

Lorven Housing Ltd

Warren Court

Inspection report

5 Warren Road
Purley
Surrey
CR8 1AF
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Ratings

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|--|------|---|
| Overall rating for this service | | Good |  |
| Is the service safe? | | Good |  |
| Is the service effective? | | Good |  |
| Is the service caring? | | Good |  |
| Is the service responsive? | | Good |  |
| Is the service well-led? | | Good |  |

Overall summary

This was an unannounced inspection that took place on 27 February 2015.

Warren Court is a care home registered to provide accommodation and nursing and personal care for up to 19 people who require personal care and may also have dementia. The service is located in the Purley area.

The home does not currently have a registered manager. A manager has been recruited and is awaiting debarring and closure clearance before applying for registration. A registered manager is a person who has registered with the Care Quality Commission to manage the service. Like

registered providers, they are 'registered persons'. Registered persons have legal responsibility for meeting the requirements in the Health and Social Care Act and associated Regulations about how the service is run.

This was the first inspection since registration in May 2014. We found that the service met the regulations we inspected against.

People and their relatives told us the home provided a good service and they enjoyed living there. The staff team were very caring, attentive and provided the care and support they needed in a friendly, kind way. The home

Summary of findings

provided an atmosphere that was enjoyable and people said it was a good place to live. It was well maintained, furnished, clean and provided a safe environment for people to live and work in.

The records were comprehensive and kept up to date. They contained clearly recorded, fully completed, and regularly reviewed information. This enabled staff to perform their duties well. The staff we spoke with were very knowledgeable about the people they worked with and field they worked in. They had appropriate skills, training and were focussed on providing individualised care and support in a professional, friendly and supportive way. Staff said they had access to good support and career advancement.

People were enabled by staff to enjoy themselves and there was a lot of smiling and laughter during our visit. They and their relatives were encouraged to discuss health needs with staff and had access to community based health professionals, as required. People were protected from nutrition and hydration associated risks with balanced diets that also met their likes, dislikes and preferences. Relatives were positive about the choice and quality of food available.

Relatives said the management team at the home, were approachable, responsive, encouraged feedback from people and consistently monitored and assessed the quality of the service provided.

Summary of findings

The five questions we ask about services and what we found

We always ask the following five questions of services.

Is the service safe?

The service was safe.

People said they were safe. There were effective safeguarding procedures and the home had appropriate numbers of well-trained staff. People's medicine records were up to date. Medicine was audited, safely stored and disposed of.

Good



Is the service effective?

The service was effective.

People received specialist input from community based health services. Their care plans monitored food and fluid intake and balanced diets were provided.

The home's was decorated and layed out to meet people's needs and preferences.

The home had Mental Capacity Act 2005 and Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards (DoLS) policies and procedures. Training was provided for staff and people underwent mental capacity assessments and 'Best interest' meetings were arranged as required.

Good



Is the service caring?

The service was caring.

People felt valued, respected and were involved in planning and decision making about their care. The care was centred on people's individual needs. Staff knew people's background, interests and personal preferences well and understood their cultural needs.

Support was provided in a kind, professional, caring and attentive way that matched their job descriptions. They were patient and gave continuous encouragement when supporting people.

Good



Is the service responsive?

The service was responsive.

People told us that any concerns raised with the home or organisation were discussed and addressed as a matter of urgency. Their support needs were assessed and agreed with them and their families. They chose and joined in with a range of recreational activities. Their care plans identified the support they needed and it was provided.

Good



Is the service well-led?

The service was well-led.

There was a positive culture within the home that was focussed on people as individuals. This was delivered by everyone at the home during our visit. People were familiar with who the manager and staff were. They were enabled to make decisions by encouraging an inclusive atmosphere.

Staff were well supported by the manager and management team. The training provided was good and advancement opportunities available.

Good



Summary of findings

The quality assurance, feedback and recording systems covered all aspects of the service constantly monitoring standards and driving improvement.

Warren Court

Detailed findings

Background to this inspection

We carried out this inspection under Section 60 of the Health and Social Care Act 2008 as part of our regulatory functions. This inspection checked whether the provider is meeting the legal requirements and regulations associated with the Health and Social Care Act 2008, to look at the overall quality of the service, and to provide a rating for the service under the Care Act 2014.

This was an unannounced inspection and took place on 27 February 2015.

This inspection was carried out by an inspector.

