. On this occasion no feedback was received.

The compliments and complaints system detailed how staff would deal with any complaints and the timescales for a response. It also gave details of external agencies that people could complain too such as the Care Quality

Commission and Local Government Ombudsman. We asked care staff how they ascertained if people were unhappy with any aspect of the care and support provided. They told us, they knew the people well, and they used either facial expression or body language to tell care staff they were unhappy. Relatives told us they felt listened to and that if they were not happy about something they would feel comfortable raising the issue. Where they had raised any issues they felt this had been dealt with well. We looked to see how complaints had been dealt with. However, no formal complaints had been received since the last inspection of the service.

Is the service well-led?

Our findings

The senior staff within the service promoted an open and inclusive culture. Where possible people were asked for their views about the service. One relative told us, "The service is well managed. Everything is done well. It's a proper family home." Another relative told us, "They answer everything they need to. If I have commented on anything they tell me what is happening they are already dealing with it." One member of staff told us, "The house is working well. We are doing some great things with our guys." Another member of staff told us, "It's one of the best teams I have worked in."

There was a clear management structure with identified leadership roles. The registered manager managed two registered services, but regularly worked in 14 Beaconsfield Villas. A senior care worker supported the registered manager in the day to day management of the service and each have both worked in the service for many years. Staff members told us they felt the service was well led and that they were well supported at work. They told us the registered manager and senior care worker were approachable, knew the service well and would act on any issues raised with them. One member of staff told us, "Their two guys who work well together and listen to people." Another member of staff told us, "I enjoy working with the team and think we work very hard to give the service that the service user's needs. also think the staff team are always looking forward as how we can make the service better for all are service users. think we are very well led by are RO (registered manager) and SCO (senior care worker).and feel that my voice is heard."

The organisation's mission statement was incorporated in to the recruitment and induction of any new staff. The aim of staff working in the service was to be, 'Our vision is to create an integrated range of effective services and opportunities that deliver timely and appropriate responses to individuals' needs and aspirations and support them in leading fulfilled and healthy lives. Our commitment is to empower people to make informed choices about the sort of support that suits them and to achieve the outcomes they want to maximise their independence and quality of life. This includes safeguarding those people whose independence and well-being are at risk of abuse and neglect.' Staff demonstrated an understanding of the purpose of the

service, with the promotion and support to develop people's life skills, the importance of people's rights, respect, diversity and an understood the importance of respecting people's privacy and dignity. One member of staff told us, "It's a good, strong, caring team. We are very person led and open and innovative." There was good evidence of working with partnership with other agencies to meet the needs of people in the service.

Staff carried out a range of internal audits, including care planning, progress in life skills towards independence, medication and accidents and incidents records. They were able to show us that following the audits any areas identified for improvement had been collated in to an action plan and how and when these had been addressed. Policies and procedures were in place for staff to follow.

Staff meetings were held regularly throughout the year. These were used as an opportunity to both discuss problems arising within the service, as well as to reflect on any incidents that had occurred. These had been used for updates on people's care and support needs, and to discuss the people's progress towards their agreed goals. Where quality assurance audits had highlighted areas for improvement there was an opportunity for the staff team to discuss what was needed to be done to address and improve practice in the service. Staff told us they felt they had the opportunity if they wanted to comment on and put forward ideas on how to develop the service.

The registered manager had regularly sent information to the provider to keep them up-to-date with the service delivery. We looked at the last report which gave the provider information on staffing, incident and accidents, and complaints. This enabled the provider to monitor or analyse information over time to determine trends, create learning and to make changes to the way the service was run. The registered manager told us that where actions had been highlighted these had been included in the annual development plan for the service, and worked on to ensure the necessary improvements. The registered manager was able to attend regular management meetings with other managers of the provider's services. This was an opportunity to discuss changes to be implemented and share practice issues and discuss improvements within the service. The provider had also ensured that a detailed quality assurance audit had been undertaken in 2015.

Is the service well-led?

Following which an action plan had been drawn up highlighting any areas needing to be addressed. The registered manager was able to tell us how the issues highlighted had been addressed in the service.

The registered manager understood their responsibilities in relation to their registration with the Care Quality Commission (CQC). The registered manager had submitted notifications to us, in a timely manner, about any events or

incidents they were required by law to tell us about. They were aware of the new requirements following the implementation of the Care Act 2014. For example they were aware of the requirements under the duty of candour. This is where a registered person must act in an open and transparent way in relation to the care and treatment provided.