There were ten people living at the home. We spoke with four people, two relatives, two care workers and the operations manager. The manager was not present.

Before the inspection, we considered notifications made to us by the provider, safeguarding alerts raised regarding people living at the home and information we held on our database about the service and provider.

During our visit we observed care and support provided, was shown around the home and checked records, policies and procedures. These included two staff training, supervision and appraisal systems and home's maintenance and quality assurance systems.

We looked at the personal care and support plans for three people living at the home.

We used the Short Observational Framework for Inspection (SOFI). SOFI is a way of observing care to help us understand the experience of people who could not talk with us.

Is the service safe?

Our findings

People and their relatives said they thought the service was safe. One person told us, “I get my medication on the dot.” Another person said, “They look after us.” A relative said “Never ever seen an incident of bad behaviour.” Other relatives said they had never witnessed bullying or harassment at the home.

Staff had received safeguarding training and were aware of how to raise a safeguarding alert and the circumstances under which this should happen. Safeguarding information was provided in the staff handbook and a safeguarding pathway with local authority contact numbers was on display in the office. There was no current safeguarding activity. Previous safeguarding issues had been suitably reported, investigated, recorded and learnt from.

The home had policies and procedures regarding protecting people from abuse and harm. Staff were trained in them and we saw them being that followed during our visit. We asked staff to explain their understanding of what abuse was and the action they would take if they were confronted by it. Their response met the provider’s policies and procedures. People received equal attention, support and as much time as required to meet their needs.

People’s care plans contained risk assessments that enabled them to take acceptable risks and enjoy their lives safely. There were risk assessments for health and aspects of people’s daily living including social activities. The risks were reviewed regularly and updated when people’s needs and interests changed. There were general risk assessments for the home and equipment used that were reviewed and updated. These included fire risks. The staff shared information within the team regarding risks to individuals. This included passing on any incidents that were discussed at shift handovers and during staff meetings. There were also accident and incident records kept and a whistle-blowing procedure that staff said they would be comfortable using. The care plans contained

action plans to help prevent accidents such as falls from happening again. The home and grounds were well maintained and equipment used was regularly checked and serviced.

The staff rota was flexible to meet people’s needs and the staff on duty during our visit reflected the rota. There were sufficient staff to meet the needs of people using the service. This was reflected in the way people were enabled to do things, including eating lunch in their own time. The home was linked to an agency that provided care staff and had access to them for cover as required. The agency staff used were fully briefed and familiar with the people living at the home.

There was a comprehensive staff recruitment procedure that recorded all stages of the process. This included advertising the post, providing a job description and person specification. Prospective staff were short-listed for interview. The interview contained scenario based questions to identify people’s skills and knowledge of the client group they would be working with. References were taken up prior to starting in post. There was also a six month probationary period. All staff had completed security checks to keep people safe. The home had disciplinary policies and procedures that were contained in the staff handbook and staff confirmed they had read and understood them.

The staff who administered medicine were appropriately trained and this was refreshed annually. They also had access to updated guidance. The medicine records for all people using the service were checked and fully completed and up to date. This included the controlled drugs register that had each entry counter signed by two staff members authorised and qualified to do so. A controlled drug register records the dispensing of specific controlled drugs. Medicine kept by the home was regularly monitored at each shift handover and audited. The drugs were safely stored in a locked facility and appropriately disposed of if no longer required.

Is the service effective?

Our findings

During our visit people made decisions about their care and what they wanted to do. Staff were aware of people's needs and met them. They provided a comfortable, relaxed atmosphere that people enjoyed. People said they made their own decisions about their care and support and that their relatives were also able to be involved. They said the type of care and support provided by staff was what they needed. It was delivered in a friendly, enabling and appropriate way that people liked. One person said told us, "They work here to look after us which is nice." Another person told us "I love it here".

Staff were fully trained and received induction and annual mandatory training. New staff spent time shadowing experienced staff as part of their induction to increase their knowledge of the home and people who lived there.

There was a training matrix that identified when mandatory training was due. Training included infection control, challenging behaviour, medication, food hygiene, equality and diversity and person centred care. Local authority training courses provided some of the training. There was also access to specialist service specific training such as dementia awareness and care.

Monthly staff meetings included scenarios that identified further training needs and also focussed on communication. Monthly individual care practice observations, quarterly supervision sessions and annual appraisals took place. These were partly used to identify any gaps in training. There were staff training and development plans in place.

The communication skills of the staff we observed demonstrated that people were able to understand them and were enabled to meet people's needs.

Staff received mandatory training in The Mental Capacity Act 2005 and Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards (DoLS). Mental capacity was part of the assessment process to help identify if needs could be met. The Mental Capacity Act and DoLS required the provider to submit applications to a 'Supervisory body' for authority. Applications under DoLS were submitted by the provider and awaiting authorisation. One had been authorised. Best interest

meetings were arranged as required. Best interest meetings took place to determine the best course of action for people who did not have capacity to make decisions for themselves. The capacity assessments were carried out by staff that had received appropriate training and recorded in the care plans.

The home had de-escalation rather than a restraint policy that staff had received training in. They were aware of what constituted lawful and unlawful restraint. There was individual de-escalation guidance available. There were no instances of restraint recorded.

People's consent to treatment was regularly monitored by the home and recorded in the care plans. Staff continually checked that people were happy with what they were doing and the activities they had chosen throughout our visit.

Full nutritional assessments were done and updated regularly. Where appropriate weight charts were kept and staff monitored how much people had to eat. There was information regarding the type of support required at meal times.

Nutritional advice and guidance was provided by staff and there were regular visits by local authority health team dietician and other health care professionals in the community as required. People had annual health checks. The records demonstrated that referrals were made to relevant health services as required and they were regularly liaised with. This was evidenced by a district nurse visit during the inspection. Staff said any concerns were raised and discussed with the person's GP. There was a GP practice that attended the home and people could choose to retain their own GP if they preferred.

People told us they enjoyed the meals provided. A relative said "The meals are generally very good." A person using the service said "The meals are excellent." During our visit people chose the meals they wanted, there was a good variety of choice available, the meals were of good quality and special diets on health, religious, cultural or other grounds were provided. The lunch we saw was well presented, nutritious and hot. Meals were monitored by staff to ensure they were provided at the correct temperature.

Is the service caring?

Our findings

People told us that the service treated them with respect, dignity and compassion. The staff made a great effort to make sure people's needs were met and this was reflected in the care practices we saw. They enjoyed staying at the home and were supported to do what they wanted to. Staff listened to what people said, their opinions were valued and we were told staff were friendly and helpful.

One person we spoke to told us, "This place is homely, friendly and clean." Another person said, "Staff treat us extremely well". Someone else said, "The staff are excellent."

Staff were skilled, patient, knew people, their needs and preferences very well. They made an effort to ensure people led happy and rewarding lives. This was enabled by the life history information contained in care plans that people, their relatives and staff contributed to and regularly updated.

People's personal information including race, religion, disability and beliefs were clearly identified in their care plans. This information enabled staff to respect them, their wishes and meet their needs. This was evidenced by people being enabled to worship their faiths appropriately.

During lunch, one person was walking across the dining area and appeared unsteady; a staff member immediately saw this and quickly and calmly supported the person to

prevent them from falling. Another person appeared in discomfort, at the dining table. Another staff member noticed this, asked what the problem was and took action to remove the discomfort.

Prior to moving in people were provided with written information about the home and what care they can expect. People were reminded of activities taking place and asked if they wanted to join in during our visit.

There was an advocacy service available through the local authority. Currently people did not require this service.

The home had a confidentiality policy and procedure that staff said they were made aware of, understood and followed. Confidentiality was included in induction and on going training and contained in the staff handbook.

There was a policy regarding people's privacy, dignity and right to respect that we saw staff following throughout our visit. They were very courteous, discreet and respectful even when unaware that we were present.

There was a visitor's policy which stated that visitors were welcome at any time with the agreement of the person using the service. Relatives we spoke with confirmed they visited whenever they wished, were always made welcome and treated with courtesy.

The care plans contained people's preferences regarding end of life care.

Is the service responsive?

Our findings

People said that they were asked for their views by the home both formally and informally.

During our visit people were asked for their views, opinions and choices. Staff enabled them to decide things for themselves, listened to them and took action if needed. Staff made themselves available to talk about any problems and wishes people might have as required. Needs were met and support provided promptly and appropriately. One person said, "If I ask something, I get a good response." Another said, "I do my own thing." A relative told us "If there is a problem we speak up".

People, their relatives and other representatives were fully consulted and involved in the decision-making process before moving in. They were invited to visit as many times as they wished before deciding if they wanted to move in. Staff told us the importance of considering people's views as well as those of relatives so that the care could be focussed on the individual.

Throughout our visit people were consulted by staff about what they wanted to do and when. They were asked about the type of activities they wanted to do and meals they liked. These were discussed with staff and during the home meetings.

Everyone was encouraged to join in activities and staff made sure no one was left out. People were encouraged to interact with each other rather than just staff.

There were weekly activity plans and an activities co-ordinator that visited the home five days per week. A relative said, "People do as they wish." The activities included 'What's on' headline news discussion, gentle exercise, hand massage, 'Remember when' sessions, pianist visits and classical music.

People were referred by local authorities and privately. Assessment information was provided by local authorities and sought for the private placements where possible. Information was also requested from previous placements and hospitals. This information was shared with the home's staff by the management team to identify if people's needs could initially be met. The home then carried out its own pre-admission needs assessments with the person and their relatives.

People and their families and other representatives were fully consulted and involved in the decision-making process before moving in. They were invited to visit as many times as they wished before deciding if they wanted to move in. During the course of these visits the manager and staff added to the assessment information.

Written information about the home and organisation was provided and there were regular reviews to check that the placement was working. A relative said, "We got plenty of information".

The home's pre-admission assessment formed the initial basis for care plans. The care plans were comprehensive and contained sections for all aspects of health and wellbeing. They included care and medical history, mobility, dementia, personal care, recreation and activities, last wishes and behavioural management strategy. They were focussed on the individual and contained people's 'Social and life histories'. These were live documents that were added to by people using the service and staff when new information became available. The information gave the home, staff and people using the service the opportunity to identify activities they may wish to do.

People's needs were regularly reviewed, re-assessed with them and their relatives and changed to meet their needs. The plans were individualised, person focused and developed by identified lead staff and people using the service.

People were encouraged to take ownership of the plans and contribute to them as much or as little as they wished. They agreed goals with staff that were reviewed and daily notes confirmed that identified activities had taken place.

Relatives told us they were aware of the complaints procedure and how to use it. The procedure was included in the information provided for them. There was a robust system for logging, recording and investigating complaints. Complaints made were acted upon and learnt from with care and support being adjusted accordingly.

People and their relatives were invited and encouraged to attend regular meetings to get their opinions. The meetings were minuted and people were supported to put their views forward including complaints or concerns. The information was monitored and compared with that previously available to identify that any required changes were made.

Is the service well-led?

Our findings

People were actively encouraged to make suggestions about the service and any improvements that could be made during our visit. There were regular minuted meetings that enabled everyone to voice their opinions.

Relatives told us there was an open door policy that made them feel comfortable in approaching the manager, staff and organisation. One person told us, “If we ask, we get a response.” A relative said, “People listen”. During our visit there was an open, listening culture with staff and the manager taking on board and acting upon people’s views.

The organisation’s vision and values were clearly set out. Staff we spoke with understood them and said they were explained during induction training and regularly revisited during staff meetings. The management and staff practices we saw reflected the vision and values as they went about their duties. People were treated equally, with compassion and staff did not talk down to them. Rather they listened.

There were clear lines of communication within the organisation and specific areas of responsibility and culpability. There was a whistle-blowing procedure that staff said they would be comfortable using. They were also aware of their duty to enable people using the service to make complaints or raise concerns.

Staff told us the support they received was excellent. They thought that the suggestions they made to improve the

service were listened to and given serious consideration by the home. They said they really enjoyed working at the home. A staff member said, “I really enjoy working here”. Another member of staff told us, “The training is good and we get support.”

Records showed that safeguarding alerts and accidents and incidents were fully investigated, documented and procedures followed correctly. This included hospital admissions where information was provided and people accompanied by staff. Our records told us that appropriate notifications were made to the Care Quality Commission in a timely way.

There was a robust quality assurance system that contained performance indicators, identified how the home was performing, any areas that required improvement and areas where the home was performing well. This enabled required improvements to be made. Instances of good care were recognised by ‘Dignity in care awards’ run by the provider where staff were nominated by people using the service.

The home used a range of methods to identify service quality. These included daily, weekly and monthly manager and staff audits that included, files maintenance, care plans, night reports, risk assessments, infection control, the building, equipment and medicine. There were also shift handovers that included information about each person.